INHIBITORS OF HISTONE DEACETYLASE

This application claims priority from U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/505884, filed on September 24, 2003, U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/532973, filed on December 29, 2003, and U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/561082, filed on April 9, 2004

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

[0001] This invention relates to the inhibition of histone deacetylase. More particularly, the invention relates to compounds and methods for inhibiting histone deacetylase enzymatic activity.

Summary of the Related Art

[0002] In eukaryotic cells, nuclear DNA associates with histones to form a compact complex called chromatin. The histones constitute a family of basic proteins which are generally highly conserved across eukaryotic species. The core histones, termed H2A, H2B, H3, and H4, associate to form a protein core. DNA winds around this protein core, with the basic amino acids of the histones interacting with the negatively charged phosphate groups of the DNA. Approximately 146 base pairs of DNA wrap around a histone core to make up a nucleosome particle, the repeating structural motif of chromatin.

[0003] Csordas, Biochem. J., 286: 23-38 (1990) teaches that histones are subject to posttranslational acetylation of the operation of the operation of Neterminal lysine residues, a reaction that is catalyzed by histone acetyl transferase (HAT1). Acetylation neutralizes the positive charge of the lysine side chain, and is thought to impact chromatin structure. Indeed, Taunton et al., Science, 272: 408-411 (1996), teaches that access of transcription factors to chromatin templates is enhanced by histone hyperacetylation. Taunton et al. further teaches that an enrichment in underacetylated histone H4 has been found in transcriptionally silent regions of the genome.

[0004] Histone acetylation is a reversible modification, with deacetylation being catalyzed by a family of enzymes termed histone deacetylases (HDACs). Grozinger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 96: 4868-4873 (1999), teaches that HDACs are divided into two classes, the first represented by yeast Rpd3-like proteins, and the second represented by yeast Hda1-like proteins. Grozinger et al. also teaches that the human HDAC1, HDAC2, and HDAC3 proteins are members of the first class of HDACs, and discloses new proteins, named HDAC4, HDAC5, and HDAC6, which are members of the second class of HDACs. Kao et al., Genes & Dev., 14: 55-66 (2000), discloses HDAC7, a new

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member of the second class of HDACs. More recently, Hu et al. J. Bio. Chem. **275**:15254-13264 (2000) and Van den Wyngaert, FEBS, **478**: 77-83 (2000) disclose HDACS, a new member of the first class of HDACS

[0005] Richon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 95: 3003-3007 (1998), discloses that HDAC activity is inhibited by trichostatin A (TSA), a natural product isolated from Streptomyces hygroscopicus, and by a synthetic compound, suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid (SAHA). Yoshida and Beppu, Exper. Cell. Res., 177: 122-131 (1988), teaches that TSA causes arrest of rat fibroblasts at the G_1 and G_2 phases of the cell cycle, implicating HDAC in cell cycle regulation. Indeed, Finnin et al., Nature, 401: 188-193 (1999), teaches that TSA and SAHA inhibit cell growth, induce terminal differentiation, and prevent the formation of tumors in mice. Suzuki et al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,174,905, EP 0847992, JP 258863/96, and Japanese Application No. 10138957, disclose benzamide derivatives that induce cell differentiation and inhibit HDAC. Delorme et al., WO 01/38322 and PCT/B01/00683, disclose additional compounds that serve as HDAC inhibitors.

[0006] The molecular cloning of gene sequences encoding proteins with HDAC activity has established the existence of a set of discrete HDAC enzyme isoforms. Some isoforms have been shown to possess specific functions, for example, it has been shown that HDAC-6 is involved in modulation of microtubule activity. However, the role of the other individual HDAC enzymes has remained unclear.

[0007] These findings suggest that inhibition of HDAC activity represents a novel approach for intervening in cell cycle regulation and that HDAC inhibitors have great therapeutic potential in the treatment of cell proliferative diseases or conditions. To date, few inhibitors of histone deacetylase are known in the art.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] Ortho-amino benzamides are known HDAC inhibitors. Substitutions at the ortho- and metapositions relative to the amino group are detrimental to the potency of the inhibitors; however, some small substituents such as -CH₃, -F, or -OCH₃ can be tolerated to a certain extent. We have now found that o-amino benzamide HDAC inhibitors having a much bigger but flat aromatic and heteroaromatic substituents such as phenyl, furyl, thienyl and the like para to the amino moiety are not only well tolerated but cause significant increase in HDAC inhibition activity. [0009] Accordingly, the present invention provides new compounds and methods for treating cell proliferative diseases. The invention provides new inhibitors of histone deacetylase enzymatic activity.

[0010] In a first aspect, the invention provides compounds that are useful as inhibitors of histone deacetylase.

[0011] In a second aspect, the invention provides a composition comprising an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to the invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.

[0012] In a third aspect, the invention provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting a cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibitor of histone deacetylase of the invention.

[0013] The foregoing merely summarizes certain aspects of the invention and is not intended to be limiting in nature. These aspects and other aspects and embodiments are described more fully below. All publications (patent or other) are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety; in the event of any conflict between these materials and the present specification, the present specification shall control.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

- [0014] The figures displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor according to the invention on human tumor xenografts *in vivo*, as described in Assay Example 2, *infra*.
- Fig. 1 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in hct116 human colorectal carcinoma cells using compound 6.
- Fig. 2 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in A549 human lung cancer using compound 29.
- Fig. 3 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in SW48 human colorectal cancer using comoound 29.
- Fig. 4 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in W48 human colorectal cancer using compound 67.
- Fig. 5 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in A549 human lung cancer using compound 258aa.
- Fig. 6 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in A549 human lung cancer using compound 43.

Fig. 7 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in A431 vulval carcinoma using compound 43.

Fig. 8 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in A431 vulval carcinoma using compound 258aa.

Fig. 9 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in hct116 human colorectal cancer using compound 258aa.

Fig. 10 displays antineoplastic effects of a histone deacetylase inhibitor in colo205 human colorectal cancer using compound 29.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0015] The invention provides compounds and methods for inhibiting histone deacetylase enzymatic activity. The invention also provides compositions and methods for treating cell proliferative diseases and conditions. The patent and scientific literature referred to herein establishes knowledge that is available to those with skill in the art. The issued patents, applications, and references that are cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. In the case of inconsistencies, the present disclosure will prevail.

[0016] For purposes of the present invention, the following definitions will be used (unless expressly stated otherwise):

[0017] As used herein, the terms "histone deacetylase" and "HDAC" are intended to refer to any one of a family of enzymes that remove acetyl groups from the ω-amino groups of lysine residues at the N-terminus of a histone. Unless otherwise indicated by context, the term "histone" is meant to refer to any histone protein, including H1, H2A, H2B, H3, H4, and H5, from any species. Preferred histone deacetylases include class I and class II enzymes. Preferably the histone deacetylase is a human HDAC, including, but not limited to, HDAC-1, HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, HDAC-9, HDAC-10, and HDAC-11. In some other preferred embodiments, the histone deacetylase is derived from a protozoal or fungal source.

[0018] The terms 'histone deacetylase inhibitor' and 'inhibitor of histone deacetylase' are used to identify a compound having a structure as defined herein, which is capable of interacting with a histone deacetylase and inhibiting its enzymatic activity. "Inhibiting histone deacetylase enzymatic activity" means reducing the ability of a histone deacetylase to remove an acetyl group from a histone. In some preferred embodiments, such reduction of histone deacetylase activity is at least

about 50%, more preferably at least about 75%, and still more preferably at least about 90%. In other preferred embodiments, histone deacetylase activity is reduced by at least 95% and more preferably by at least 99%.

[0019] Preferably, such inhibition is specific, i.e., the histone deacetylase inhibitor reduces the ability of a histone deacetylase to remove an acetyl group from a histone at a concentration that is lower than the concentration of the inhibitor that is required to produce another, unrelated biological effect. Preferably, the concentration of the inhibitor required for histone deacetylase inhibitory activity is at least 2-fold lower, more preferably at least 5-fold lower, even more preferably at least 10-fold lower, and most preferably at least 20-fold lower than the concentration required to produce an unrelated biological effect.

[0020] For simplicity, chemical moieties are defined and referred to throughout primarily as univalent chemical moieties (e.g., alkyl, aryl, etc.). Nevertheless, such terms are also used to convey corresponding multivalent moieties under the appropriate structural circumstances clear to those skilled in the art. For example, while an "alkyl" moiety generally refers to a monovalent radical (e.g. CH₃·CH₂·), in certain circumstances a bivalent linking moiety can be "alkyl," in which case those skilled in the art will understand the alkyl to be a divalent radical (e.g., ·CH₂·CH₂·), which is equivalent to the term "alkylene." (Similarly, in circumstances in which a divalent moiety is required and is stated as being "aryl," those skilled in the art will understand that the term "aryl" refers to the corresponding divalent moiety, arylene.) All atoms are understood to have their normal number of valences for bond formation (i.e., 4 for carbon, 3 for N, 2 for O, and 2, 4, or 6 for S, depending on the oxidation state of the S). On occasion a moiety may be defined, for example, as (A)₈-B₇, wherein a is 0 or 1. In such instances, when a is 0 the moiety is B- and when a is 1 the moiety is A-B.

[0021] For simplicity, reference to a " $C_n C_m$ " heterocyclyl or " $C_n C_m$ " heteroaryl means a heterocyclyl or heteroaryl having from "n" to "m" annular atoms, where "n" and "m" are integers. Thus, for example, a $C_5 C_6$ -heterocyclyl is a 5- or 6- membered ring having at least one heteroatom, and includes pyrrolidinyl (C_5) and piperidinyl (C_6); C_6 -hetoaryl includes, for example, pyridyl and pyrimidyl.

[0022] The term "hydrocarbyl" refers to a straight, branched, or cyclic alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl, each as defined herein. A "C₀" hydrocarbyl is used to refer to a covalent bond. Thus, "C₀-C₃-hydrocarbyl" includes a covalent bond, methyl, ethyl, ethenyl, ethynyl, propyl, propenyl, propynyl, and cyclopropyl.

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[0023] The term "alkyl" as employed herein refers to straight and branched chain aliphatic groups having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 1-8 carbon atoms, and more preferably 1-6 carbon atoms, which is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents. Preferred alkyl groups include, without limitation, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, and hexyl. A "Co" alkyl (as in "Co-Co-alkyl") is a covalent bond (like "Co" hydrocarbyl).

[0024] The term "alkenyl" as used herein means an unsaturated straight or branched chain aliphatic group with one or more carbon-carbon double bonds, having from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 2-8 carbon atoms, and more preferably 2-6 carbon atoms, which is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents. Preferred alkenyl groups include, without limitation, ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, pentenyl, and hexenyl.

[0025] The term "alkynyl" as used herein means an unsaturated straight or branched chain aliphatic group with one or more carbon-carbon triple bonds, having from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 2-8 carbon atoms, and more preferably 2-6 carbon atoms, which is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents. Preferred alkynyl groups include, without limitation, ethynyl, propynyl, butynyl, pentynyl, and hexynyl.

[0026] An "alkylene," "alkenylene," or "alkynylene" group is an alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl group, as defined hereinabove, that is positioned between and serves to connect two other chemical groups. Preferred alkylene groups include, without limitation, methylene, ethylene, propylene, and butylene. Preferred alkenylene groups include, without limitation, ethenylene, propenylene, and butenylene. Preferred alkynylene groups include, without limitation, ethynylene, propynylene, and butynylene.

[0027] The term "cycloalkyl" as employed herein includes saturated and partially unsaturated cyclic hydrocarbon groups having 3 to 12 carbons, preferably 3 to 8 carbons, and more preferably 3 to 6 carbons, wherein the cycloalkyl group additionally is optionally substituted. Preferred cycloalkyl groups include, without limitation, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cycloheptyl, and cyclooctyl.

[0028] The term "heteroalkyl" refers to an alkyl group, as defined hereinabove, wherein one or more carbon atoms in the chain are replaced by a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of O. S. and N.

[0029] An "aryl" group is a C_6C_{14} aromatic moiety comprising one to three aromatic rings, which is optionally substituted. Preferably, the aryl group is a C_6C_{10} aryl group. Preferred aryl groups include, without limitation, phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl, and fluorenyl. An "aralkyl" or "arylalkyl" group

comprises an aryl group covalently linked to an alkyl group, either of which may independently be optionally substituted or unsubstituted. Preferably, the aralkyl group is (C_1-C_6) alk (C_6-C_{10}) aryl, including, without limitation, benzyl, phenethyl, and naphthylmethyl.

[0030] A "heterocyclic" group (or "heterocyclyl) is an optionally substituted non-aromatic mono, bi-, or tricyclic structure having from about 3 to about 14 atoms, wherein one or more atoms are selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S. One ring of a bicyclic heterocycle or two rings of a tricyclic heterocycle may be aromatic, as in indan and 9,10-dihydro anthracene. The heterocyclic group is optionally substituted on carbon with oxo or with one of the substituents listed above. The heterocyclic group may also independently be substituted on nitrogen with alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylcarbonyl, arylsulfonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, or on sulfur with oxo or lower alkyl. Preferred heterocyclic groups include, without limitation, epoxy, aziridinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, thiazolidinyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolidinonyl, and morpholino. In certain preferred embodiments, the heterocyclic group is fused to an aryl, heteroaryl, or cycloalkyl group. Examples of such fused heterocycles include, without limitation, tetrahydroquinoline and dihydrobenzofuran. Specifically excluded from the scope of this term are compounds where an annular O or S atom is adjacent to another O or S atom.

[0031] In certain preferred embodiments, the heterocyclic group is a heteroaryl group. As used herein, the term "heteroaryl" refers to optionally substituted groups having 5 to 14 ring atoms, preferably 5, 6, 9, or 10 ring atoms; having 6, 10, or 14 pi electrons shared in a cyclic array; and having, in addition to carbon atoms, between one or more heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S. For example, a heteroaryl group may be pyrimidinyl, pyridinyl, benzimidazolyl, thienyl, benzothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and indolinyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups include, without limitation, thienyl, benzothienyl, furyl, benzofuryl, dibenzofuryl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, indolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, quinoxalinyl, tetrazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, and isoxazolyl.

[0032] A "heteroaralkyl" or "heteroarylalkyl" group comprises a heteroaryl group covalently linked to an alkyl group, either of which is independently optionally substituted or unsubstituted. Preferred heteroalkyl groups comprise a C₁C₆ alkyl group and a heteroaryl group having 5, 6, 9, or 10 ring atoms. Specifically excluded from the scope of this term are compounds having adjacent annular O and/or S atoms. Examples of preferred heteroaralkyl groups include pyridylmethyl, pyridylethyl, pyrrolylmethyl, piridylethyl, imidazolylmethyl, thiazolylmethyl, and thiazolylethyl.

[0033] An "arylene," "heteroarylene," or "heterocyclylene" group is an aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl group, as defined hereinabove, that is positioned between and serves to connect two other chemical groups.

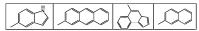
[0034] Preferred heterocyclyls and heteroaryls include, but are not limited to, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benzietrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazolinyl, carbazolyl, 4aHcarbazolyl, carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, decahydroguinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furazanyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolyl, 1Hindazolyl, indolenyl, indolinyl, indolizinyl, indolyl, 3H-indolyl, isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, methylenedioxyphenyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl, octahydroisoguinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxazolidinyl, pyrimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl, phthalazinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, piperonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-quinolizinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrazolyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienothiazolyl, thienocxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl, thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, and xanthenyl (hereinafter embodiment [00341).

[0035] As employed herein, when a moiety (e.g., cycloalkyl, hydrocarbyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, urea, etc.) is described as "optionally substituted" it is meant that the group optionally has from one to four, preferably from one to three, more preferably one or two, non-hydrogen substituents. Suitable substituents include, without limitation, halo, hydroxy, oxo (e.g., an annular -CH-substituted with oxo is -C(O)-) nitro, halohydrocarbyl, hydrocarbyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, acylamino, alkylcarbamoyl, arylcarbamoyl, aminoalkyl, acyl, carboxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkanesulfonyl, arenesulfonyl, alkanesulfonamido, arenesulfonyl, arkylcarbamoyl, acyloxy, cyano, and ureido groups. Preferred substituents, which are themselves not further substituted (unless expressly stated otherwise) are:

(a) halo, cyano, oxo, carboxy, formyl, nitro, amino, amidino, guanidino,

- (b) C₁-C₅ alkyl or alkenyl or arylalkyl imino, carbamoyl, azido, carboxamido, mercapto, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₁-C₈ alkenyl, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfinyl, arylalkylthio, arylthio, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfinyl, arylalkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfonyl, arylalkylsulfinyl, arylalkylsulfinyl, C₂-C₁₅ N,N-dialkylcarbamoyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl, aroyl, aryloxy, arylalkyl ether, aryl, aryl fused to a cycloalkyl or heterocycle or another aryl ring, C₃-C₇ heterocycle, C₅-C₁₅ heteroaryl or any of these rings fused or spiro-fused to a cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, or aryl, wherein each of the foregoing is further optionally substituted with one more moieties listed in (a), above; and
- (c) -(CH₂)_xNR³⁰R³¹, wherein s is from 0 (in which case the nitrogen is directly bonded to the moiety that is substituted) to 6, and R³⁰ and R³¹ are each independently hydrogen, cyano, oxo, carboxamido, amidino, C₁·C₈ hydroxyalkyl, C₁·C₃ alkylaryl, aryl·C₁·C₃ alkyl, C₁·C₈ alkylsulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aryl·C₁·C₃ alkoxycarbonyl, C₂·C₈ acyl, C₁·C₈ alkylsulfonyl, arylalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aroyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, or heteroaryl, wherein each of the foregoing is further optionally substituted with one more moieties listed in (a), above; or R³⁰ and R³¹ taken together with the N to which they are attached form a heterocyclyl or heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents from (a), above.

[0036] In addition, substituents on cyclic moieties (i.e., cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl) include 5-6 membered mono- and 9-14 membered bi-cyclic moieties fused to the parent cyclic moiety to form a bi- or tri-cyclic fused ring system. For example, an optionally substituted phenyl includes, but not limited to, the following:



[0037] A "halohydrocarbyl" is a hydrocarbyl moiety in which from one to all hydrogens have been replaced with one or more halo.

[0038] The term "halogen" or "halo" as employed herein refers to chlorine, bromine, fluorine, or iodine. As herein employed, the term "acyl" refers to an alkylcarbonyl or arylcarbonyl substituent. The term "acylamino" refers to an amide group attached at the nitrogen atom (i.e., R-CO-NH-). The term "carbamoyl" refers to an amide group attached at the carbonyl carbon atom (i.e., NH₂-CO-). The

nitrogen atom of an acylamino or carbamoyl substituent is additionally substituted. The term 'sulfonamido' refers to a sulfonamide substituent attached by either the sulfur or the nitrogen atom. The term 'amino' is meant to include NH₂, alkylamino, arylamino, and cyclic amino groups. The term 'ureido' as employed herein refers to a substituted or unsubstituted urea moiety.

[0039] The term "radical" as used herein means a chemical moiety comprising one or more unpaired electrons.

[0040] A moiety that is substituted is one in which one or more hydrogens have been independently replaced with another chemical substituent. As a non-limiting example, substituted phenyls include 2-flurophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl, 2-fluoro-3-propylphenyl. As another non-limiting example, substituted N-octyls include 2,4 dimethyl-5-ethyl-octyl and 3-cyclopentyl-octyl. Included within this definition are methylenes (-CH₂) substituted with oxygen to form carbonyl -CO-l.

[0041] An "unsubstituted" moiety as defined above (e.g., unsubstituted cycloalkyl, unsubstituted heteroaryl, etc.) means that moiety as defined above that does not have any of the optional substituents for which the definition of the moiety (above) otherwise provides. Thus, for example, while an "aryl" includes phenyl and phenyl substituted with a halo, "unsubstituted aryl" does not include phenyl substituted with a halo.

[0042] Throughout the specification preferred embodiments of one or more chemical substituents are identified. Also preferred are combinations of preferred embodiments. For example, paragraph embodiment [0055] describes preferred embodiments of Cy² in the compound of formula (1) and embodiment paragraph [0071] describes preferred embodiments of R² to R⁴ of the compound of formula (1). Thus, also contemplated as within the scope of the invention are compounds of formula (1) in which Cy² is as described in embodimentparagraph [0055] and Ay² and R¹ to R⁴ are as described in embodimentparagraph [0071].

[0043] Some compounds of the invention may have chiral centers and/or geometric isomeric centers (E- and Z- isomers), and it is to be understood that the invention encompasses all such optical, diastereoisomers and geometric isomers. The invention also comprises all tautomeric forms of the compounds disclosed herein.

[0044] The compounds of the invention may be administered in the form of an *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester or *in vivo* hydrolyzable amide. An *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester of a compound of the invention containing carboxy or hydroxy group is, for example, a pharmaceutically acceptable ester

which is hydrolyzed in the human or animal body to produce the parent acid or alcohol. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable esters for carboxy include $C_{1^{\circ}}$ -alkoxymethyl esters (e.g., methoxymethyl), $C_{1^{\circ}}$ -alkonoyloxymethyl esters (e.g., for example pivaloyloxymethyl), phthalidyl esters, $C_{3^{\circ}}$ -cycloalkoxycarbonyloxy $C_{1^{\circ}}$ -alkyl esters (e.g., 1-cyclohexylcarbonyloxyethyl); 1,3-dioxolen-2-onylmethyl esters (e.g., 5-methyl-1,3-dioxolen-2-onylmethyl; and $C_{1^{\circ}}$ -alkoxycarbonyloxyethyl esters (e.g., 1-methoxycarbonyloxyethyl) and may be formed at any carboxy group in the compounds of this invention.

[0045] An *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester of a compound of the invention containing a hydroxy group includes inorganic esters such as phosphate esters and a-acyloxyalkyl ethers and related compounds which as a result of the in vivo hydrolysis of the ester breakdown to give the parent hydroxy group. Examples of α -acyloxyalkyl ethers include acetoxymethoxy and 2,2-dimethylpropionyloxy-methoxy. A selection of in vivo hydrolyzable ester forming groups for hydroxy include alkanoyl, benzoyl, phenylacetyl and substituted benzoyl and phenylacetyl, alkoxycarbonyl (to give alkyl carbonate esters), dialkylcarbamoyl and N(N,N-dialkylaminoethyl)-N-alkylcarbamoyl (to give carbamates), <math>N,N-dialkylaminoacetyl and carboxyacetyl. Examples of substituents on benzoyl include morpholino and piperazino linked from a ring nitrogen atom via a methylene group to the 3- or 4- position of the benzoyl ring. A suitable value for an *in* vivo hydrolyzable amide of a compound of the invention containing a carboxy group is, for example, a $N-C_{1:G}$ -alkyl or $N,N-di-C_{1:G}$ -alkyl amide such as N-methyl, N-ethyl-N-methyl, N-ethyl-N-methyl or N,N-diethyl amide.

Compounds

[0046] In the first aspect, the invention comprises the histone deacetylase inhibitors of formula (1) (hereinafter embodiment [0046]):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

(1)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Ar² is a saturated or mono- or poly- unsaturated C₅·C₁₄·mono- or fused poly- cyclic hydrocarbyl, optionally containing one, two, three, or four annular heteroatoms per ring optionally

10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up)

- substituted with one or more groups selected from C_1 - C_7 -alkyl, hydroxy, C_1 - C_7 -alkoxy, halo, and amino, provided that an annular O or S is not adjacent to another annular O or S;
- R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_L-C₇-alkyl, aryl, and aralkyl:
- R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, $C_3 \cdot C_8 \cdot C_9 \cdot$
- a is 0 or 1:
- R^{L} is a mono-, bi-, or tri-cyclic aryl or heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted; Φ is -NH₂ or -OH and
- Y is any pharmaceutically acceptable chemical moiety consisting of 1 to 50 atoms; provided that
 - when R^1 is N-imidazolyl, R^2 - R^4 are H, q is 0, and Ar^2 is pyridine, Y is not CI; and when R^1 is p-aminophenyl, R^2 - R^4 are H, q is 0, and Ar^2 is phenyl, Y is not H.

[0047] The atoms that comprise the Y moiety are preferably those found in pharmaceuticals, including, but not limited to, H, C, N, O, S, F, Cl, Br, I, and P (hereinafter embdodiment [0047]). Numerous representative examples of Y are displayed in embdodiments paragraphs [0050] – [0088], [0098] – [0110], and [0115] – [0207]. Y moieties of the compounds of the present invention also can be found in the following publications (either per se or as part of a disclosed molecule): WO 03/024448, US 6,174,905, JP 11-269146 (1999), JP 11-302173 (1999), JP 2001131130, EP 0847992, JP 10152462, JP 2002332267, JP 11302173, and JP 2003137866. For example, in these publications many different Y moieties are readily identified in molecules of structure Y-Ar²-(CH=CH) $_3$ -C(O)-NH-Z, wherein Ar² is defined herein, a is 0 or 1, Z is –OH or aryl, and the Ar², –CH=CH-, and aryl moieties may be optionally substituted as suggested in the publication.

[0048] In a preferred embodiment of the compounds according to embodimentparagraph
[0046], R¹ is an aryl selected from phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl, and fluorenyl. In another preferred embodiment, R¹ is a heteroaryl selected from those recited in embodimentparagraph [0034]. Other preferred R¹ moieties include azolyls (e.g., thiazolyl, oxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, etc.), pyridyl,

and pyridinyl. More preferably, R1 is furanyl or thienyl. Such preferred embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment (00481).

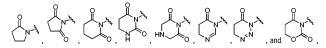
In a preferred embodiment of all the compounds of the invention, R², R³, and R⁴ are all [0049] hydrogen. Also preferred are compounds in which Φ is -NH₂ or -OH. Such preferred embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0049]).

[0050] In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of embodiments paragraphs [0046]. [0048], and [0049] (hereinafter embodiment [0050]), Y is Cv2-X1-, wherein

- Cy2 is hydrogen, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl, each of which is optionally substituted and each of which is optionally fused to one or two aryl or heteroaryl rings, or to one or two saturated or partially unsaturated cycloalkyl or heterocyclic rings, and wherein any of the aforementioned rings are optionally substituted; and
- X¹ is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, M¹-L²-M¹, and L²-M²-L² wherein
- L2, at each occurrence, is independently selected from the group consisting of a chemical bond, C₀-C₄-hydrocarbyl, C₀-C₄-hydrocarbyl-(NH)-C₀-C₄-hydrocarbyl, C₀-C₄-hydrocarbvl-(S)-C₀-C₄-hydrocarbyl, and C₀-C₄-hydrocarbyl-(0)-C₀-C₄-hydrocarbyl, provided that L² is not a chemical bond when X1 is M1-L2-M1:
- M¹, at each occurrence, is independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -N(R⁷)-, -S-, -S(0)-, S(0)₂-, -S(0)₂N(R⁷)-, -N(R⁷)-S(0)₂-, -C(0)-, -C(0)-NH-, -NH-C(0)-, -NH-C(0)-0-and -O-C(O)-NH-, -NH-C(O)-NH-,
- R7 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C1-C6-hydrocarbyl, aryl, aralkyl, acyl, C₀-C₆-hydrocarbyl-heterocyclyl, and C₀-C₆-hydrocarbyl-heteroaryl, wherein the hydrocarbyl moieties are optionally substituted with -OH, -NH₂, -N(H)CH₃, -N(CH₃)₂, or halo; and
- M² is selected from the group consisting of M¹, heteroarviene, and heterocyclylene, either of which rings optionally is substituted.
- In some preferred embodiments according to embodiment paragraph-[0050] (hereinafter [0051] collectively referred to as embodiment [0051]), the optional substituents of Cv2 are selected from C₁-C₇-alkyl, C₁-C₇-alkoxy, halo, di-C₁-C₇-alkylamino-C₁-C₇-alkoxy and heteroaryl.
- In some preferred embodiments according to embodimentparagraph [0050] (hereinafter [0052] collectively referred to as embodiment [0052]), X¹ is selected from the group consisting of a -N(Z)-C₀-C7-alkyl-, -O-C0-C7-alkyl-, -C(H)=CH-C0-C7-alkyl-, -S-C0-C7-alkyl-, or -C1-C7-alkyl-, wherein Z is -H or -C1-C7alkyl- optionally substituted with -OH, -NH2, or halo.

[0053] In some embodiments of the compounds according to embodimentparagraph [0050], X^1 is a chemical bond. In some embodiments, X^1 is $L^2 \cdot M^2 \cdot L^2$, and M^2 is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -N(CH₃)-, -S., -C(O)-N(H)-, and -O-C(O)-N(H)-. In some embodiments, X^1 is $L^2 \cdot M^2 \cdot L^2$, where at least one occurrence of L^2 is a chemical bond. In other embodiments, X^1 is $L^2 \cdot M^2 \cdot L^2$, where at least one occurrence of L^2 is alkylene, preferably methylene. In still other embodiments, X^1 is $L^2 \cdot M^2 \cdot L^2$, where at least one occurrence of L^2 is alkenylene. In some embodiments, X^1 is $M^1 \cdot L^2 \cdot M^1$ and M^1 is selected from the group consisting of -NH-, -N(CH₃)-, -S., and -C(O)-N(H)-. Preferred X^1 are selected from methylene, aminomethyl, and thiomethyl. Such preferred embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0053].

[0054] In some embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0050], Cy² is aryl or heteroaryl, e.g., phenyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, or quinolyl, each of which optionally is substituted. In some embodiments, Cy² is heterocyclyl, e.g.,



each of which optionally is substituted and optionally is fused to one or more aryl rings. In some embodiments, Cy² has from one and three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, amino, nitro, halo, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy. Examples of preferred substituents include methyl, methoxy, fluoro, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, nitro, amino, aminomethyl, and hydroxymethyl. Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0054].

[0055] In some preferred embodiments of the compounds according to embodimentparagraph [0050], Cy² is phenyl, pyrimidinyl, benzimidazolyl or benzothiazolyl, each optionally substituted with one to three CH₃O-, dimethylamnio-ethoxy, chloro, fluoro and pyridinyl. In a more preferred embodiment, Cy² is phenyl substituted with one to three CH₃O-, Such preferred embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0055]).

[0056] In some embodiments according to paragraph-embodiment [0046] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0056]), Y is (V*L*)-V+L*3-, wherein

L³ is a direct bond, -C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl, -(C₁-C₃-hydrocarbyl)_{m1}-X'-(C₁-C₃- hydrocarbyl)_{m2}, -NH-(C₀-C₃-hydrocarbyl), (C₁-C₃- hydrocarbyl), NH-, or -NH-(C₁-C₃- hydrocarbyl)-NH-;

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m1 and m2 are independently 0 or 1;

X' is -N(R21)-, -C(O)N(R21)-, N(R21)C(O)-, -O-, or -S-;

R21 is -H, V"-(C1-C6-hydrocarbyl)a;

L⁴ is (C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl)_a-M-(C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl)_b;

a and b are independently 0 or 1:

M is -NH-, -NHC(0)-, -C(0)NH-, -C(0)-, -SO₂-, -NHSO₂-, or -SO₂NH-

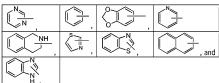
V, V', and V" are independently selected from cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl; t is 0 or 1.

[0057] In some embodiments according to paragraph-embodiment [0056] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0057]), Y is V4.3, wherein

L3 is -NH-CH- or -CH-NH-:

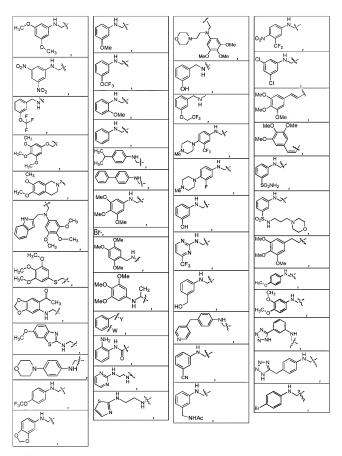
V is phenyl optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 moieties independently selected from halo, hydroxy, C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl, C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl-oxy or -thio (particularly methoxy or methylthio), wherein each of the hydrocarbyl moieties are optionally substituted with one or more moieties independently selected from halo, nitro, nitroso, formyl, acetyl, amino, sulfonamido, and cvano.

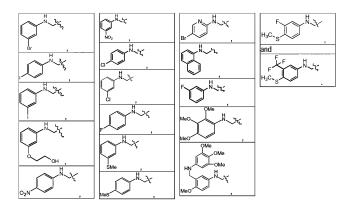
[0058] In some preferred embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0056] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0058]), V is an optionally substituted ring moiety selected from:



[0059] In another preferred embodiment of the compounds according to paragraph-embodiment [0046] (hereinafter embodiment [0059]), Y is selected from:,

10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up)





[0060] In other embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0046] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0060]).

X1 is selected from -CH2-, -NH-CH2-, and -S-CH2-; and

Cy² is monocyclic or fused bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from CH₃-, CH₃O-, phenyl optionally substituted with one to three CH₃O-, morphylinyl, morphylinylC₁-C₃-alkoxy, cyano, and CH₃C(O)NH-.

[0061] In other embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0046] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0061]),

X1 is selected from -OCH2, -CH2O-, -CH2-NH2, and -CH2S-; and

Cy² is monocyclic or fused bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from CH₃r, CH₃Or, phenyl optionally substituted with one to three CH₃Or, morphylinyl, morphylinylC₁rCralkoxy, cyano, and CH₃C(O)NH.

[0062] In one embodiment according to paragraph-embodiment [0060] (hereinafter embodiment [0062]), Cy^2 is phenyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, thienyl, tetrahydroquinozolinyl, or 1,3-dihydroquinazoline-2,4-dione, each optionally substituted with one to three CH_3O . More preferably, Cy^2 is phenyl substituted with one to three CH_3O .

[0063] In yet other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0046] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0063]).

- Cy² is cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl, each of which optionally is substituted, and each of which optionally is fused to one or more aryl or heteroaryl rings, or to one or more saturated or partially unsaturated cycloalkyl or heterocyclic rings, each of which rings optionally is substituted, provided that when Cy² is a cyclic moiety having -C(O), -C(S), -S(O), or -S(O)_Z in the ring, then Cy² is not additionally substituted with a group comprising an aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
- X^{l} is selected from the group consisting of a chemical bond, L^{3} , $W^{l}L^{3}$, $L^{3}.W^{l}$, $W^{l}L^{3}.W^{l}$, and $L^{3}.W^{l}L^{3}$, wherein
- W¹, at each occurrence, is S, O, or N(R⁹), where R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, and aralkyl; and
- L³ is C₁-C₄ alkylene, C₂-C₄ alkenylene, or C₂-C₄ alkynylene.

[0064] Preferably in the compounds according to paragraph-embodiment [0063] (hereinafter embodiment [0064]), X² is selected from the group consisting of L³, W¹-L³, L³-W¹, W¹-L³-W¹, and L³-W¹-L³.

[0065] In some embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph-embodiment [0063], X^i is a chemical bond. In other embodiments, X^i is a non-cyclic hydrocarbyl. In some such embodiments, X^i is alkylene, preferably methylene or ethylene. In other such embodiments, X^i is alkenylene. In still other such embodiments, one carbon in the hydrocarbyl chain is replaced with -NH-or -S-, and in others with a -O-. In some preferred embodiments, X^i is $W^i L^3 W^i$ and W^i is -NH- or -N(CH₃). Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0065].

[0066] In some embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph-embodiment [0063], Cy² is cycloalkyl, preferably cyclohexyl. In other embodiments, Cy² is aryl or heteroaryl, e.g., phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxadiazolyl, quinolyl, or fluorenyl, each of which optionally is substituted and optionally is fused to one or more aryl rings. In some embodiments, the cyclic moiety of Cy² is fused to a benzene ring. In some embodiments, Cy² has from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkloxy, aryl, aralkyl, amino, halo, haloalkyl, and hydroxyalkyl. Examples of preferred substituents include methyl, methoxy, fluoro, trifluoromethyl, amino, nitro, aminomethyl, hydroxymethyl, and phenyl. Some other preferred substituents have the formula Hc² N(H)(R¹⁰), wherein

K¹ is a chemical bond or C₁-C₄ alkylene:

 R^{10} is selected from the group consisting of Z' and -Ak²-Z', wherein $Ak^2 \ \text{is} \ C_1\text{-}C_4 \ \text{alkylene; and}$

Z' is cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl, each of which optionally is substituted, and each of which optionally is fused to one or more aryl or heteroaryl rings, or to one or more saturated or partially unsaturated cycloalkyl or heterocyclic rings.

Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0066].

[0067] Examples of such preferred substituents according to <u>paragraph embodiment [0066]</u> (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0067]) include

[0068] In some embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0063], cy^2 is heterocyclyl, e.g.,

each of which optionally is substituted and optionally is fused to one or more aryl rings. In some embodiments, the heterocycle of Cy² is fused to a benzene ring. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0068].</u>

[0069] In certain preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0069]) of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0046], Cy²-X¹. is collectively selected from the group consisting of

- a) $A_1L_1\cdot B_1, \text{ wherein } A_1 \text{ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted} \\ \text{heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein } L_1 \text{ is } -(CH_2)_{0:1} \text{NH}(CH_2)_{0:1} \\ \text{-NHC(O)-, or -NHCH}_2; \text{ and wherein } B_1 \text{ is phenyl or a covalent bond;} \\$
- A₂L₂B₂, wherein A₂ is CH₃(C=CH₂)-, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted alkyl, or optionally substituted aryl; wherein L₂ is -C=C; and wherein B₂ is a covalent bond:

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- A₃L₃B₃, wherein A₃ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₃ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₃ is –CH₂NH;
- d) A₄·L₄·B₄-, wherein A₄ is an optionally substituted aryl; wherein L₄ is -NHCH₂-; and wherein B₄ is a thienyl group:
- e) A_SL_S·B_S-, wherein A_S is an optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl: wherein L_S is a covalent bond: and wherein B_S is -SCH_S-:
- f) morpholinyl-CH₂-
- g) optionally substituted aryl;
- h) A₆-L₆-B₆, wherein A₆ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₆ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₆ is -NHCH₇:
- A₇L₇B₇, wherein A₇ is an optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₇ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₇ is -CH₂;
- j) optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl;
- k) A_B-L_B-B_B-, wherein A_B is optionally substituted phenyl; wherein L_B is a covalent bond: and wherein B_B is -O:
- A₉-L₉-B₉-, wherein A₉ is an optionally substituted aryl; wherein L₉ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₉ is a furan group;
- m) A₁₀-L₁₀-B₁₀-, wherein A₁₀ is an optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₀ is –CH(CH₂CH₃)-; and wherein B₁₀ is -NHCH₂;
- n) A₁₁-L₁₁-B₁₁-, wherein A₁₁ is an optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₁ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₁₁ is – OCH₂:
- A₁₂L₁₂B₁₂, wherein A₁₂ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₂ is-NHC(O); and wherein B₁₂ is -Ntoptionally substituted aryl)CH₂;
- A₁₃-L₁₃-B₁₃*, wherein A₁₃ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₃ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₁₃ is -NHC(O):

- q) A₁₄-L₁₄·B₁₄·, wherein A₁₄ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₄ is-NHC(O)(optionally substituted heteroaryl); and wherein B₁₄ is -S-S-;
- r) F₂CC(O)NH-:
- s) $A_{15}L_{15}B_{15}, \text{ wherein } A_{15} \text{ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted} \\ \text{heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein } L_{15} \text{ is-}(\text{CH}_2)_{0^-} \\ \text{ }_{1}\text{NH(optionally substituted heteroaryl)-; and wherein } B_{15} \text{ is } -\text{NHCH}_2; \end{aligned}$
- t) A₁₆·L₁₆·B₁₆, wherein A₁₆ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₆ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₁₆ is –N(optionally substituted alkyl)CH₂₇; and
- a) A₁₇L₁₇B₁₇, wherein A₁₇ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein L₁₇ is a covalent bond; and wherein B₁₇ is –(optionally substituted arvI-CH₂)₂N₂.

[0070] In another preferred embodiment (hereinafter embodiment [0070]) of the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0046], Cy²X¹- is collectively selected from the group consisting of

- a) D₁·E₁·F₁·, wherein D₁ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein E₁ is −CH₂· or a covalent bond; and wherein F₁ is a covalent bond;
- b) D₂E₂F₂, wherein D₂ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein E₂ is -NH(CH₂)_{0'2'}; and wherein F₂ is a covalent bond;
- c) $D_3E_3F_3$, wherein D_3 is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein E_3 is $\neg(CH_2)_{0'2}NH_1$; and wherein F_3 is a covalent bond;
- d) D₄E₄F₄-, wherein D₄ is an optionally substituted anyl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein E₄ is -S(CH₂)_{0-Z}; and wherein F₄ is a covalent bond:

- e) D₅·E₅·F₅·, wherein D₅ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein E₅ is –(CH₂)₀·₂S·; and wherein F₅ is a covalent bond; and
- f) D₆-E₆F₆, wherein D₆ is an optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; wherein E₆ is –NH(CH₂)₀-2NH; and wherein F₆ is a covalent bond.

[0071] In some embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0071]) according to paragraphs-embodiments [0046] and [0048]- [0063], R2 to R4 are independently hydrogen, -NH₂, nitro, furanyl, chloro, fluoro, butyl, trifluoromethyl, bromo, thienyl, phenyl, -CHCHC(O)-NH₂, -C=CCH₂R⁹ wherein R⁹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₇-alkyl, hydroxy, amino, or C₁-C₇-alkoxy. [0072] In some preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0072]) of the compound according to paragraphs embodiments [0046] and [0048]-[0071], q is 0 and X¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of -NH-CH₂, -S-CH₂ and -CH₂. [0073] In some preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0073]) of the compound according to paragraphs embodidments [0046] and [0048]-[0071], q is 0 and X1 is independently selected from the group consisting of -OCH2, -CH2O-, -CH2-NH2-, and -CH2S-. In some embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0074]) of the compound according to paragraphs embodiments [0046] and [0048]-[0072], the compound has Ar2 of formula

wherein G, at each occurrence, is independently N or C, and C is optionally substituted.

[0075] In some embodiments of the compounds according to paragraph-embodiment [0074], G at each occurrence is C(R⁸), wherein R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and C₁-C₇-alkyl. In some more preferred embodiments, G is -CH-. Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0075].

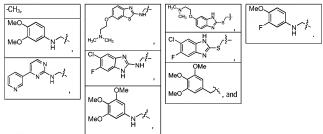
[0076] In some preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0076]), the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0074] are those wherein Ar² is selected from the group consisting of phenylene, benzofuranylene and indolinylene.

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[0077] In some preferred embodiments, Cy^2 is aryl or heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted. More preferably, Cy^2 is phenyl, pyrimidinyl, benzimidazolyl or benzothiazolyl, each of which is optionally substituted. Preferred substituents of Cy^2 are from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_7 -alkoyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkoy, halo, di- C_1 - C_7 -alkoya and heteroaryl. More preferably, the substituents of Cy^2 are selected from methyl, methoxy, fluoro, chloro, pyridinyl and dimethylamino-ethoxy. Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment 10077l.

[0078] In some preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0078]), the moiety formed by Cv²X¹ is selected from the following:



[0079] In a preferred embodiment, the compounds of paragraph embodiment [0050] are represented by the general formula (2) (hereinafter embodiment [0079]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R² and R³ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, trifluoromethyl, butyl, -(CH₂)₃-OH, chloro, fluoro, amino, phenyl, thienyl, furanyl, -CH=CHC(O)NH₂, -C=CCH₂-OH, -C=CCH₂-OCH₃: and

the A ring is optionally further substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from methyl, hydroxy, methoxy, halo, and amino.

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[0080] In some preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0080]), the compounds according to paragraph embodiment [0079] are those in which Cy² is selected from:

[0081] In other preferred embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0081]) of the compounds according to paragraphs-embodiments [0079] and [0080], the A ring is not further substituted.

[0082] In another preferred embodiment (hereinafter embodiment [0082]) of the compounds according to paragraphs embodiments [0079] - [0081], R² and R³ are both -H.

[0083] In another embodiment of this aspect, the invention comprises compounds of the general formula (3) (hereinafter embodiment [0083]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester or amide thereof; wherein: Φ is $-NH_2$ or -OH:

(3)

Ring A is a heterocyclyl, wherein if said heterocyclyl contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

R⁸ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C_{1'6'}alkyl, C_{2'6'} alkenyl, C_{2'6'}alkynlyl, C_{1'6'}alkoxy, C_{1'6'}alkanoyl, C_{1'6'}alkynlyl, N,N(C_{1'6'}alkynlyl), N,N(C_{1'6'}alkynlyl),

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- alkyl, or a group (B-E-); wherein R⁶, including group (B-E-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by J;
- W is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1:G}$ alkyl, $C_{2:G}$ alkenyl, $C_{2:G}$ alkynyl, $C_{1:G}$ alkoxy, $C_{1:G}$ alkynyl, $C_{$
- Y and Z are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1\%}$ -alkyl, $C_{2\%}$ -alkenyl, $C_{2\%}$ -alkynyl, $C_{1\%}$ -alkoxy, $C_{1\%}$ -alkanoyl, $C_{1\%}$ -alkanoyloxy, $N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)amino, $N,N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)amino, $C_{1\%}$ -alkanoylamino, $N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)aminoyl, $N,N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)amino, $N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)amino, $N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)amino, $N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)aminoyl, $N,N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)aminoyl, $N,N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)alkyl)aminoyl, $N,N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)alkyl)alphamoyl or $N,N(C_{1\%}$ -alkyl)alphamoyl;
- G, J and K are independently selected from C₁-galkyl, C₁-galkenyl, C₁-galkanoyl, C₁-galkanoyl, C₁-galkanoyl, C₁-galkanoyl, C₁-galkyl), carbamoyl, N,N(C₁-galkyl), carbamoyl, N,N(C₁-galkyl), carbamoyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzoyl, phenylsulphonyl, aryl, arylC₁-galkyl or (heterocyclic group)C₁-galkyl; wherein G, J, and K are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by hydrogen or C₁₆alkyl;
- Q is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl, $C_{2^{c_0}}$ alkeyl), $C_{2^{c_0}}$ alkynyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxy, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkanoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkanoyloxy, $N(C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl)amino, $N(C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl) $C_{2^{c_0}}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl)sulphamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxycarbonyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl)sulphamoyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl) $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl), aryl $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group) $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxy, or a group $C_{1^{c_0}}$ 3, wherein $C_{1^{c_0}}$ 3, wherein $C_{1^{c_0}}$ 4, wherein $C_{1^{c_0}}$ 4, is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more $C_{1^{c_0}}$ 5.

- B, B' and B" are independently selected from C_{1.6} alkyl, C_{2.6} alkenyl, C_{2.6} alkynyl, C_{3.8} cycloalkyl, C_{3.8} cycloalkyl, C_{1.6} alkyl, aryl, arylC_{1.6} alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C_{1.6} alkyl, phenyl or phenylC_{1.6} alkyl; wherein B, B' and B" is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more D; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from G:
- E, E' and E" are independently selected from -N(R^a)-, -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)O-, -N(R^a)-, -N(R^a)C(O)N(R^a)-, -N(R^a)SO₂- wherein R^a and R^b are independently selected from hydrogen or C_{1:6}-alkyl optionally substituted by one or more F and r is O-2:
- D and F are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alky1, $C_{2^{\circ}c}$ alkenyl, $C_{2^{\circ}c}$ alkynyl, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkoxy, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkanoyl, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkynyl, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkynyl, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkoxy, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkynoyl, $C_{1^{\circ}c}$ alkyl) $C_{2^{\circ}c}$ alkyl) $C_{2^{\circ}c}$
- m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; wherein the values of R^5 may be the same or different; R^6 is halo:
- n is 0, 1 or 2; wherein the values of R^6 may be the same or different; and R^1 . R^2 . R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in embodiments argraph [0046].

[0084] Particular values of Ring A, R⁵, R⁶, m, and n (hereinafter embodiment [0084]) include the followine:

Ring A:

- (a) pyridyl, quinolyl, indolyl, pyrimidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyradazinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyridinyl, purinyl, triazinyl, oxazolyl, pyrazolyl, or furanyl; wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from K:
- (b) pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, quinolin-8-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-5-yl, pyrimidin-4-yl, morpholin-4-yl, piperidin-4-yl, piperidin-3-yl, piperdin-2-yl, piperazin-4-yl, pyridazin-5-yl, pyrazin-6-yl, thian-2-yl, thien-[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2b]p

- Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from K:
- (c) pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrimidyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyradazinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazyl or furanyl;
- (d) pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, quinoline-8-yl, pyradizin-2-yl, furan-3-yl, morpholinyl, thiazol-2-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, piperidin-4-yl or piperazin-4-yl; and
- (e) pyridine-4-yl, pyridine-3-yl, quinoline-8-yl, piperidin-4-yl or piperazin-4-yl.

R5:

- (a) a substituent on carbon and is selected from halo, amino, C_{1'6'}alkyl, C_{1'6'}alkoxy, Nł(C_{1'6'}alkyl)amino, aryl, aryloxy, arylC_{1'6'}alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C_{1'6'}alkyl, or a group (B-E-); wherein R⁵, including group (B-E-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by J;
 - W is hydroxy, mercapto, C_{1'6'}alkyl, C_{1'6'}alkoxy, N,N{C_{1'6'}alkyl}₂amino or a group (B'E'-); wherein W, including group (B'E'-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Y;
 - Y and Z are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxy, $N_iN_i(C_{1:6}$ -alkyl)₂-amino or $C_{1:6}$ -alkanoylamino;
 - G, J, and K are independently selected from C₁-g-alkyl, C₂-g-alkenyl, C₁-g-alkanoyl, aryl, arylC₁-g-alkyl or (heterocyclic group)C₁-g-alkyl; wherein G, J and K are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by hydrogen or C₁-g-alkyl;
 - Q is cyano, hydroxy, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxy, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxy, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxycarbonyl, $C_{1^{c_0}}$ alkoxycarbonylamino, aryl, aryloxy or a group (B"-E"-); wherein Q, including group (B"-E"-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Z;
 - B, B' and B" are independently selected from C_{1'6}-alkyl, C_{2'6}-alkenyl, C_{2'6}-alkynyl, C_{3'8}-cycloalkyl, C_{3'8}-cycloalkylC_{1'6}-alkyl, aryl, arylC_{1'6}-alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C_{1'6}-alkyl, phenyl or phenylC_{1'6}-alkyl; wherein B, B' and B" are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more D; and wherein if said

- heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from G:
- E, E' and E" are independently selected from -N(R³), -O, -C(O)O, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -N(R³)C(O)-, -N(R³)C(O)N(R³)-, -N(R³)C(O)O-, -OC(O)N(R³)-, -C(O)N(R³)-, -S(O)-, -SO_2N(R³)-, -N(R³)SO_2-, wherein R³ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen or $C_{1:S}$ alkyl optionally substituted by one or more F and r is 0-2;
- D and F are independently selected from halo, C_{1°6}·alkoxy or N,N\C_{1°6}·alkoxy or N,\C\C_1°6</sub>·alkoxy or N,\C\C_1
- (b) a substituent on carbon and is selected from fluoro, chloro, amino, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, Mmethylamino, Methylamino, Mpropylamino, Mbutylamino, phenyl, naphthylethyl, piperizin-4-yl, piperidin-1-yl, piperdin-4-yl, 2-(thiomethyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl, tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl, tetrahydropyran-2-ylmethyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-ylethyl, piperidin-1-ylmethyl, pyridin-2-ylmethyl, or a group (B-B-); wherein R⁵, including group (B-E-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by J;
 - W is hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, ethoxy, N,N(diethyl)amino, N,N(dibutyl)amino, or a group (B'-E'-); wherein W, including group (B'-E'-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Y:
 - Y and Z are independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, cyano hydroxy, methoxy, N,N(dimethyl)amino or methylcarbonylamino;
 - G, J and K are independently selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, pentyl, 2-methylbutyl, butyl, acetyl, benzyl, 3{pyrrol-1-yllpropyl or pyrrolidin-2-one{5S}-methyl; wherein G, J and K are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by hydrogen or methyl;
 - Q is cyano, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, methylcarbonyloxy, methoxycarbonyl, tbutoxycarbonlyamino, phenyl or a group (B"-E"-); wherein Q, including group (B"-E"-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Z:
 - B, B' and B" are independently selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, benzyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-

- morpholinoethyl, 2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 3-(4methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-piperidin-1-ylethyl, 3-piperidin-1-ylpropyl, pyridin-3-ylmethyl or imidazol-1-ylpropyl; wherein B, B' and B" are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more D; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from G;
- E, E' and E" are independently selected from -N(R^a), -O-, -C(O)-, -NHC(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)O-; wherein R^a is hydrogen or methyl optionally substituted by one or more F:
- D and F are independently selected from fluoro, methoxy or ethoxy;
- (c) fluoro, chloro, amino, methyl, methoxy, 3-morpholin-4-ylpropylamino, (3-morpholin-4-vl)ethylamino, acetyl, benzyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, 2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethoxy, 3morpholinopropoxy, N(2-fluorophenyl)propanamide, 4-(diethylamino)phenylcarbonylmethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propylamino, 2piperidin-1-ylethylamino, 2-[N,N-(diethyl)amino-ethylamino, pyridin-3-ylmethylamino, 3-piperidin-1-ylpropylamino, imidazol-1-ylpropylamino, 3-methoxypropylamino, 3morpholinopropylamino, piperazin-1-vl. N-ethylamino, 4-methylpiperazin-1-vl. 1-(3phenoxy)propyl, 1-(3-cyanophenyl)methyl, 1-(4-cyanophenyl)methyl, tetrahydrofuran-2-vlmethyl, 1-(3-benzyloxy)propyl, 3-methoxybenzyl, 2,3dihydroxypropyl, 2-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethyl, 3-(pyrrol-1-yl)propyl, 1-[3-(2methoxyethoxy)lpropyl, 2-(4-acetamidophenyoxy)ethyl, 2-(tbutoxycarbonylamino)ethyl, 2-(t-butoxycarbonylamino)propyl, 2-[(2methoxyphenyl)oxy)ethyl, (1,2,3,4-tetrahydroguinolin-1-yl)acetyl, 2-IN-(2fluorophenyl)vlacetamidelethyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, 2-(ethoxy)ethyl, 4methylpent-3-envl. tetrahydropyran-2-vlmethyl, 1-(2S)-2-methylbutyl, 4-(benzyloxy)butyl, 2-[4-(nitro)phenoxy)}ethyl, 2-[N.N-(dibutyl)amino]ethylamino, 3-[(Nmethyl-N-phenyl)aminolpropylamino, N-3-[2-(dimethylamino)ethoxylpropylamino, 2-[4-(acetamido)phenoxylethyl, 2-[4-(hydroxyphenoxy)]ethyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazol-3vlethyl, piperdin-1-vlmethyl, 2-[4-(chloro)phenoxylethyl, pyrrolidin-2-one-(5S)-methyl, phenylaminocarbonyloxymethyl, cyclohexylaminocarbonyloxymethyl, 2-(thiomethyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl or pyridin-2-ylmethyl;

- (d) halo, amino, C₁-galkyl, C₁-galkoxy, C₁-galkanoyloxy, M(C₁-galkyl)amino, N,N(C₁-galkyl)₂axnino, C₁-galkyl)₂axnino, C₁-galkyl)₂arbamoyl, N,N(C₁-galkyl)₂carbamoyl;
- (e) halo, amino, C1-6-alkyl or C1-6-alkoxy; and
- (f) halo, amino, methyl or methoxy.

m:

- (a) 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; wherein the values of R⁵ may be the same or different:
- (b) 0, 1, or 2; wherein the values of R⁵ may be the same or different;
- (c) 0 or 1;
- (d) 0; and
- (e) 1.

R6.

- (a) halo:
- (b) fluoro or chloro; and
- (c) fluoro.

n:

- (a) 0, 1 or 2, wherein the values of R⁶ may be the same or different:
- (b) 0 or 1;
- (c) 0: and
- (d) 1.

[0085] Other embodiments (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0085]) of the compound according to earagraph embodiment [0083], include those in which:

Ring A is a heterocyclyl;

R⁸ is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁-galkyl, C₂-galkenyl, C₂-galkynyl, C₁-galkoxy, C₁-galkoxyl, C₁-galkoxyl, C₁-galkoxyl, C₁-galkoxyl, C₁-galkoxyl, C₁-galkoxyl, C₁-galkyl)₂-galkoxyl, C₁-galkyl)₂-galkoxyl, C₁-galkyl)₂-galkyl)₂-galkylyl)₂-galkylyl, wherein a is 0 to 2, C₁-galkoxycarbonyl, N,C₁-galkyl)₂-galkoxyl, C₁-galkylyl, C₁-galkylyl, C₂-galkoxyl, C₃-galkoxyl, C₃-galkoxyl, C₃-galkyl, C₃-g

- contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from G:
- E is -N(R^a)-, -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)-, -C(O)N(R^a)-, -S(O)_r-, -SO₂N(R^a)-, -N(R^a)SO₂- wherein R^a is hydrogen or $C_{1:\overline{v}}$ -alky1 optionally substituted by one or more D and r is O-2:
- D is independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl, $C_{2^{c_6}}$ alkenyl, $C_{2^{c_6}}$ alkynyl, $C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkynyl, $C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkanoyl, $C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkanoyloxy, $N(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkanoylamino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)amino, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)aminoyl, $N_i(C_{1^{c_6}}$ alkyl)aminoyl,
- G is selected from C₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄-alkanoyl, C₁₋₄-alkylsulphonyl, C₁₋₄-alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, M(C₁₋₄-alkyl)carbamoyl, N,M(C₁₋₄-alkyl)carbamoyl, benzyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzyl and phenylsulphonyl;
- m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; wherein the values of R^5 are the same or different; R^6 is halo; and
- n is 0, 1 or 2; wherein the values of R⁶ can be the same or different.

[0086] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0083] (hereinafter embodiment [0086]).

- Ring A is a pyridyl, quinolyl, indolyl, pyrimidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyradazinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyridinyl, purinyl, triazinyl, oxazolyl, pyrazolyl, or furanyl; wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from K;
- R⁵ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from halo, amino, C_{1'6'} alkyl, C_{1'6'} alkyxy, M(C_{1'6'} alkyl)amino, aryl, aryloxy, arylC_{1'6'} alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C_{1'6'} alkyl, or a group (B-E-); wherein R⁵, including group (B-E-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by J;
 - W is hydroxy, mercapto, C_{1:5}-alkyl, C_{1:5}-alkyv, N,N4C_{1:5}-alkyl)₂amino or a group (B'-E'-); wherein W, including group (B'-E'-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Y:

- Y and Z are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, C_{1.6}-alkoxy, N,N(C₁-6-alkyl)₂-amino or C_{1.6}-alkanoylamino;
- G, J and K are independently selected from C₁-g-alkyl, C₂-g-alkenyl, C₁-g-alkanoyl, aryl, arylC₁-g-alkyl or (heterocyclic group)C₁-g-alkyl; wherein G, J and K are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an –NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by hydrogen or C₁-g-alkyl:
- Q is cyano, hydroxy, $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxy, $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxyoloxy, $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxycarbonyl, $C_{1:6}$ alkoxycarbonylamino, aryl, aryloxy or a group (B"-E"-); wherein Q, including group (B"-E"-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Z;
- B, B' and B" are independently selected from C_{1'6}-alkyl, C_{2'6}-alkynyl, C_{2'6}-alkynyl, C_{3'8} cycloalkyl, C_{3'8}-cycloalkylC_{1'6}-alkyl, aryl, arylC_{1'6}-alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C_{1'6}-alkyl, phenyl or phenylC_{1'6}-alkyl; wherein B, B' and B" are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more D; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from G:
- E, E' and E" are independently selected from -N(R*), -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -S(O)-, -S(O)-
- D and F are independently selected from halo, $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxy or $N_rNtC_{1:6}$ -alky) $_2$ amino; m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; wherein the values of R^5 are the same or different; R^6 is fluoro or chloro; and
- n is 0, 1 or 2, wherein the values of R⁶ are the same or different;
- [0087] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0083] (hereinafter embodiment [0087]),
 - Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyriclin-2-yl, quinolin-8-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, piperazin-4-yl, pyridazin-5-yl, pyrazin-6-yl, thiazol-2-yl, thien-2-yl, thieno[3,2d]pyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, purin-6-yl or triazin-6-yl; wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

- R⁵ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from fluoro, chloro, amino, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N-propylamino, N-butylamino, phenyl, naphthylethyl, piperazin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, piperidin-4-yl, 2-(thiomethyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl, tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl, tetrahydropyran-2-ylmethyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-ylethyl, piperidin-1-ylmethyl, pyridin-2-ylmethyl, or a group (B-B-); wherein R⁵, including group (B-B-), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by J;
 - W is hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, ethoxy, N,N(diethyl)amino, N,N(dibutyl)amino, or a group (B'-E'); wherein W, including group (B'-E'), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Y:
 - Y and Z are independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, methoxy, N,N(dimethyl)amino or methylcarbonylamino:
 - G, J and K are independently selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, pentyl, 2-methylbutyl, butyl, acetyl, benzyl, 3-(pyrrol-1-yl)propyl or pyrrolidin-2-one-(5S)-methyl; wherein G, J and K are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by hydrogen or methyl:
 - Q is cyano, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, methylcarbonyloxy, methoxycarbonyl, t butoxycarbonylamino, phenyl or a group (B".E".); wherein Q, including group (B".E".), is optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Z;
 - B, B' and B" are independently selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, benzyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-piperidin-1-ylethyl, 3-piperidin-1-ylpropyl, pyridin-3-ylmethyl or imidazol-1-ylpropyl; wherein B, B' and B" are optionally substituted on carbon by one or more D; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen is optionally substituted by a group selected from G:
 - E, E' and E" are independently selected from -N(R*)-, -O-, -C(O)-, -NHC(O)-, -N(R*)C(O)O; wherein R* is hydrogen or methyl optionally substituted by one or more F;
 D and F are independently selected from fluoro, methoxy or ethoxy;
- m is 0, 1, or 2; wherein the values of R⁵ are the same or different;

R⁶ is fluoro; and n is 0 or 1.

[0088] In the embodiments of the compounds according to paragraphs-embodiments [0083] and [0085] – [0087], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in paragraphs-embodiments [0048] and [0049]. In other preferred embodiments, the compounds according to paragraph-embodiment [0083] are the compounds of Tables 1-8 and 13 of WO 03/087057 modified by replacing the terminal mojety:

with

wherein Φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with paragraphs_embodiment [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred</u> to as embodiment [0088].

[0089] The definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0090] - [0097] apply to \mathbb{R}^5 and \mathbb{R}^6 in embodimentparagraphs [0083] – [0088] and supplement the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0020] – [0042]. To the extent there are any inconsistencies between the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0020] – [0042] and in embodimentparagraphs [0090] – [0097], the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0090] – [0097] shall take precedence for the compounds of embodimentparagraphs [0083] – [0088] only.

[0090] "Alkyl" includes both straight and branched chain alkyl groups. For example, "C_{1'8'}alkyl" and "C_{1'8'}alkyl" includes methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, pentyl, heptyl, and t-butyl. However, references to individual alkyl groups such as 'propyl' are specific for the straight-chained version only and references to individual branched chain alkyl groups such as 'isopropyl' are specific for the branched chain version only.

[0091] The term "halo" refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo.

[0092] Where optional substituents are chosen from "one or more" groups it is to be understood that this definition includes all substituents being chosen from one of the specified groups or the substituents being chosen from two or more of the specified groups.

A "heterocyclyl" is a saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated, mono or bicyclic ring containing 3-12 atoms of which at least one atom is chosen from nitrogen, sulphur or oxygen, which may, unless otherwise specified, be carbon or nitrogen linked, wherein a ring sulphur atom is optionally oxidized to form the S-oxide(s). Preferably a "heterocyclyl" is a saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated, monocyclic ring containing 5 or 6 atoms of which at least one atom is chosen from nitrogen, sulphur or oxygen or a 8-10 membered bicyclic ring which may, unless otherwise specified, be carbon or nitrogen linked, wherein a ring sulphur atom is optionally oxidized to form S-oxide(s). Examples and suitable values of the term "heterocyclyl" are thiazolidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, 1,3-benzodioxolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 2-azabicyclo[2,2,1]heptyl, morpholinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl, tetrahydropyranyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, thiomorpholinyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, homopiperazinyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, oxadiazolyl, tetrazolyl, oxazolyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyridinyl, thieno{3,2d]pyrimidinyl, 1,3,5-triazinyl, purinyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroguinolinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothienyl, benzofuranyl, indazolyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, napthyridinyl, benzotriazolyl, pyrrolothienyl, imidazothienyl, isoxazolyl, imidazolyl, thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, pyranyl, indolyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, quinazolinyl, and 1-isoquinolinyl.

[0094] A "heterocyclic group" is a saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated, mono or bicyclic ring containing 3-12 atoms of which at least one atom is chosen from nitrogen, sulphur or oxygen, which may, unless otherwise specified, be carbon or nitrogen linked, wherein a CH₂ group is optionally replaced by a C(0), and wherein a ring sulphur atom is optionally oxidized to form the S-oxide(s). Preferably a "heterocyclic group" is a saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated, monocyclic ring containing 5 or 6 atoms of which at least one atom is chosen from nitrogen, sulphur or oxygen or a 9 or 10 membered bicyclic ring which may, unless otherwise specified, be carbon or nitrogen linked, wherein a CH₂ group is optionally replaced by a C(0), and wherein a ring sulphur atom is optionally oxidized to form S-oxide(s). Examples and suitable values of the term "heterocyclic group" are pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidonyl 2,5-dioxopyrrolidinyl, 2,4-dioxoimidazolidinyl, 2-oxo-1,3,4-triazolinyl, oxazolidinyl, 2-oxazolidonyl, 5,6-dihydro-uracilyl, 1,3-benzodioxolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 2-azabicyclo(2,2,1)heptyl, morpholinyl, 2-oxotetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, furanyl,

tetrahydropyranyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, thiomorpholinyl, 1,1-dioxothiomorpholinyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, homopiperazinyl, thiophenyl, thienopyridinyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2d]pyrimidinyl, 1,3,5-triazinyl, purinyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, indazolyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, napthyridinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrrolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, pyrranyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, pyrazolyl, 3-pyrrolinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyridinyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidonyl and 1-isoquinolinyl.

[0095] An "aryl" group is, for example, phenyl, indenyl, indanyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl or fluorenyl, preferably phenyl.

An example of "C₁₋₆-alkanovloxy" is acetoxy. Examples of "C₁₋₈-alkoxycarbonyl", "C₁₋₆-[0096] alkoxycarbonyl" and C1-4-alkoxycarbonyl include methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, N- and tbutoxycarbonyl. Examples of C_{2.6}-alkynyl are ethynyl and 2-propynyl. Examples of "C_{1.6}-alkoxy" include methoxy, ethoxy and propoxy. Examples of "C₁₋₆-alkanoylamino" and C₁₋₃-alkanoylamino include formamido, acetamido and propionylamino. Examples of "C1-6-alkylS(O)a wherein a is 0 to 2" include C1-6-alky1sulphonyl, C1-3-alkylS(O)a, methylthio, ethylthio, methylsulphinyl, ethylsulphinyl, mesyl and ethylsuiphonyl. Examples of "C₁₋₃-alkanoyl", "C₁₋₆-alkanoyl" and C₁₋₄-alkanoyl include C₁₋₃-alkanoyl, propionyl and acetyl. Examples of "N-C_{1'6}-alkylamino" and N-(C_{1'3}-alkyl)amino include methylamino and ethylamino. Examples of "N,N(C₁₋₆-alkyl)₂amino" and N,N(C₁₋₂-alkyl)₂amino include di-N-methylamino, di-(N-ethyl)amino, di-(N-butyl)amino and N-ethyl-N-methylamino. Examples of "Czzaalkenyl" are C1-6alkenyl and C23-alkenyl, and include vinyl, allyl, and 1-propenyl. Examples of "N(C1-3-alkyl)sulphamoyl" and "N-(Ci₅alkyl)sulphamoyl" are N-(C1-3-alkyl)sulphamoyl, N-(methyl)sulphamoyl and N-(ethyl)sulphamoyl. Examples of "N-(C1-6-alkyl)2sulphamoyl" are N,N-(C1-3-alkyl)2sulphamoyl. N.N-(dimethyl)sulphamovl and N-(methyl)-N-(ethyl)sulphamovl. Examples of "N-(C₁₋₈-alkyl)carbamovl" and "N-(C₁₋₆-alkyl)carbamoyl" are N(C₁₋₄-alkyl)carbamoyl, N(C₁₋₂-alkyl)carbamoyl, methylaminocarbonyl, and ethylaminocarbonyl. Examples of "N,N(C₁₋₈-alkyl)₂carbamoyl" and "N,N(C₁₋₆-alky1)₂carbamoyl" are N,N-(C₁₋₄-alkyl)₂carbamoyl, N,N-(C₁₋₂-alkyl)₂carbamoyl, dimethylaminocarbonyl and methylethylaminocarbonyl. Examples of "(heterocyclic group)C₁₋₆-alkyl" include piperidin-1-ylmethyl. piperidin-1-ylethyl, piperdin-1-ylpropyl, pyridylmethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-morpholinoethyl and 2pyrimid-2-ylethyl. Examples of "(heterocyclic group)C₁₇₆-alkoxy" include (heterocyclic group)methoxy. (heterocyclic group)ethoxy and (heterocyclic group)propoxy. Examples of "arylC₁₋₆-alkyl" include benzyl, 2-phenylpropyl and 3-phenylpropyl, Examples of "aryloxy" include phenoxy and

naphthyloxy. Examples of " $C_{3\%}$ -cycloalkyl" include cyclopropyl and cyclohexyl. Examples of " $C_{3\%}$ -cycloalkyl $C_{1\%}$ -alkyl" include cyclopropylmethyl and 2-cyclohexylpropyl. Examples of " $C_{1\%}$ -alkoxycarbonylamino" include methoxycarbonylamino and t-butoxycarbonylamino.

[0097] Composite terms are used to describe groups comprising more than one functionality such as $ary|C_{1:c}$ -alkyl. Such terms are to be interpreted as is understood by a person skilled in the art. For example $ary|C_{1:c}$ -alkyl comprises $C_{1:c}$ -alkyl substituted by aryl and such a group includes benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, 2-phenylpropyl and 3-phenylpropyl.

[0098] In another embodiment of this aspect, the invention comprises compounds of the following general formula (4) (hereinafter embodiment [0098]):

the N-oxide forms, the pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts and the stereo-chemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

(4)

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH:

n is 0.1, 2 or 3, wherein when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended:

t is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, wherein when t is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

Q, X, Y, and Z are independently N or CH;

R¹ is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046].

 R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in embodiment paragraph [0046];

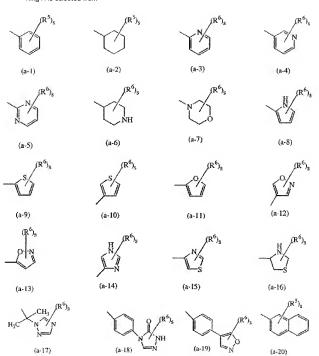
R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1°6} alkyl, C_{1°6} alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C_{1°6} alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino and naphthalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;

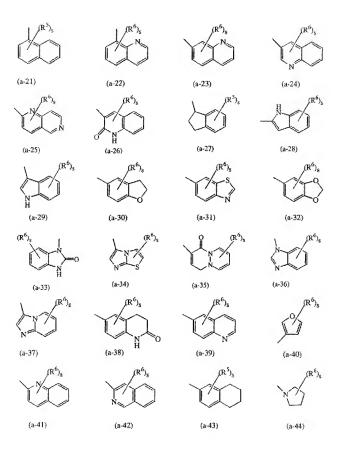
-L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C_{1'6}-alkanediyl, amino, carbonyl and aminocarbonyl;

each R^{13} is a hydrogen atom, wherein when t is 2, 3, or 4 one of the R^{13} is optionally aryl; R^{14} is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxy $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, amino $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, hydroxyarbonyl $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, hydroxyarbonyl, $C_{1:6}$ alkyl or di $(C_{1:6}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1:6}$ alkyl; or di $(C_{1:6}$ alkyl)amino $(C_{1:6}$ alkyl; or di $(C_{1:6}$ alky

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Ring A is selected from





$$(a.45) \qquad (a.46) \qquad (a.47) \qquad (a.48)$$

$$(a.49) \qquad (a.50) \qquad (a.50) \qquad (a.51)$$

wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆₋ alkyl: trihaloC1-galkyloxy: C1-galkyl: C1-galkyl substituted with arvl and C3-10-cycloalkyl: C1s-alkyloxy; C1-s-alkyloxyC1-s-alkyloxy; C1-s-alkylcarbonyl; C1-s-alkyloxycarbonyl; C1-salkylsulfonyl; cyanoC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; (arvl)(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino: di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkylamino: di(C1-6-alkvl)aminoC1-6-alkvlaminoC1-6-alkvl: arvIsulfonvl: arvIsulfonvlamino: arvIoxv: arvloxvC1-alkvl: arvlC2-alkenedivl: di(C1-alkvl)amino: di(C1-alkvl)aminoC1-alkvl: di(C1-aalkyl)amino(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino: di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl) aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino: aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl: di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; cvano; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl(C1-6-alkyl)aminoC1-6-alkyl, di(C1-6-alkyl)aminoC1-6-alkyl, C1-6-alkylpiperazinylC1-6-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxypiperidinyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₆₋alkyl, morpholinylC₁₋₆₋alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆₋alkyl(C₁₋₆₋alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆₋ alkyl, or di(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C1-6-alkyl; C1-6-

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alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; piperidinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkylamino; morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkylaminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; piperazinyl; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinyli; C₁ alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; piperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; naphthalenylsulfonylpiperazinyl; naphthalenylsulfonylpiperidinyl; naphthalenylsulfonyl; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkylamino; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkylaminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆₋ alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆₋alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-s-alkyl; di(C1-s-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; di(C1-salkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxyperidinyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; piperidinylaminoC₁₋₆-alkylamino; piperidinylaminoC₁₋₆-alkylaminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; (C₁₋₆₋ alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkylamino; (C₁₋₆-alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC1-6-alkylaminoC1-6-alkyl: hydroxyC1-6-alkyloxyC1-6-alkylpiperazinyl: hydroxyC1-6alkyloxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; (hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)(C₁-6-alkyl)aminoC₁-6-alkyl; hydroxyC₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl; di(hydroxyC₁-6alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; pyrrolidinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; pyrrolidinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C1-6-alkyl and trihaloC1-6-alkyl: pyridinyl: pyridinyl substituted with C1-6-alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl: pyrimidinyl: tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl: tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC₁₋₆₋alkyl: quinolinyl: indolyl; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6-alkyl, C1-6-alkyloxy, hydroxyC1-4-alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC_{1-a-}alkyloxy, C_{1-a-}alkylsulfonyl, C_{1-a-}alkyloxyC_{1-a-}alkyloxy, C_{1-a-} alkyloxycarbonyl.aminoC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino. di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkylaminoC_{1-a}-alkyl, di(C_{1-a}-alkyl)amino(C_{1-a}-alkyl)amino, di(C_{1-a}-alkyl)amino(C_{1-a}alkvl)amino C_{1-4} -alkvl, $di(C_{1-4}$ -alkvl)amino C_{1-4} -alkvl(C_{1-4} -alkvl)amino, $di(C_{1-4}$ -alkvl)amino C_{1-4} -alkvl(C_{1-4} -alkvl)amino, $di(C_{1-4}$ -alkvl)amino C_{1-4} -alkvl(C_{1-4} -alkvl)amino, $di(C_{1-4}$ -alkvl(C_{1-4} -alkvl)amino, $di(C_{1-4}$ -alkvl(C_{1-4} -alkvl)amino, $di(C_{1-4}$ -alkvl(C_{1-4} -alkvl) alkyl(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino. aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₄alkyl)amino, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, cyano, piperidinylC₁₋ 4-alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl,

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hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄-alkyloxypiperidinyl, C₁₋₄-alkyloxypiperdinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinyl,hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, (hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyl)(C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyl)(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkyl, furanyl, furanyl substituted with-CH=CH-CH=CH-, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁-4-alkyloxy, morpholinyl, morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyl,morpholinylC₁₋₄alkylamino. morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkylaminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, piperazinyl, C₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinyl, C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, piperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkylamino, C₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkylaminoC₁₋₆-alkyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, piperidinylaminoC₁₋₄-alkylamino, piperidinylaminoC₁₋₄-alkylaminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, (C₁₋₄₋ alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC₁-4-alkyl)aminoC₁-4-alkylamino, (C₁-4-alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC₁-4alkyl)aminoC1-4-alkylaminoC1-4-alkyl, pyridinylC1-4-alkyloxy, hydroxyC1-4-alkylamino. hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkylaminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, and thiophenylC₁₋₄-alkylamino;

the central moiety

$$-N$$
 Z

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with a methylene, ethylene or propylene bridge:

each R5 and R6 can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen; aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano, and hydroxycarbonyl.

In one embodiment of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0098] [0099] (hereinafter embodiment [0099]), one or more of the following apply:

- a) n is 1 or 2:
- b) t is 0, 1 or 2;
- c) 7 is nitrogen:
- d) R12 is hydrogen, nitro, C176 alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C176 alkyl) amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;

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- e) -t-is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C_{1.6}-alkanediyl, carbonyl and aminocarbonyl:
- f) each R13 is hydrogen;
- g) R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxyC_{1'6'}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl or di(C_{1'6'}alkyl) aminoC_{1'6'}alkyl:
- h) the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-7), (a-9),(a-10), (a-12), (a-14), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-30), (a-34), (a-49) and (a-50);
- i) each s is independently 0,1, 2 or 5;
- each R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkylsulfonyl; (aryl)(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; arylsulfonyl; aryloxy; arylC_{2'6}-alkenediyl; di(C_{1'6}-alkyl)amino; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl, di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆ s-alkyl, C1-s-alkylpiperazinylC1-s-alkyl, hydroxyC1-s-alkylpiperazinylC1-s-alkyl, hydroxyC1-salkyloxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, or di(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; furanyl; oxazolyl; pyrrolyl; pyrazolyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted withC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; quinolinyl; indolyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, C₁₇₆-alkyl. C1-6-alkvloxy, hydroxyC1-4-alkvl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, di(C1-4-alkvl)aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C_{1-a-}alkyl)amino, di(C_{1-a-}alkyl)aminoC_{1-a-}alkyl, di(C_{1-a-}alkyl)aminoC_{1-a-}alkyl(C_{1-a-} alkvl)amino. di(C1-4-alkvl)aminoC1-4-alkvl(C1-4-alkvl)aminoC1-4-alkvl, hvdroxvC1-4alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, di (hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, and C₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, and
- k) the central moiety

$$-N$$
 Z

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with a methylene bridge.

[0100] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0100]), one or more of the following apply:

n is 1 or 2:

- m) t is 0 or 2:
- n) Z is nitrogen;
- o) R¹² is hydrogen;
- p) -L-is a direct bond;
- q) each R13 is hydrogen;
- r) R14 is hydrogen;
- s) the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-9), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-49) and (a-50):
- t) each s is independently 0, 1, 2 or 5;
- u) each R⁵ and R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; halo; trihaloC₁-g-alkyl; trihaloC₁-g-alkyloxy; C₁-g-alkyloxy; arylC₂-g-alkenediyl; di(C₁-g-alkylamino; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C₁-g-alkyl)aminoC₁-g-alkyl, di(C₁-g-alkyl)aminoC₁-g-alkyl, di(C₁-g-alkyl)aminoC₁-g-alkyl, di(C₁-g-alkyl), hydroxyC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-g-alkyl, or di(hydroxyC₁-g-alkyl), morpholinylC₁-g-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-g-alkyl, grandyl; pyriadinyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C₁-g-alkyloxy; quinolinyl; indolyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, C₁-g-alkyl, C₁-g-alkyloxy, hydroxyC₁-g-alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, di(C₁-g-alkyl)aminoC₁-g-alkyloxy, di(C₁-g-alkyl)aminoC₁-g-alkyl)aminoC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC₁-g-alkylpiperazinylC
- v) the central moiety

$$-\sqrt{\overset{(CH_2)_n}{Z}}$$

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with a methylene bridge.

[0101] In another embodiment of the compound according to embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [01011), one or more of the following apply:

- w) n is 1:
- x) t is 0;

- y) Z is nitrogen;
- z) R¹² is hydrogen:
- aa) -L-is a direct bond;
- bb) each R13 is hydrogen;
- cc) R14 is hydrogen:
- dd) the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1) and (a-20):
- ee) each s is independently 0 or 1:
- ff) each R⁵ and R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C₁-c-alkyl)aminoC₁-c-alkyl or C₁-c-alkylpiperazinylC₁-c-alkyl; furanyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one substituents independently selected from di(C₁-c-alkyl)aminoC₁-c-alkyl, di(C₁-c-alkyl)aminoC₁-c-alkyl, di(C₁-c-alkyl)aminoC₁-c-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁-c-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁-c-alkyl, and C₁-c-alkylpiperazinylC₁-c-alkyl.

[0102] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0102]). L is a direct bond and/or R¹² is H.

[0103] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0103]), one or more of the following apply:

- a) t is 0:
- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1'6}-alkyl, C_{1'6}-alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C_{1'6}-alkyl)amino;
- c) -L-is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C₁₋₆ alkanediyl, amino, and carbonyl;
- d) R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₅-alkyl, C₁₅-alkyl, C₁₅-alkyloxy, arylC₁₅-alkyl, aminoC₁₅-alkyl, C₁₅-alkylaminoC₁₅-alkyl or di(C₁₅-alkyl)aminoC₁₅-alkyl;
- e) the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-31), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) and (a-51);
- f) each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4:
- g) R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC_{1'6}-alkyl; trihaloC_{1'6}-alkyloxy; C_{1'6}-alkyl; C_{1'6}-alkylcarbonyl; C_{1'6}-alkyloxy; C_{1'6}-alkylcarbonyl; C_{1'6}-alkyloxycarbonyl; C_{1'6}-alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC_{1'6}-

alkyl; aryloxy; di($C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxy $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyl; $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxy $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkylpiperazinyl; $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from $C_{\Gamma G}$ alky and trihalo $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyl, $C_{\Gamma G}$ alkyloxy, or trifluoromethyl;

h) R^{θ} is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl; trihalo $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, aryloxy; di($C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy, and trifluoromethyl, and

i) the central moiety

$$-\sqrt{\overset{(CH_2)_n}{Z}}$$

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with an ethylene bridge.

[0104] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [00098] (hereinafter embodiment [0104l), one or more of the following apply:

- a) R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1:6}-alkyl, C_{1:6}-alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, hydroxvamino or naphthalenvlsulfonvlpvrazinvl:
- b) R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC_{1'6'}alkyl, C_{1'6'}alkyloxy, arylC_{1'6'}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC_{1'6'}alkyl, aminocrbonylC_{1'6'}alkyl, hydroxycarbonyl, C_{1'6'}alkyl, hydroxycarbonyl, C_{1'6'}alkyl)aminoC_{1'6'}alkyl or di(C_{1'6'}alkyl)aminoC_{1'6'}alkyl;
- c) the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-43) and (a-44);

each R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro: trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkyloxyC₁₋₆₋ alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl; C₁₋₆-alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆₋ alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkylamino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy; arylC₂₋₆-alkenediyl; di(C1-6-alkyl)amino: cvano: thiophenyl: thiophenyl substituted with di(C1-6-alkyl)aminoC1e-alkyl(C1-e-alkyl)aminoC1-e-alkyl, di(C1-e-alkyl)aminoC1-e-alkyl, C1-e-alkylpiperazinylC1-ealkyl or di(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; furanyl; imidazolyl; C₁₋₆-alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; piperidinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆-alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy; morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆ 6-alkvl: C1-6-alkvlpiperazinvlsulfonyl: aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6-alkvloxy: aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆₋alkyl; di(C₁₋₆₋ alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁-s-alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁-s-alkylpiperazinylC₁-s-alkyl; C₁-salkyloxypiperidinyl: C1-6-alkyloxypiperidinylC1-6-alkyl: hydroxyC1-6-alkyloxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyloxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; (hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)(C1-alkyl)amino: (hydroxyC1-alkyl)(C1-alkyl)aminoC1-alkyl; pyrrolidinylC1-aalkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C₁₋₆-alky) or trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyl: pyridinyl: pyridinyl substituted with C₁₋₆-alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, C1-6-alkyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkoxy, C₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkoxy, aminoC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)amino, piperidinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄-alkyloxypiperidinyl, C₁₋₄-alkoxypiperidinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinyl, hyroxyC₁₋₄-alkoxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl. $hydroxyC_{1-4}-alkyl)(C_{1-4}-alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1-4}-alkyl)(C_{1-4}-alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}-alkyl,$ pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄-alkoxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄-

d)

alkylpiperazinyl $C_{1:4}$ alkoxy, $C_{1:4}$ alkylpiperazinyl $C_{1:4}$ alkyl, hydroxy $C_{1:4}$ alkylamino, di(hydroxy $C_{1:4}$ alkyl)amino, di($C_{1:4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1:4}$ alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl $C_{1:4}$ alkyloxy, and thiophenyl $C_{1:4}$ alkylamino.

[0105] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0105]).

- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1:6}-alkyl, C_{1:6}-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonyloyrazinyl:
- R^{14} is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hyroxy $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy, aryl $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, amino $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, hydroxycarbonyl $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxycarbonyl, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkylamino $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl $C_{1^{$
- the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42)(a-43) and (a-44); and
- each R⁵ and R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC1-s-alkyl: trihaloC1-s-alkyloxy: C1-s-alkyl: C1-s-alkoxy: C1-s-alkyloxyC1-s-alkoxy: C1-s-alkyloxyC1-s alkylcarbonyl: C1-6-alkylsulfonyl: cvanoC1-6-alkyl: hydroxyC1-6-alkyl: hydroxyC1-6-alkyloxy: hvdroxyC₁₋₆-alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)amino: di(C₁₋₆₋alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆₋alkyloxy: di(C₁₋₆₋alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆₋alkylamino: arylsulfonyl: arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy; arylC2-calkenediyl; di(C1-calkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C1-s-alkyl)aminoC1-s-alkyl(C1-s-alkyl)aminoC1-s-alkyl, di(C1-salkyl)aminoC1-6-alkyl, C1-6-alkylpiperazinylC1-6-alkyl or di(hydroxyC1-6-alkyl)aminoC1-6-alkyl; furanyl: imidazolyl: C1-6-alkyltriazolyl: tetrazolyl: piperidinylC1-6-alkyloxy: morpholinyl: C1-6alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy: C1-6-alkylpiperazinylC1-6-alkyl: C1-6-alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl: aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyloxy: aminosulfonylpiperazinyl: aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkoxypiperidinyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₆-alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋ 6-alkoxyC₁-6-alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁-6-alkyloxyC₁-6-alkylpiperazinylC₁-6-alkyl; (hydroxyC₁-

6-alkyl)(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; pyrrolidinylC₁₋₆-alkoxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C₁₋₆₋ alkyl and trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C₁₋₆-alkoxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy, hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxylC₁₋₆-alkoxyC₁₋₆-alkyloxy, aminoC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkoxy, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino, piperidinylC₁₋₄-alkoxy, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, C₁₋₄-alkyloxypiperidinyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkoxyC₁₋ 4-alkylpiperazinylC₁-4-alkyl, (hydroxyC₁-4-alkyl)(C₁-4-alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC₁-4-alkyl)(C₁-4alkyl)aminoC1-a-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC1-a-alkoxy, morpholinylC1-a-alkyloxy, morpholinylC1-a-alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} -alkylpi di(hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyl)amino, di(C₁₋₄-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄-alkylamino. aminothiadiazolyl. aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, and thiophenylC₁₋₄-alkylamino.

[0106] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0106]).

- t is 0:
- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1'6'}alkyl, C_{1'6'}alkoxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C_{1'6'}alkyl)amino:
- -L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C_{1^*6} -alkanediyl, amino and carbonyl;
- R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁-galkyl, C₁-galkyl, C₁-galkoxy, arylC₁-galkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC₁-galkyl, C₁-galkylaminoC₁-galkyl or di(Cl-Galkyl)aminoC₁-galkyl.
- the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) and (a-51);
- each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC_{1:6}-alkyl; trihaloC_{1:6}-alkyloxy; C_{1:6}-alkyl; C_{1:6}-alkyloxy; C_{1:6}-alkylcxycarbonyl; C_{1:6}-alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC_{1:6}-alkyl;

aryloxy; $di(C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxy $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkylpiperazinyl; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkylpiperazinyl; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkylpiperazinyl; $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkylpiperazinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyl, $C_{1^{\circ}6}$ alkyloxy and trifluoromethyl;

 R^{θ} is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo $C_{1^{\circ}\theta}$ alkyl; trihalo $C_{1^{\circ}\theta}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1^{\circ}\theta}$ alkyloxy; and tirfluoromethyl; and

the central moiety

$$-N$$
 Z

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with an ethylene bridge.

[0107] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0008] (hereinafter embodiment [0107).

n is 1 or 2:

t is 0. 1 or 2:

Z is nitrogen:

R¹² is hydrogen, nitro, C₁₆-alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C₁₆-alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenvlsulfonylpyrazinyl;

-L-is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C_{1°6}-alkanediyl, carbonyl and aminocarbonyl:

each R13 represents a hydrogen atom;

R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxyC₁₇₆-alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl or di(C₁₇₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₇₆-alkyl;

the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-7), (a-9), (a-10), (a-12), (a-14), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-30), (a-34), (a-49) and (a-50);

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each s is independently 0, 1, 2 or 5:

each R⁵ and R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; halo; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkylsulfonyl; (aryl)(C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino; arylsulfonyl; aryloxy; arylC₂₆-alkenediyl; di(C₁₋₆-alky)amino; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl, di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆ 6-alkyl, C1-6-alkylpiperazinylC1-6-alkyl, hydroxyC1-6-alkylpiperazinylC1-6-alkyl, hydroxylC1-6alkyloxyC₁₋₆-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, di(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, morpholinylC₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl(C₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, or di(hydroxyC₁₋₆-alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆-alkyl; furanyl; oxazolyl; pyrrolyl; pyrazolyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted withC₁₋₆-alkyloxy; quinolinyl; indolyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C1-6-alkoxy, hydroxyC1-4-alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, di(C1-4-alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1 4alkyl)amino, di(C1-a-alkyl)aminoC1-a-alkyl, di(C1-a-alkyl)aminoC1-a-alkyl(C1-aalkyl)amino, $di(C_{1-4}-alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}-alkyl(C_{1-4}-alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}-alkyl,$ hydroxyl4alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄-alkyloxyC₁₋₄-alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, di(hydroxyC₁-4-alkyl)aminoC₁-4-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁-4-alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁-4-alkoxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyloxy, and morpholinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, and C₁₋₄-alylpiperazinylC₁₋₄-alkyl, and the central moiety

-N Z

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with a methylene bridge.

[0108] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0108]),

n is 1 or 2:

t is 0 or 2;

Z is nitrogen;

R12 is hydrogen:

-L-is a direct bond;

each R¹³ is hydrogen;

R14 is hydrogen:

the A ring is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-9), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-49) and (a-50):

each s is independently 0, 1, 2 or 5;

each R⁵ and R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; halo; trihaloC₁-6-alkyl; trihaloC₁-6-alkyl; C₁-6-alkylcxy; C₁-6-alkylcxy; C₁-6-alkylcxy; arylC₂-6-alkenediyl; di(C₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl di(C₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl) aminoC₁-6-alkyl di(C₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl) di(C₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl) di(C₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl), hydroxyC₁-6-alkyloxypiperazinylC₁-6-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-6-alkyloxypiperazinylC₁-6-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-6-alkyloxypiperidinylC₁-6-alkyl, morpholinylC₁-6-alkyl, hydroxyC₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl, or di(hydroxyC₁-6-alkylaminoC₁-6-alkyl) aminoC₁-6-alkyl

$$-\sqrt{-(CH_2)_n}$$

is optionally bridged (i.e., forming a bicyclic moiety) with a methylene bridge.

[0109] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0098] (hereinafter embodiment [0109]),

n is 1:

t is 0:

Z is nitrogen:

R12 is hydrogen:

-L-is a direct bond:

each R13 is hydrogen:

R14 is hydrogen:

the A ring is radical selected from (a-1) and (a-20):

each s is independently 0 or 1:

each R^5 and R^6 is independently selected from hydrogen; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with $di(C_{\Gamma^*6}$ -alkyl)amino C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl, or C_{Γ^*6} -alkylpiperazinyl C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl; furanyl; phenyl; and phenyl substituted with one substituents independently selected from $di(C_{\Gamma^*4}$ -alkyl)amino C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl)amino C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl)amino C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl)amino C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl, $di(C_{\Gamma^*6}$ -alkyl)amino C_{Γ^*6} -alkyl, pyrrolidinyl C_{Γ^*6

[0110] In the compounds of paragraphs embodiments [0098] – [0109], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in paragraphs-embodiments [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of paragraphs-embodiments [0098] – [0109], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Other preferred embodiments of the compounds of paragraph-embodiments [0098] – [0109] include the compounds of pages 21 and 22 and Table F-1 of WO 03/076422 in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (HO-NH-C(O)-) is replaced with

wherein Φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with paragraph-<u>embodiment</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0110].</u>

[0111] In embodimentparagraphs [0098] – [0110] the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0112] – [0114] supplement the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0020] – [0042]. To the extent there are any inconsistencies between the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0020] – [0042] and in embodimentparagraphs [0112] – [0114], the definitions in embodimentparagraphs [0112] – [0114] take precedence for the compounds of embodimentparagraphs [0098] – [0110] only.

[0112] Halo is generic to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo; $C_{1:T}$ -alkyl defines straight and branched chain saturated hydrocarbon radicals having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms such as, e.g., methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, 1-methylethyl, 2-methylpropyl and the like; $C_{1:T}$ -alky includes $C_{1:T}$ -alkyl and the higher homologues thereof having 5 to 6 carbon atoms such as, for example, pentyl, 2-methylbutyl, hexyl, 2-methylpentyl and the like; $C_{1:T}$ -alkanediyl defines bivalent straight and branched chained saturated hydrocarbon radicals having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms such as, for example, methylene, 1,2-

ethanediyl, 1,3-propanediyl 1,4-butanediyl, 1,5-pentanediyl, 1,6-hexanediyl and the branched isomers thereof such as, 2-methylpentanediyl, 3-methylpentanediyl, 2,2-dimethylbutanediyl, 2,3-dimethylbutanediyl and the like; trihalo $C_{1^\circ 6}$ alkyl defines $C_{1^\circ 6}$ alkyl containing three identical or different halo substituents for example trifluoromethyl; $C_{2^\circ 6}$ alkenediyl defines bivalent straight and branched chain hydrocarbon radicals containing one double bond and having from 2 to 6 carbon atoms such as, for example, ethenediyl, 2-propenediyl, 3-butenediyl, 2-pentenediyl, 3-methyl-2-butenediyl, and the like; aryl defines phenyl, and phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, $C_{1^\circ 6}$ alkyl, $C_{1^\circ 6}$ alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxycarbonyl; aminoaryl defines aryl substituted with amino; $C_{3^\circ 10^\circ}$ cycloalkyl includes cyclic hydrocarbon groups having from 3 to 10 carbons, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexply, cycloboctyl and the like.

[0113] The term "another Zn-chelating group" refers to a group which is capable of interacting with a Zn²⁺-ion, which can be present at an enzymatic binding site.

[0114] The N-oxide forms of the compounds of embodiment [0114]) comprise those compounds wherein one or several nitrogen atoms are oxidized to the so-called N-oxide, particularly those N-oxides wherein one or more of the piperidine-, piperazine or pyridazinyl-nitrogens are N-oxidized.

[0115] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (5) (hereinafter embodiment [0115]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH2 or -OH:

R1 is H or as defined in embodiment paragraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

Q is nitrogen or —CH, or —CH

X is nitrogen or —CH;

Y is nitrogen or —CH;

- R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, $C_3 C_8 \text{cycloalkyl}, \text{ heteroaryl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{akyl}, \text{ haloalkyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{alkenyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{alkylynyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{acyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{alkyl-arylsulfanyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylsulfanyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylsulfanyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylsulfonyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylaminosulfonyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylamine}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkynyl-C(O)-amine}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylamine}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylamine}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkyl-arylamine}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkynyl-R}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot C_7 \text{-alkynyl-R}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot$
- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C_{1.6}alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;
- R¹³ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl, furanylcarbonyl, naphtalenylcarbonyl, -C(O)phenylR⁹, C₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl, aminosulfonylamino, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylamino, arylaminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, arylaminosulfonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₁₂alkylsulfonyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonyl, trihaloC₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl, di(aryl)C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, thiophenylC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, pyridinylcarbonyl or arylC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl

wherein each R^9 is independently selected from phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, hydroxy C_{1-4} alkyl, hydroxy C_{1-4} alkyloxy, amino C_{1-6} alkyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl, hydroxy C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkyl, C1-4alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkyloxy, morpholinyl C_{1-4} alkyloxy or morpholinyl C_{1-4} alkyl)amino C_{1-4} alkyloxy, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl C_{1-6} alkyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkyloxy, C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkyl C_{1-6}

R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

when $R^{13} \& R^{14}$ are present on the same carbon atom, $R^{13} \& R^{14}$ together may form a bivalent radical of formula

when R¹³ & R¹⁴ are present on adjacent carbon atoms, R¹³ & R¹⁴ together may form a bivalent radical of formula

aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, $C_{1.6}$ alkyl, $C_{1.6}$ alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0116] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0115] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0116]), one or more of the following restrictions apply:

n is 0 or 1;

$$Q$$
 is $-CR$, or $-CH$;

R12 is hydrogen or nitro;

 $R^{13} \quad \text{is $C_{1\text{-}6}$alkyl, aryl$C_{2\text{-}6}$alkenediyl, furanylearbonyl, naphtalenylearbonyl,} \\$

C1-6alkylaminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl,

di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylaminoC1-6alkyl,

$$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} & \text{di}(C_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}) \text{amino} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl}, C_{1\text{-}12}\text{alkylsulfonyl}, \\ & \text{trihalo} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkylsulfonyl}, \\ & \text{di}(\text{aryl}) C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkylcarbonyl}, \\ & \text{thiophenyl} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkylcarbonyl}, \\ & \text{pyridinylcarbonyl} \\ & \text{or aryl} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkylcarbonyl}; \end{split}$$

R14 is hydrogen;

when R¹³ & R¹⁴ are present on the same carbon atom R¹³ & R¹⁴ together may form a bivalent radical of formula (a-1) wherein R¹⁰ is aryl;

when R¹³ & R¹⁴ are present on adjacent carbon atoms R¹³ & R¹⁴ together may form a bivalent radical of formula (b-1).

[0117] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0115] (hereinafter embodiment [0117]), one or more of the following restrictions apply::

n is 1;

$$Q$$
 is $-CR$, $-CR$, or $-CH$;
 Z is nitrogen;

R12 is hydrogen;

 R^{13} is naphtalenylearbonyl, C_{1-12} alkylsulfonyl or di(aryl) $C_{1.6}$ alkylearbonyl; R^{14} is hydrogen.

[0118] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0115] (hereinafter embodiment [0118]), R¹² is H.

[0119] In another embodiment of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0115] (hereinafter embodiment [0119]):

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- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;
- R¹³ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl, furanylcarbonyl, naphtalenylcarbonyl, -C(O)phenylR⁹, C₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl, aminosulfonylamino, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylamino,
 - $di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminoC_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.12}alkylsulfonyl, <math>di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminosulfonyl$ or pyridinylcarbonyl wherein each R^9 is independently selected from phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyl$, $C_{1.6}alkyl$, $C_{1.6}alky$
- R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl.
- [0120] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0115] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0120]),
- R12 is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;
 R13 is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl, furanylcarbonyl, naphtalenylcarbonyl,
- -C(O)phenylR⁹, C_{1.6}alkylaminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl, aminosulfonylamino, di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminosulfonylamino, di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminoC_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.12}alkylsulfonyl, di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminosulfonyl or pyridinylcarbonyl wherein each R⁹ is independently selected from phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy; or thiophenyl; and
- R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl.
- [0121] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0115] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0121]).

n is 0 or 1; Q is -CC; or

-NHC(O)C₁₋₆alkanediylSH; R^{12} is hydrogen or nitro: R^{13} is C_{1-6} alkyl, arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl, furanylcarbonyl, naphtalenylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} alkylaminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C_{1-12} alkylsulfonyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonyl, trihaloC₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl, di(aryl)C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, thiophenylC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, pyridinylcarbonyl or arylC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl; R^{14} is hydrogen; when R^{13} and R^{14} are present on the same carbon atom R^{13} & R^{14} is together may form a bivalent radical of formula (a-1) wherein R^{10} is aryl; or when R^{13} & R^{14} are present on adjacent carbon

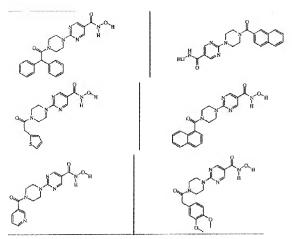
[0122] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0115] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0122]).

atoms R13 & R14 together may form a bivalent radical of formula (b-1).

n is 1; each Q is each Z is nitrogen; R^{12} is hydrogen; R^{13} is naphthalenylcarbonyl, C_{1-12} alkylsulfonyl or di(aryl) C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl; and R^{14} is hydrogen.

[0123] Particular embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0115] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0123]) include the following

HO NH No NH NH NO NH NH NH NO NH	HO-NH Sheo
J'orio	HN- CONIO
HO NH	HONH
HO NH	\$60-0-AN-0H
\$-NON-OH-OH	\$500 v-C-4000v
	EZENON-OH



in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(O)-NH-OH) is replaced with

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with paragraph-embodiment [0046], and preferably embodiments [0048] and [0049].

[0124] In the compounds of paragraphs embodiments [0115] -[0123], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in paragraphs embodiments [0048] and [0049], while in other embodiments of the compounds of paragraphs embodiments [0115] -[0123], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0124].

[0125] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (6) (hereinafter embodiment [0125]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R1 is H or as defined in embodiment paragraph [0046];

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

m is 0 or 1 and when m is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

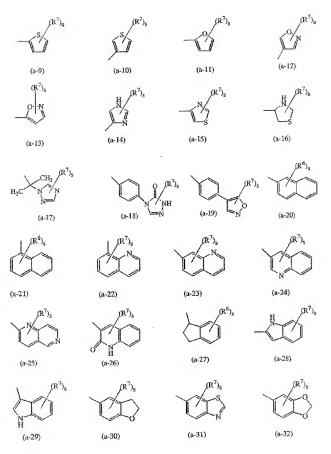
t is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 and when t is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

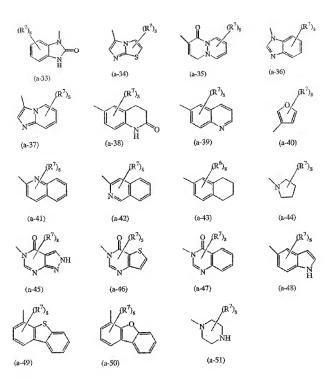
R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, C_1 - C_7 -akyl, haloalkyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkeyl-arylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkyl

- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C_{1.6}alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;
 - -L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C₁₋₆alkanediyl, C₁₋₆alkanediyloxy, amino, carbonyl or aminocarbonyl;
- each R¹³ is independently represents a hydrogen atom and one hydrogen atom can be replaced by a substituent selected from aryl;
- R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, arylC_{1.6}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC_{1.6}alkyl, aminocarbonylC_{1.6}alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC_{1.6}alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxycarbonyl, C_{1.6}alkylaminoC_{1.6}alkyl or di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminoC_{1.6}alkyl;
- R¹⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₁₀cycloalkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl) or aryl;

—(A) is a radical selected from

$$(a-1)$$
 $(a-2)$ $(a-3)$ $(a-4)$ $(a-4)$ $(a-5)$ $(a-6)$ $(a-6)$ $(a-7)$ $(a-8)$





wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

each R^6 and R^7 are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyl; substituted with aryl and C_{3-10} cycloalkyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyloxy;

 $C_{1.6} alkyloxy carbonyl; C_{1.6} alkylsulfonyl; cyano C_{1.6} alkyl; hydroxy C_{1.6} alkyl;$

hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆alkyloxy;

 $di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminocarbonyl; \\ di(hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)amino; \\ (aryl)(C_{1-6}alkyl)amino;$

di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino;

di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino;

aryloxy; aryloxyC1-6alkyl; arylC2-6alkenediyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino;

 $di(C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl)aminoC_{1\text{-}6}alkyl; di(C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl)amino(C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl)amino;\\$

 $di(C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl)amino(C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl)aminoC_{1\text{-}6}alkyl;$

di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)amino;

di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;

aminosulfonvlamino(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;

di(C1.6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;

$$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} & \text{di}(C_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}) \\ & \text{aminosulfonylamino}(C_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}) \\ & \text{aminoc}_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}; \ \text{cyano; thiophenyl;} \\ & \text{thiophenyl substituted with } \\ & \text{di}(C_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}) \\ & \text{aminoC}_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}) \\ & \text{aminoC}_{1\text{-6}}\text{alkyl}, \end{split}$$

 $di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl,$

hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl,

 $hydroxyC_{1\text{-}6}alkyloxyC_{1\text{-}6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1\text{-}6}alkyl,$

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di(C1_salkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_salkyl.
C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, morpholinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
furanvi; furanvi substituted with hydroxyC1_calkyi; benzofuranvi; imidazolyi;
oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl;
pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; piperidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylmorpholinyl;
morpholinylC1.6alkyloxy;
morpholinylC1_6alkyl; morpholinylC1_6alkylamino;
morpholinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; piperazinyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; piperazinylC1-6alkyl;
naphtalenylsulfonylpiperazinyl; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperidinyl; naphtalenylsulfonyl;
C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylamino;
C1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkylaminoC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C1_6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_6alkyl; hydroxyC1_6alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; piperidinylaminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylamino;
piperidinylaminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl;
(C1-6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino;
(C_{1-6}alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl;\\
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC1_6alkyloxyC1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkyl;
(hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; di(hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl
substituted with two substituents selected from C1.6alkyl or trihaloC1.6alkyl;
pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with Ct.6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl;
tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
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quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents

independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy, hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyloxy, C1-4alkylsulfonyl, C1-4alkyloxyC1-4alkyloxy, C1-4alkyloxycarbonyl, aminoC1_4alkvloxv. di(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyloxy, di(C1_4alkyl)amino, di(C1_4alkyl)aminocarbonyl, $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\$ di(C1_aalkvl)amino(C1_aalkvl)amino, di(C1_aalkvl)amino(C1_aalkvl)amino(C1_aalkvl) di(C1_alkyl)aminoC1_alkyl(C1_alkyl)amino, di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl, aminosulfonylamino(C1.4alkyl)amino, aminosulfonylamino(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl, di(C1_4alkvl)aminosulfonvlamino(C1_4alkvl)amino. di(C1.4alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl, cyano, piperidinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C1_4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxypiperidinyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₄alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, (hvdroxvC1_4alkv1)(C1_4alkv1)amino. (hvdroxvC1_4alkv1)(C1_4alkv1)aminoC1_4alkv1.

di(hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)aminoC_{1.4}alkyl, furanyl, furanyl substituted with -CH=CH-CH=CH-, pyrrolidinylC_{1.4}alkyl, pyrrolidinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy,

morpholinyl, morpholinylC1_alkyloxy, morpholinylC1_alkyl,

 $\label{eq:continuity} morpholinylC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl, piperazinyl, $$C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alk$

pyridinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylamino, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylaminoC₁₋₄alkyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,

aminosulfonylpiperazinyl $\mathrm{C}_{1\text{--}4}$ alkyloxy, or thiophenyl $\mathrm{C}_{1\text{--}4}$ alkylamino;

each R⁶ and R⁷ can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen; aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each

independently selected from halo, $C_{1.6}$ alkyl, $C_{1.6}$ alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0126] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0126]), one or more of the following restrictions apply:

n is 1:

m is 0 or 1;

t is 0,1 or 2;

$$Q$$
 is $-CR$, $-CR$, $-CR$, $-CR$, $-CR$

R12 is hydrogen or C1-6alkyl;

-L- is a direct bond;

R14 is hydrogen;

R15 is hydrogen;

—(A) is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-20), (a-25), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-41) or (a-42):

each s is independently 0, 1, 2 or 3;

each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen, halo, C₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₆alkyloxy.

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[0127] In other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0127]), one or more of the following restrictions apply:

- R12 is hydrogen;
- -L- is a direct bond;
- R14 is hydrogen;
- R15 is hydrogen;
- is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-20), (a-25), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-41) or (a-42);
- each s is independently 0, 1, 2 or 3;
- each R^6 is independently selected from hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkyloxy.
- [0128] In other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0128]), one or more of the following restrictions apply:
 - $_{R^{15}}$ is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyl, or di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl;
 - (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-6), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42) (a-43) or (a-44);

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each R6 and R7 are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino;
 nitro; trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyloxy;
 C1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkylcarbonyl; C1-6alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC1-6alkyl;
 hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylamino;
 aminoC1-6alkyloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)amino;
 arylC1.6alkyl)amino; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyloxy;
 di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy;
 arylC2-6alkenediyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; eyano; thiophenyl;
thiophenyl substituted with di(C1.salkyl)aminoC1.salkyl(C1.salkyl)aminoC1.salkyl.
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl, C1.6alkylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl or
di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; furanyl; imidazolyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyltriazolyl;
tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; piperidinylC1.6alkyloxy; morpholinyl;
C1-6alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC1-6alkyloxy;
morpholinylC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkyloxy;
C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; C1-6alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-salkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; di(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl; hydroxyC1.6alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C1-6alkyloxypiperidinylC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC1_6alkyloxyC1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkyl;
(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
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pyrrolidinylC1-6alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two
substituents selected from C1-6alkyl or trihaloC1-6alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl
substituted with C1-6alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl;
phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from
halo, amino, C1-salkyl, C1-salkyloxy, hydroxyC1-4alkyl, trifluoromethyl,
trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC1-4alkyloxy, C1-4alkyloxyC1-4alkyloxy,
aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1-4alkyl)amino,
di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl, piperidinylC1-4alkyloxy,
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1.4</sub>alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_aalkyl, di(C1_aalkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl.
di(C1-4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, hydroxyC1-4alkylpiperazinyl.
hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl,
C1-4alkyloxypiperidinylC1-4alkyl, hydroxyC1-4alkyloxyC1-4alkylpiperazinyl.
hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, morpholinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, morpholinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
C1-4alkylpiperazinyl, C1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyloxy.
C1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl,
hydroxyC1_4alkylamino, di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)amino,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyloxy, or thiophenylC1_4alkylamino.
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[0129] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0129]), one or more of the following restrictions apply:

$$t = 0;$$

 $m = 0:$

- R12 is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C1.6alkyl)amino;
 - -L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C_{L-6}alkanedivl. C1-6alkanediyloxy, amino or carbonyl;
- is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy, arylC1.6alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC1.6alkyl, C1.6alkylaminoC1.6alkyl or di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
- R15 is hydrogen;

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44). (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkylcarbonyl; C1-6alkyloxycarbonyl; C1.6alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC1.6alkyl; aryloxy; di(C1.6alkyl)amino; cvano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC1-6alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C1.6alkyl; C1-6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; C1.6alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; C1.6alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC_{1.6}alkylpiperazinyl; C_{1.6}alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C_{1-6} alkyl or trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl;

 R^7 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl; trihalo $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; di($C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0130] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0130]):

R¹⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₁₀cycloalkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₅alkyl;

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42) (a-43) or (a-44); and

each R⁶ and R⁷ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxmino; arylC₁₋₆alkyloxinio; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy; arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; eyano; thiophenyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; eyano; thiophenyl; ubstituted with di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; tilo(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl

$$\begin{split} &C_{1-6}alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC_{1-6}alkyloxy;\\ &morpholinylC_{1-6}alkyl; C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl; C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyloxy;\\ &C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl; C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;\\ &aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;\\ &aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl; di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;\\ &di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl; hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl;\\ &hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl; hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl;\\ &hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyloxypiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl; hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl;\\ &hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl;\\ &hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)(C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl);\\ &pyrrolidinylC_{1-6}alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C_{1-6}alkyl or trihaloC_{1-6}alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl; substituted with C_{1-6}alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; \\ \end{aligned}$$

phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino,

Cl.salkyl, Cl.salkyloxy, hydroxyCl.4alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy,

$$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} & \text{hydroxyC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyloxy, C}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyloxy, aminoC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyloxy, aminoC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyloxy, di(C}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl)}\text{amino, di(C}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl)}\text{aminoC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl, di(C}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl)}\text{aminoC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl, piperidinylC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl, di(C}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl)}\text{aminosulfonylpiperazinyl}, \\ & \text{di(C}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl)}\text{aminosulfonylpiperazinylC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl, hydroxyC}_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl, piperazinyl, } \end{split}$$

hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxypiperidinyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₄alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinyl,

 C_{1-4} alkyloxypiperidinyl C_{1-4} alkyl, hydroxy C_{1-4} alkyloxy C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxy C_{1-4} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-4} alkyl,

 $\label{eq:condition} $$ (hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl, pyrrolidinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkyl, $$$

C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinyl, C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy,

C1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl,

 $hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylamino,\,di(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\$

 $di(\mathrm{C}_{1\text{-}4}alkyl)amino\mathrm{C}_{1\text{-}4}alkylamino,\,aminothiadiazolyl,$

 $armino sulfonyl piperazinyl C_{1\text{--}4} alkyloxy, or thiophenyl C_{1\text{--}4} alkylamino.$

[0131] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0131]), t is 0, m is 0 and:

- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C_{1.6}alkyl)amino;
- -L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C_{1.6}alkanediyl, C_{1.6}alkanediyloxy, amino or carbonyl;

R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, c₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl,
C. alkylominoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl,

 $C_{1\text{-}6}alkylaminoC_{1\text{-}6}alkyl \ or \ di(C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl)aminoC_{1\text{-}6}alkyl;$

R15 is H;

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9),

(a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁶ is hydrogen: halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl;

C1-6alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl;

 C_{1-6} alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C_{1-6} alkyl or trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C_{1-6} alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substitutents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl;

and R^7 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl; trihalo $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy; di($C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0132] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0132]).

n is 1; m is 0 or 1; t is 0,1 or 2; Q is
$$-$$
cr $\langle ,$ or $-$ cr $\langle ,$ or $-$ cr $\langle ,$

R¹² is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl; -L- is a direct bond; R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are H:

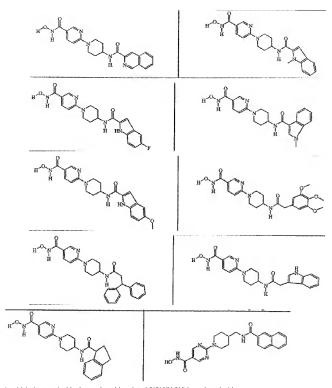
is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-20), (a-25), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-41) or (a-42); each s is independently 0, 1 or 2; and each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen, halo, C₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₆alkyloxy.

[0133] In some embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0133]).

n is 1; m is 0 or 1; t is 0, 1 or 2; Q is Q is
$$-c\kappa$$
, $-c\kappa$, α $-c\kappa$, $-c\kappa$, α $-c\kappa$, $-c\kappa$, α $-c\kappa$,

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-20), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-41) or (a-42); each s is independently 0, 1 or 2; and each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen, halo, C₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₆alkyloxy.

[0134] Particular embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0125] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0134]) include the following



in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(O)-NH-OH) is replaced with

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 H
 R^3
 R^4
 R^4

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with embodimentparagraph [0046], and preferably embodiments [0048] and [0049]:

[0135] In the compounds of paragraph embodiments [0125] - [0134], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in paragraphs-embodiments [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of paragraphs-embodiments [0125] - [0134], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H._Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0135].

[0136] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (7) (hereinafter embodiment [0136]):

$$\begin{array}{c} R^1 \\ R^2 \\ R^3 \\ = \\ R^4 \\ \Phi \end{array}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH2 or -OH:

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodiment paragraph-[0046]:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

t is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 and when t is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

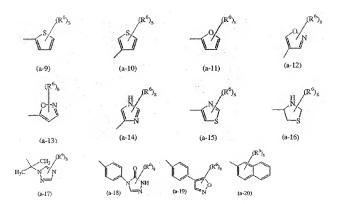
(7)

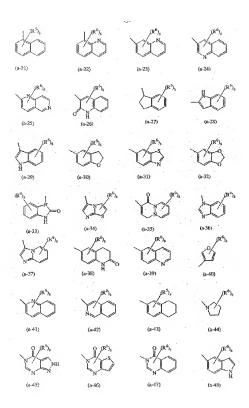
10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up)

- R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, C_1 - C_7 -akyl, haloalkyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkenyl- C_1 - C_7 -alkenyl- C_1 - C_7 -alkenyl- C_1 - C_7 -alkenyl- C_1 - C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_7 -alkenyl- C_1 - C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_7 -
- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;
- L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C₁₋₆alkanediyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, amino, carbonyl or aminocarbonyl;
- each R¹³ independently represents a hydrogen atom and one hydrogen atom can be replaced by a substituent selected from aryl;
- R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

is a radical selected from

(a-5)





$$(a.49) \qquad (a.50) \qquad (a.51)$$

wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; each R5 and R6 tribaloCt_calkyl; tribaloCt_calkyloxy; Ct_calkyl; Ct_calkyl substituted with aryl and C3-10cycloalkyl; C1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkylcarbonyl; C1-6alkyloxycarbonyl; C1-6alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C1_6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)amino; (aryl)(C1_6alkyl)amino; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyloxy; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkylamino; di(C1 salkvl)aminoC1 salkvlaminoC1-salkyl; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy; aryloxyC1-6alkyl; arylC2-6alkenediyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl; di(C1.6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)amino; di(C1.6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)amino; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; aminosulfonvlamino(C1-6alkyl)amino; aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;

di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; cyano; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl, morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, or di(hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; piperidinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyli; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyl; piperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; c₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperidinyl; naphtalenylsulfonyl; oxalkylpiperazinyl; c₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; c₁₋₆a

C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy; piperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; piperidinylaminoC₁₋₆alkylamino; piperidinylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl; piperidinylaminoC₁₋₆alkylamino; (C₁₋₆alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkylamino; (C₁₋₆alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; (hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; (hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; (hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl)

hydroxyC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl; di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; pyrrolidinylC1.6alkyl; pyrrolidinylC1.6alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C₁₋₆alkyl or trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy, hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyloxy, C1.4alkylsulfonyl, C1.4alkyloxyC1.4alkyloxy, C1.4alkyloxycarbonyl, aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1-4alkyl)amino, di(C1_4alkyl)aminocarbonyl, di(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkylaminoC1-4alkyl, $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl),\\$ di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl(C1-4alkyl)amino, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl, aminosulfonvlamino(C1-alkyl)amino, aminosulfonylamino(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl, di(C1.4alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1.4alkyl)amino, di(C1.4alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl, cyano, piperidinylC1.4alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC1.4alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, $aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1\text{--}4}alkyl, di(C_{1\text{--}4}alkyl) aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,$ di(C1_4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, C1-4alkyloxypiperidinyl,

$$\begin{split} &C_{1-4}alkyloxypiperidinylC_{1-4}alkyl, hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyloxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinyl,\\ &hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)piperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &di(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &di(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl, furanyl, furanyl substituted with -CH=CH-CH=CH-, pyrrolidinylC_{1-4}alkyl, pyrrolidinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, morpholinyl, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkylamino, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl, piperazinyl,\\ &C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinyl, C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, piperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkylamino,\\ &C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl, piperidinylaminoC_{1-4}alkylamino,\\ &piperidinylaminoC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &(C_{1-4}alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylamino,\\ &(C_{1-4}alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &pyridinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy,\\ \end{aligned}$$

 $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{l} hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,\\ aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, or thiophenylC_{1-4}alkylamino;\\ \end{tabular}$

each R5 and R6 can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen;

aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0137] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0137]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this paragraph-embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in paragraph-embodiment [0136]):

R2 is hydrogen or nitro;

-L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C1-6alkanediyl;

R4 is hydrogen;

is a radical selected from (a-1),(a-2), (a-3), (a-5), (a-6), (a-11), (a-18), (a-20), (a-21), (a-32), (a-33), (a-47) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, or 4;

each R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl;

 $C_{1\text{-}6} alkyl; C_{1\text{-}6} alkyl \ substituted \ with \ aryl \ and \ C_{3\text{-}10} cycloalkyl; C_{1\text{-}6} alkyloxy;$

 $C_{1.6}$ alkylcarbonyl; benzofuranyl; naphtalenylsulfonyl; pyridinyl substituted with aryloxy; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one substituent independently selected from hydroxy $C_{1.4}$ alkyl or morpholinyl $C_{1.4}$ alkyl.

[0138] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0138]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this paragraph-embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in paragraph-embodiment [0136]):

n is 1:

R2 is hydrogen;

-L- is a direct bond;

each R3 independently represents a hydrogen atom;

R4 is hydrogen;

A) is a radical selected from (a-6), (a-11), (a-20), (a-47) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, or 4;

each R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; naphtalenylsulfonyl; or phenyl substituted with hydroxy C_{1-4} alkyl or morpholinyl C_{1-4} alkyl.

[0139] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0139]) L is a direct bond.

[0140] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0140]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this paragraph embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in paragraph embodiment [0136]):

t is 1, 2, 3, or 4:

R² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;

-L is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C₁₋₆alkanediyl,
 C₁₋₆alkanediyloxy, amino or carbonyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminoCarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

(a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-47), (a-48) and (a-51); each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R5 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy;

C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl;

 C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; aryloxy; di $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C_{1-6} alkyl;

C1.6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl;

C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl;

 C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl;

 C_{1-6} alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C_{1-6} alkyl or trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C_{1-6} alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl;

 R^6 is hydrogen; hale; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alky

 C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; aryloxy; di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0141] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0136]
(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0141]) include those in which the following are
true (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴,
respectively, in embodiment paragraph [0136]):

t is 1, 2, 3, or 4;

- R² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;
- -L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C₁₋₆alkanediyl, C₁₋₆alkanediyloxy, amino or carbonyl;
- R⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, aryfC₁₋₆alkyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;
 - —(A) is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (ā-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) and (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl; C₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; aryloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl;

C1-6alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl;

 C_{1-6} alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substitutents selected from C_{1-6} alkyl or trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl; substituted with C_{1-6} alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl;

R6 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy;

 C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl; C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl; C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl; C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; aryloxy; di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0142] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0142]) are the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0136]):

n is 1 or 2;

R2 is H or nitro:

-L- is a direct bond or a bivalent radical selected from C₁₋₆alkanediyl; R⁴ is

hydrogen; is a radical selected from (a-1),(a-2), (a-3), (a-5), (a-6), (a-11), (a-18), (a-20), (a-21), (a-32), (a-33), (a-47) or (a-51); each s is independently 0, 1, 2, or 4; each \mathbb{R}^5 and \mathbb{R}^6 are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyl substituted with aryl and C₃₋₁₀cycloalkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl; benzofuranyl; naphtalenylsulfonyl; pyridinyl substituted with aryloxy; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one substituent independently selected from hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyl or morpholinylC₁₋₄alkyl.

[0143] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0143]) are the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this paragraph-embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in paragraph embodiment [0136]):

n is 1:

t is 0 or 1; X is nitrogen; Y is nitrogen;

R2 is hydrogen; -L- is a direct bond; each R3 independently

represents a hydrogen atom; R^4 is hydrogen; — (A) is a radical selected from (a-6), (a-11), (a-20), (a-47) or (a-51); each s is independently 0, 1, or 4; and each R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; naphtalenylsulfonyl; or aryl substituted with hydroxy C_{1-4} alkyl or morpholinyl C_{1-4} alkyl.

[0144] Particular embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0144]) include the following

HIV OH OH OH OH OH	
HN OH	HN OH F
HN/OH	HO NH
HO-NH O-NH NH	
HO NH o Ho	HO NH
HO-NH O'NO	HO NH ONG

HO NH	HO NH
HOWH	HO-TON HOIL ONEO
CI CI CNICO	HO-NH G
HO NH	HO, MH o
HONH	
	Ha NH O

NO OHH	HONH
HO, N	HO HO NON TO
HO HOLD COLOR	no. A. C. J. J. J. C. J. J. J. C. J. J. J. C. J. J. J. C. J. J. J. C. J. J. J. J. C. J.
но	HOLL
HOLICA	Ch. Ch. OH
ОН	HO-VIII N

in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(O)-NH-OH) is replaced with

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably embodiments [0048] and [0049]:

[0145] In the compounds of paragraphs-embodiments [0136] - [0144], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in paragraphs-embodiments [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of paragraphs-embodiments [0136] - [0144], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H._Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0145].

[0146] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (8) (hereinafter embodiment [0146]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH:

Z is nitrogen or -CH .

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

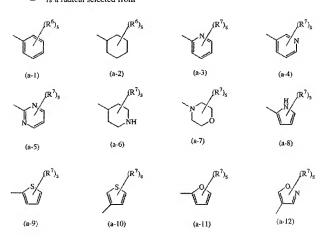
R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodiment paragraph-[0046];

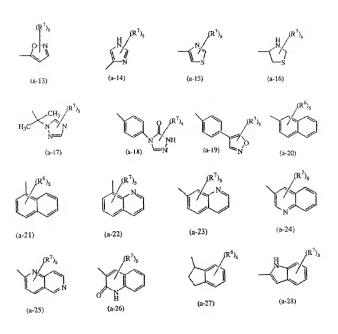
n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

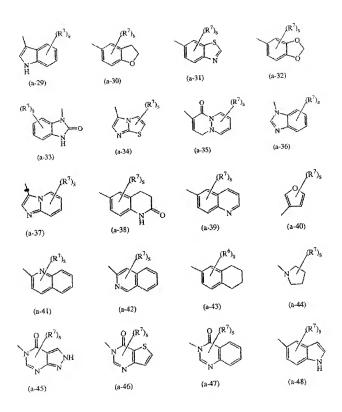
t is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 and when t is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

- R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, $C_3 \cdot C_6 \cdot \text{cycloalkyl}, \text{ heteroaryl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{akyl}, \text{ haloalkyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \text{ alkenyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{alkyl-arylsulfanyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{alkyl-arylsulfinyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{alkyl-arylsulfanyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{alkyl-arylsulfinyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{alkyl-arylsulfonyl}, C_1 \cdot C_7 \cdot \text{al$
- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;
- each R¹³ independently represents a hydrogen atom and one hydrogen atom can be replaced by a substituent selected from aryl;

- R¹⁴ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl)
- $$\begin{split} &R^{15} \text{ is hydrogen, } C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl, } C_{3\text{-}10}\text{cycloalkyl, hydroxy} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl, } C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyloxy} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl, } \\ &\text{di}(C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl)}\text{amino} C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl or aryl;} \end{split}$$
 - is a radical selected from







wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

each R⁶ and R⁷ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyl substituted with aryl and C3.10cycloalkyl; C1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkyloxyC1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkyloxy; C_{1.6}alkyloxycarbonyl; C_{1.6}alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC_{1.6}alkyl; hydroxyC_{1.6}alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylamino; aminoC₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)amino; (aryl)(C1-6alkyl)amino; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy; aryloxyC₁₋₆alkyl; arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl; di(C1.6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)amino; di(C1-6alkyl)amino(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)amino; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino; aminosulfonylamino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;

thiophenyl substituted with $di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminoC_{1.6}alkyl(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminoC_{1.6}alkyl, \\di(C_{1.6}alkyl)aminoC_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1.6}alkyl,$

di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; cyano; thiophenyl;

 $\label{eq:continuous} $$ hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ morpholinylC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ morpholinylC_{1-6}alkyl, $$ furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl; $$ benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; $$ oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and $C_{1-6}alkyl; $C_{1-6}alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; $$ pyrrolidinyl; $$ pyrrolyl; $$ piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyloxy; $$ morpholinylC_{1-6}alkylamino; $$ morpholinylC_{1-6}alkylamino; $$ morpholinylC_{1-6}alkylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl; $$ piperazinyl; $C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl; $$ C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl; $$ aphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinylC_{1-6}alkylconylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinylC_{1-6}alkylconylpiperalinyl; $$ naphtalenylsulfonylpiperalinylconyl$

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C1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkylamino;
C1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkylaminoC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; piperidinylaminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylamino;
piperidinylaminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl;
(C1_6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkylamino;
(C1.6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkylaminoC1.6alkyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl
substituted with two substituents selected from C1.6alkyl or trihaloC1.6alkyl;
pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl;
tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents
independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy,
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$$\begin{split} &C_{1-4}alkylsulfonyl, C_{1-4}alkyloxyC_{1-4}alkyloxy, C_{1-4}alkyloxycarbonyl,\\ aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminocarbonyl, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ aminosulfonylamino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ aminosulfonylamino(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ \end{aligned}$$

hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyloxy,

$$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} & \operatorname{di}(C_{1-4}alkyl)\operatorname{aminosulfonylamino}(C_{1-4}alkyl)\operatorname{amino},\\ & \operatorname{di}(C_{1-4}alkyl)\operatorname{aminosulfonylamino}(C_{1-4}alkyl)\operatorname{amino}C_{1-6}alkyl, \operatorname{cyano},\\ & \operatorname{piperidinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{oxy}, \operatorname{pyrrolidinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{oxy}, \operatorname{aminosulfonylpiperazinyl},\\ & \operatorname{aminosulfonylpiperazinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl, \operatorname{di}(C_{1-4}alkyl)\operatorname{aminosulfonylpiperazinyl},\\ & \operatorname{di}(C_{1-4}alkyl)\operatorname{aminosulfonylpiperazinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl, \operatorname{hydroxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{piperazinyl},\\ & \operatorname{hydroxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{piperazinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl, \operatorname{hydroxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{piperazinyl},\\ & \operatorname{C}_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{oxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{oxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{piperazinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl,\\ & \operatorname{hydroxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{oxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{piperazinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl,\\ & \operatorname{hydroxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{oxy}C_{1-4}alkyl\operatorname{piperazinyl}C_{1-4}alkyl,\\ \end{split}$$

(hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)(C_{1.4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)(C_{1.4}alkyl)aminoC_{1.4}alkyl. di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl, furanyl, furanyl substituted with -CH=CH-CH=CH-, pyrrolidinylC1.4alkyl, pyrrolidinylC1.4alkyloxy, morpholinyl, morpholinylC1-4alkyloxy, morpholinylC1-4alkyl, morpholinylC1.4alkylamino, morpholinylC1.4alkylaminoC1.4alkyl, piperazinyl, C1_4alkylpiperazinyl, C1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkyloxy, piperazinylC1_4alkyl, C1.4alkylpiperazinylC1.4alkyl, C1.4alkylpiperazinylC1.4alkylamino. C1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkylaminoC1_6alkyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, piperidinylaminoC1.4alkylamino, piperidinylaminoC1.4alkylaminoC1.4alkyl, (C1.4alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkylamino, (C1_4alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkylaminoC1_4alkyl, pyridinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylamino, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylaminoC₁₋₄alkyl, di(C1_alkyl)aminoC1_alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.4alkyloxy, or thiophenylC1.4alkylamino; each R⁶ and R⁷ can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen;

aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0147] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>paragraph-embodiment [</u>0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0147]) are those in which one or more of the

following apply (wherein each of R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , and R^{15} , respectively, in <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0146]):

n is 0, 1 or 2;

t is
$$0, 1, 2$$
 or 3 ;
O is , $-\operatorname{CR}$, or $-\operatorname{CH}$;

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\it R}}^2$ is hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-6}}$ aikyi or napntalenyisuitonylpyrazinyl;

each R3 independently represents a hydrogen atom;

R4 is hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxyC1-6alkyl or C1-6alkyloxy;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl;

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-7) or (a-20);

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R^6 is independently selected from hydrogen; thiophenyl; furanyl; benzofuranyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one substituents independently selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, hydroxy C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulfonyl or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)amino; each R^7 is independently selected from hydrogen.

[0148] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0148]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹⁵, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0146]):

n is 1 or 2:

et is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

$$Q$$
 is $-CR$ $-CR$

R2 is hydrogen or C1.6alkvl;

each R3 independently represents a hydrogen atom;

R4 is hydrogen;

R5 is hydrogen or C1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkyl;

is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20):

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; thiophenyl; furanyl; benzofuranyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one substituents independently selected from C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy, hydroxyC1-4alkyl or di(C1-4alkyl)amino.

[0149] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0149]) are those in which R12 is H.

[0150] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph-embodiment [0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0150]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ in this paragraph-embodiment corresponds to R¹². R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹⁵, respectively, in paragraph embodiment [0146]):

t is 0:

R² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C1.salkvl)amino:

R4 is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC1.6alkyl, C1.6alkyl, C1.6alkyloxy, arvIC1.6alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC1.6alkyl, C1.6alkylaminoC1.6alkyl or di(C1.salkyl)aminoC1.salkyl;

R5 is hydrogen

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51); each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

 R^6 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxycarbonyl; C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; aryloxy; di $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano;

thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C_{1-6} alkyl;

C1-6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl;

C1.6alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; C1.6alkylpiperazinyl;

 $\label{eq:continuity} \begin{minipage}{0.9\textwidth} $hydroxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl; $C_{1-6}alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from $C_{1-6}alkyl$ or trihalo$C_{1-6}alkyl$; pyridinyl; pyridinyl; substituted with $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1-6}alkyl$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$ or trifluoromethyl; $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$ or trifluoromethyl; $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$ or $C_{1-6}alk$

 R^7 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alky

$$\begin{split} &C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkylsulfonyl}; \text{ hydroxyC}_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl}; \text{ aryloxy}; \text{ di}(C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl})\text{amino}; \text{ cyano}; \text{ pyridinyl}; \\ &\text{phenyl}; \text{ or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected} \\ &\text{from halo, C}_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl}, C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyloxy} \text{ or trifluoromethyl}. \end{split}$$

[0151] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0151]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ in this paragraph embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹⁵, respectively, in paragraph embodiment [0146]):

1 R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₁₀cycloalkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

(a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42) (a-43) or (a-44);

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b) each R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino;
 nitro; trihaloC1_6alkyl; trihaloC1_6alkyloxy; C1_6alkyl; C1_6alkyloxy;
 C1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkylcarbonyl; C1-6alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC1-6alkyl;
 hvdroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; hvdroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxy; hvdroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylamino;
 aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino;
 arvlC1.6alkyl)amino; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyloxy;
di(C1_salkyl)aminoC1_salkylamino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino;
 aryloxy; arylC2-6alkenediyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
cyano; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl, di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl,
C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl or di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; furanyl;
imidazolyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; piperidinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxy;
morpholinyl; C1-calkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC1-calkyloxy;
morpholinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxy;
C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; C1-6alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C1_kalkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_halkyl; hydroxyC1_halkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C_{1.6}alkyloxypiperidinylC_{1.6}alkyl; hydroxyC_{1.6}alkyloxyC_{1.6}alkyloxyC_{1.6}alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
```

 $\label{eq:continuous} (hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; pyrrolidinylC_{1-6}alkyl)(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; pyrrolidinylC_{1-6}alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituted substituted with C_{1-6}alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substitutents independently selected from halo, amino, C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxy, hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyloxy, C_{1-4}alkyloxy, aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl, piperidinylC_{1-4}alkyl, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl, hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC_{1$

$$\label{eq:continuity} \begin{split} & \text{hydroxyC}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyloxyC}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{piperazinylC}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|\text{C}_{1\text{-4}\text{alkyl}}|$$

$$\begin{split} &C_{1.4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1.4}alkyl,\\ &hydroxyC_{1.4}alkylamino, di(hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)amino,\\ &di(C_{1.4}alkyl)aminoC_{1.4}alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,\\ &aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy, or thiophenylC_{1.4}alkylamino. \end{split}$$

[0152] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0152]) include those in which the following are true (wherein each of R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ in this paragraph embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹⁵, respectively, in paragraph embodiment [0146]):

```
R^5 is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkyl, hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl or di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;
```

(a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-2), (a-3), (a-16), (a-17), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42) (a-43) or (a-44);

each R⁶ and R⁷ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxy; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylamino;

$$\begin{split} & aminoC_{1-6}alkyloxy; di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)amino; \\ & arylC_{1-6}alkyl)amino; di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyloxy; \\ & di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkylamino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; \\ & aryloxy; arylC_{2-6}alkenediyl; di(C_{1-6}alkyl)amino; \\ & di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; \end{split}$$

cyano; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with
$$\begin{split} &\text{di}(C_{1.6}\text{alkyl})\text{aminoC}_{1.6}\text{alkyl}(C_{1.6}\text{alkyl})\text{aminoC}_{1.6}\text{alkyl}, \ &\text{di}(C_{1.6}\text{alkyl})\text{aminoC}_{1.6}\text{alkyl}, \\ &C_{1.6}\text{alkyl}\text{piperazinylC}_{1.6}\text{alkyl} \ &\text{or} \ &\text{di}(\text{hydro} \text{xyC}_{1.6}\text{alkyl})\text{aminoC}_{1.6}\text{alkyl}; \ &\text{furanyl}; \end{split}$$

imidazolyl; C_{1-6} alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; piperidinyl C_{1-6} alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C_{1-6} alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl; C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkyl $C_$

pyrrolidinylC_{1.6}alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C1-6alkyl or trihaloC1-6alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo. amino, C1. salkyl, C1. salkyloxy, hydroxyC1.4alkyl; trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyloxy, C₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄alkyloxy, aminoC1_4alkyloxy, di(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyloxy, di(C1_4alkyl)amino, di(C1_aalkvl)aminoC1_aalkvl, di(C1_aalkvl)aminoC1_aalkvl(C1_aalkvl)aminoC1_aalkvl, piperidinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, di(C1-4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C1_4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxypiperidinyl, C1.4alkyloxypiperidinylC1.4alkyl, hydroxyC1.4alkyloxyC1.4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC1-4alkyloxyC1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, (hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)(C_{1.4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)(C_{1.4}alkyl)aminoC_{1.4}alkyl, pyrrolidinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, morpholinylC₁₋₄alkyl. Ci_alkylpiperazinyl, Ci_alkylpiperazinylCi_alkyloxy, C1_aalkylpiperazinylC1_aalkyl. hydroxyC1_4alkylamino, di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)amino,

 $di(C_{1.4}alkyl)aminoC_{1.4}alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,$ $aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy, or thiophenylC_{1.4}alkylamino.$

[0153] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0146] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0153]) include those in which the following are true (wherein each of R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ in this paragraph embodiment corresponds to R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹⁵, respectively, in paragraph embodiment [0146]):
t is 0:

R² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C_{1.6}alkyl)amino;

R4 is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyl,

C1-6alkyloxy, arylC1-6alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC1-6alkyl,

C1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl or di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;

R5 is hydrogen;

—(A) .

is a radical selected from

(a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14),

(a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25),

(a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37),

(a-38), (a-49), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51); each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy;

C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkylcarbonyl; C1-6alkyloxycarbonyl;

C₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; aryloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C₁₋₆alkyl;

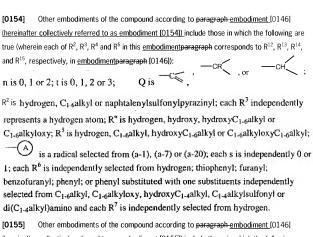
C1.6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl;

C1_6alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinyl;

hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C₁₋₆alkyl or trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl; and

 R^7 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyl); aryloxy; di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl

substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.



n is 1 or 2; t is 0, 1, 2 or 3; Q is _____,

R² is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl, each R³ independently represents a hydrogen atom; R⁴ is

hydrogen; R⁵ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl; — (A) is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20); each s is independently 0 or 1; and each R⁶ is independently selected from hydrogen; thiophenyl; furanyl; benzofuranyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one substituents independently selected from C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyl or di(C₁₋₄alkyl)amino.

[0156] Particular embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0136] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0156]) include the following

HO-NH NH-O	CI CO PINON
HO H TO ME STORY	DH NH
NH NH	OH OH
S-NH H-OH	S N N OH
N N N NO	

HO, H, C,	
	HO H
HO H	HO H N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
HO TO THE TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE TOTAL	
HO H	HO, II, II, II, III, III, III, III, III,
	HO N CHI

HO. H. N.	No the second se
	ON SHOW NOW
Mark Mark Mark	OH NOT
HO H LAT WHO H	HOTH
CONFINANT AND	BO'N NO
OH NOR	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(O)-NH-OH) is replaced with

wherein ϕ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably embodiments [0048] and [0049].

[0157] In the compounds of paragraph embodiments [0146] - [0156], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in paragraphs embodiments [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of paragraphs embodiments [0146] - [0156], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0157].

[0158] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (9) (hereinafter embodiment [0158]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH:

R1 is H or as defined in embodiment paragraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodiment paragraph [0046]:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, C₁-C₇-akyl, haloalkyl, C₁-C₇-alkenyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl, C₁-C₇-acyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylaminosulfonyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylamine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylamine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylamine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-C(O)-amine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-C(O)- R¹² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, hydroxyamino or naphtalenylsulfonylpyrazinyl;

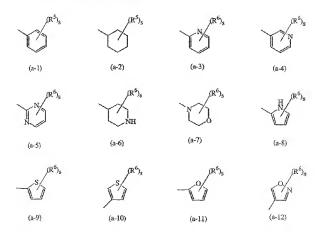
R¹³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

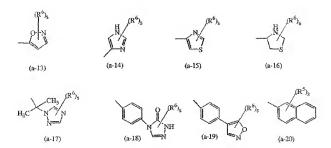
when Z is equal to nitrogen, then-L- is a direct bond;

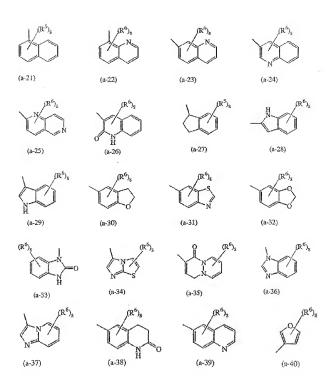
when Z is equal to $\stackrel{-\text{CH}^-}{}$, then $-\text{L}^-$ is $-\text{NH}^-$ or the bivalent radical $-\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkanediylNH-;

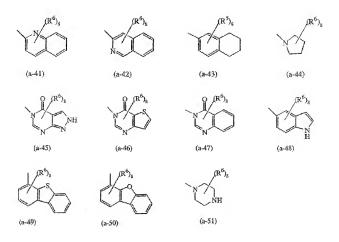
R¹⁴ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₁₀cycloalkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl or aryl;

is a radical selected from









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wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;
each R5 and R6 are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro;
  trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyl substituted with aryl and
 C3.10cycloalkyl; C1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkyloxyC1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkylcarbonyl;
  C1-6alkyloxycarbonyl; C1-6alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyl;
  hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylamino; aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy;
  di(C1-6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)amino; (aryl)(C1-6alkyl)amino;
 di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino;
 di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino;
  arvloxy; arvloxyC1_calkyl; arvlC2_calkenediyl; di(C1_calkyl)amino;
 di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl; di(C1.6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)amino;
  di(C1.6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl;
  di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl(C1.6alkyl)amino;
  di(C1-62lkyl)aminoC1-62lkyl(C1-62lkyl)aminoC1-62lkyl;
 aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;
  aminosulfonylamino(C1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkyl;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; cyano; thiophenyl;
thiophenyl substituted with di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl,
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl,
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,
di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl,
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oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; piperidinyl C_{1-6} alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; morpholinyl C_{1-6} alkyloxy;

 C_{1-6} alkyloxypiperidinyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxypiperidinyl C_{1-6} alkyl, morpholinyl C_{1-6} alkyl, hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl, or di(hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl;

 $morpholinylC_{1-6}$ alkyl; $morpholinylC_{1-6}$ alkylamino; $morpholinylC_{1-6}$ alkylamino C_{1-6} alkyl; piperazinyl; C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl;

C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; piperazinylC1-6alkyl; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperazinyl; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperidinyl; naphtalenylsulfony C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylamino; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl; piperidinylaminoC₁₋₆alkylamino; piperidinylaminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl; (C1-6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino; (C1-6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl: $(hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)(C_{1-6}alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;$ hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl; di(hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; pyrrolidinylC_{1.6}alkyl; pyrrolidinylC_{1.6}alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two substituents selected from C1-6alkyl or trihaloC1-6alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; quinolinyl; indolyl; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy,

hvdroxyC1-4alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC1-4alkyloxy,

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\begin{split} &C_{1-4}alkylsulfonyl,\ C_{1-4}alkyloxyC_{1-4}alkyloxy,\ C_{1-4}alkyloxycarbonyl,\\ &aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy,\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy,\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminocarbonyl,\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl),\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &aminosulfonylamino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ &aminosulfonylamino(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl,\ cyano,\\ &piperidinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy,\ pyrrolidinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy,\ aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,\\ &aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl,\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,\\ &di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl,\ hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl,\ hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyloxypiperidinyl,\ hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyloxypiperidinyl,\ hydroxyC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyloxypiperidinyl,\ hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyloxypiperidinyl,\ hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyloxypiperidinyl,\
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C1_4alkyloxypiperidinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, (hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)(C_{1.4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl)(C_{1.4}alkyl)aminoC_{1.4}alkyl. di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl, furanyl, furanyl substituted with -CH=CH-CH=CH-, pytrolidinylC1_4alkyl, pytrolidinylC1_4alkyloxy, morpholinyl, morpholinylC1_4alkyloxy, morpholinylC1_4alkyl, morpholinylC_{1-a}alkylamino, morpholinylC₁₋₄alkylaminoC₁₋₄alkyl, piperazinyl, C1_4alkylpiperazinyl, C1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkyloxy, piperazinylC1_4alkyl, C1.4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, C1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkylamino, C1.4alkylpiperazinylC1.4alkylaminoC1.6alkyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, piperidinylaminoC1-4alkylamino, piperidinylaminoC1-4alkylaminoC1-4alkyl, (C1-4alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkylamino, (C1_4alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkylaminoC1_4alkyl, pyridinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy, hydroxyC1_aalkylamino, hydroxyC1_aalkylaminoC1_aalkyl, di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinyIC1.4alkyloxy, or thiophenylC1.4alkylamino; each R5 and R6 can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen;

aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0159] Other embodiments of the compound according to paragraph embodiment [0158] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0159]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in paragraph-embodiment [0158]):

n is 1;
$$Q$$
 is $-CR$, $-CR$, OR

R² is hydrogen or nitro;

R³ is hydrogen;

when Z is equal to CH, then L- is the bivalent radical -C₁₋₆alkanediylNH-; R⁴ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl or aryl;

is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-21);

each s is independently 0, 1 or 2;

each R^5 is independently selected from hydrogen; halo; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyloxy; cyano or phenyl.

[0160] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0158] (Nereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment[0160]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0158]):

X is nitrogen; Y is nitrogen;

R2 is hydrogen;

R3 is hydrogen;

when Z is equal to CH, then L- is the bivalent radical -C₁₋₆alkanediylNH-; R⁴ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl or aryl;

is the radical (a-1);

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R5 is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

[0161] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0158] <a href="mailto:kneerinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0161]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0158]):

- R² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;
- R^3 is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyl, amino C_{1-6} alkyl, aminoC
- R4 is hydrogen;
 - (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-17), (a-18), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);
- each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl; C₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; aryloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆alkyltniazolyl; C₁₋₆alkyltniazolyl;

hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C₁₋₆alkyl or trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl; R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0162] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph (0158) (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0162]) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (0158)):

7 is N:

- R² is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl or di(C_{1.6}alkyl)amino;
- R³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminoCarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

R4 is hydrogen;

(a-1), (a-1), (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy;

C1.6alkyl; C1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkylcarbonyl; C1.6alkyloxycarbonyl;

 C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; aryloxy; di $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; benzofuranyl;

imidazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;

C₁₋₆alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl;

hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C₁₋₆alkyl or trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl; substituted with C₁₋₆alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl; and R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; aryloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0163] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0158] <a href="mailto:hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0163]) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0158]):

n is 1; Q is
$$\xrightarrow{-C}$$
; —CR , or —CH \mathbb{R}^2 is hydrogen or nitro; \mathbb{R}^3 ...

hydrogen; when Z is equal to CH, then -L is the bivalent radical

- $C_{1.6}$ alkanediylNH.; R^4 is hydrogen, $C_{1.6}$ alkyl or aryl; is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-21); each s is independently 0, 1 or 2; and each R^5 is independently selected from hydrogen; halo; trihalo $C_{1.6}$ alkyl; trihalo $C_{1.6}$ alkyloxy; $C_{1.6}$ alkyl; $C_{1.6}$ alkyloxy;

C1-6alkylcarbonyl; aryloxy; cyano or phenyl.

[0164] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph (https://energiagraph (on R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (0158)):

$$_{0 \text{ is}}$$
 —CK, —CR, $_{, \text{ or}}$ —CH, $_{;}$

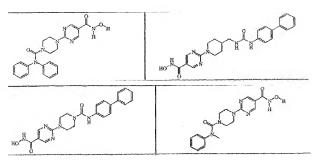
R² is hydrogen; R³ is hydrogen; when Z is equal to -CH, then

- -L- is the bivalent radical -C_{1.6}alkanediylNH-; R⁴ is hydrogen, C_{1.6}alkyl or aryl;
- is the radical (a-1); each s is independently 0 or 1; and each R⁵ is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

[0165] Particular embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0158] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0165]) include the following

HO-1H	HO-NH JI-O
HO-NH N too	HO-NH N-C
HN N N N O O	HBN N I WAS ON
HN CH OH	F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N-F-N
HN CHANGE	HO-NH NEO H
HIN NO NICO	HO-NH N=O

HO-NH N=O	HO-NH NH NH
HO-NH HO	HO-NH N-O F
HO-NH SteO	HO-NH HO
N. HO	HIT HAS
HO-NH JHE O	HN HO
HN N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	**************************************



in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(O)-NH-OH) is replaced with

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049].

[0166] In the compounds of mbodiments.paragraphs [0158] - [0165], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in mbodimentsparagraphs [0165], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Such [0165], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Such are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0166].

[0167] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (10) (hereinafter embodiment [0167]):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^1 & O \\ R^2 & N \\ R^3 & R^4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} P^{12} & R^{12} \\ N & N \\ N & N \\ N & N \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} C(H_2)_h \\ N & N \\ Z - (CH_2)_m \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} (CH_2)_h \\ N & N \\ N & N \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} (CH_2)_h \\ N & N \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} (CH_2)_h \\ N & N \end{array}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

 Φ is -NH₂ or -OH;

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

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n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when n is 0 then a direct bond is intended:

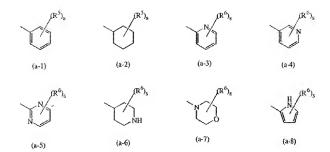
m is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and when m is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

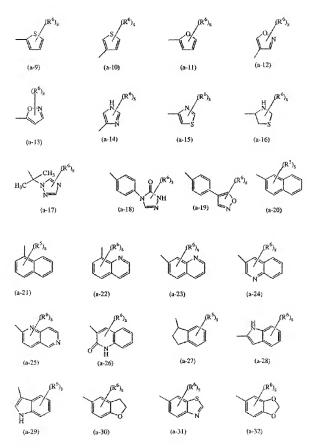
t is 0 or 1 and when t is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

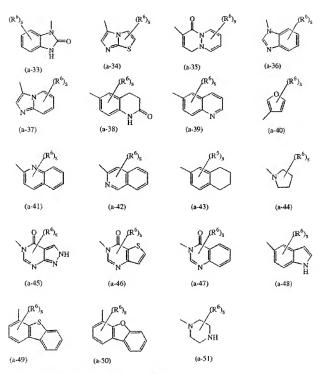
Z is -CH2- or -O-;

- R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, C_TC_8 -cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, C_T-C_7 -akyl, haloalkyl, C_T-C_7 -alkenyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfanyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylamine, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylamine, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylamine, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-arylamine, C_T-C_7 -alkyl-c(O)-amine, C_T-
- R¹² is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl) or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;
 - -L- is a bivalent radical selected from $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl, carbonyl, sulfonyl, or $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl substituted with phenyl;









wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

each R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyl substituted with aryl and C₃₋₁₀cycloalkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl; C₁₋₆alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC₁₋₆alkyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl;

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hydroxyC<sub>1</sub>_calkyloxy; hydroxyC<sub>1</sub>_calkylamino; aminoC<sub>1</sub>_calkyloxy;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)amino; (aryl)(C1-6alkyl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkylaminoC1.6alkyl; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino;
arvlox v: arvlox vC1. alkvl: arvlC2. alkenedivl: di(C1. alkvl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino(C1-6alkyl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)amino(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;
aminosulfonylamino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl;
di(C1_6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1_6alkyl)amino;
di(C1.aalkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1.aalkyl)aminoC1.aalkyl; cyano; thiophenyl;
thiophenyl substituted with di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl,
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl, C1.6alkylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl,
hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl,
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,
di(C1.6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl,
C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl, C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl, morpholinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl,
hydroxyC1_6alkyl(C1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkyl, or di(hydroxyC1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkyl;
furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl;
oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl;
pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; piperidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylmorpholinyl;
morpholinylC1.6alkyloxy;
morpholinylC1.6alkyl; morpholinylC1.6alkylamino;
morpholinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; piperazinyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
C1.6alkylpiperazinylC1.6alkyloxy; piperazinylC1.6alkyl;
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 C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyi C_{1-6} alkyloxy; piperazinyi C_{1-6} alkyi; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperazinyl; naphtalenylsulfonyl; C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinyl C_{1-6} alkylpiperazinylp

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C1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkylaminoC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C1_6alkyloxypiperidinylC1_6alkyl; piperidinylaminoC1_6alkylamino;
piperidinylaminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl;
(C1-6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylamino;
(C1-6alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
hvdroxyC1.calkyloxyC1.calkylpiperazinylC1.calkyl;
(hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl
substituted with two substituents selected from C1.6alkyl or trihaloC1.6alkyl;
pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl;
tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
quinolinyl; indolyl; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents
independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy,
hydroxyC1_alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC1_alkyloxy,
C1_4alkylsulfonyl, C1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkyloxy, C1_4alkyloxycarbonyl,
aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyloxy, di(C1-4alkyl)amino,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminocarbonyl, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkylaminoC1-4alkyl,
di(C1.4alkyl)amino(C1.4alkyl)amino, di(C1.4alkyl)amino(C1.4alkyl)amino(C1.4alkyl)
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di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkyl(C₁₋₄alkyl)amino, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkyl(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkyl,

aminosulfonylamino($C_{1.4}$ alkyl)amino, aminosulfonylamino($C_{1.4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1.4}$ alkyl)aminosulfonylamino($C_{1.4}$ alkyl)aminosulfonylamino($C_{1.4}$ alkyl)amino, di(C1.4alkvl)aminosulfonvlamino(C1.4alkvl)aminoC1.6alkvl, cyano, piperidinylC1-4alkyloxy, pyrrofidinylC1-4alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl. aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, di(C1_4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl, di(C1_4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC1_alkylpiperazinylC1_alkyl, C1_alkyloxypiperidinyl, C1_4alkyloxypiperidinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyloxyC₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, (hydroxyC1.4alkyl)(C1.4alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC1.4alkyl)(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl, di(hydroxyC1-4alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl, furanyl, furanyl substituted with -CH=CH-CH=CH-, pyrrolidinylC_{1.4}alkyl, pyrrolidinylC_{1.4}alkyloxy, morpholinyl, morpholinylC1-4alkyloxy, morpholinylC1-4alkyl, morpholinylC_{1.4}alkylamino, morpholinylC_{1.4}alkylaminoC_{1.4}alkyl, piperazinyl, C1-4alkylpiperazinyl, C1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyloxy, piperazinylC1-4alkyl, C1.4alkylpiperazinylC1.4alkyl, C1.4alkylpiperazinylC1.4alkylamino, C1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkylaminoC1-6alkyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl, tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC1.4alkyl, piperidinylaminoC1.4alkylamino, piperidinylaminoC1.4alkylaminoC1.4alkyl, (C1.4alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkylamino, (C1_dalkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC1_dalkyl)aminoC1_dalkylaminoC1_dalkyl, pyridinylC1-4alkyloxy,

hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylamino, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylaminoC₁₋₄alkyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminoC₁₋₄alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl, aminosulfonylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, or thiophenylC₁₋₄alkylamino; each R⁵ and R⁶ can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen;

aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0168] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0167] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0168]) are those in which one or more of the

following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0167I):

R2 is hydrogen;

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from carbonyl, sulfonyl, or C_{1-6} alkanediyl substituted with phenyl;

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-20) or (a-43);

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R5 is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

[0169] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0167]

(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0169]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0167]):

n is 0, 1 or 2;

m is 1 or 2;
O is
$$-\operatorname{cr}$$
, $-\operatorname{cr}$, or $-\operatorname{cr}$;

X is nitrogen;

R2 is hydrogen;

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from carbonyl or sulfonyl;

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R5 is independently selected from hydrogen or aryl.

[0170] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0167] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0170]) are those in which one or more of the

following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³. and R14, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (01671):

t is 0:

R2 is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy, arvlC+6alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC+6alkyl, C+6alkylaminoC+6alkyl or di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from C1.6alkanediyl, carbonyl or sulfonyl;

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20). (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32). (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; Ci_salkyl; Ci_salkyloxy; Ci_salkylcarbonyl; Ci_salkyloxycarbonyl; C1_6alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC1_6alkyl; aryloxy; di(C1_6alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC1.6alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolvi: oxazolvi: oxazolvi substituted with arvi and C1.6alkvi; Ci_calkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl;

C1.6alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; C1.6alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl; C1-6alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C1.6alkyl or trihaloC1.6alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1.6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl; R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC_{1.6}alkyl; trihaloC_{1.6}alkyloxy; C1.6alkyl; C1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkylcarbonyl; C1.6alkyloxycarbonyl; C1-6alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyl; aryloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0171] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0167] <a href="mailto:(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0171]), include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (0167)):

t is 0:

R² is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from C1.6alkanediyl, carbonyl or sulfonyl;

(a-10), (a-11), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

s is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4:

R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; substituted with hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl; oxazolyl; substituted with aryl and C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl; C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C₁₋₆alkyl or trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl;

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pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl: pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl; and R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; aryloxy; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0172] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0167] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0172]) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (0167)):

n is 0, 1 or 2; m is 0, 1, or 2; Q is
$$-$$
C \neq , $-$ CR \neq , or $-$ CH \neq ; X is nitrogen

sulfonyl, or C_{1.6}alkanediyl substituted with phenyl; is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-20) or (a-43); s is 0 or 1; and each R⁵ is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

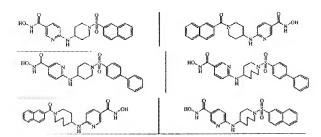
[0173] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0167] (<u>hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0173]</u>) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0167]):

n is 0, 1 or 2; m is 0, 1, or 2; Q is
$$-CR$$
, or $-CH$; X is nitroger

R2 is hydrogen; -L- is a bivalent radical selected from carbonyl or

sulfonyl; —(A) is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20); each s is independently 0 or 1; and each R⁵ is independently selected from hydrogen or aryl.

[0174] Particular embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0167] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0174]) include the following



in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(0)-NH-OH) is replaced with

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably [0048] and [0049].

[0175] In the compounds of embodiments.paragraphs [0167]- [0174], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodimentsparagraphs [0167]- [0174], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H._Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0175].

[0176] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (11) (hereinafter embodiment [0176]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH2 or -OH;

R¹ is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

t is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 and when t is 0 then a direct bond is intended;

X is nitrogen or

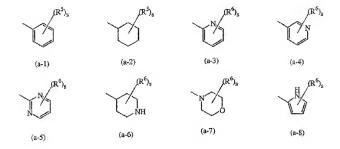
Y is nitrogen or -CS;

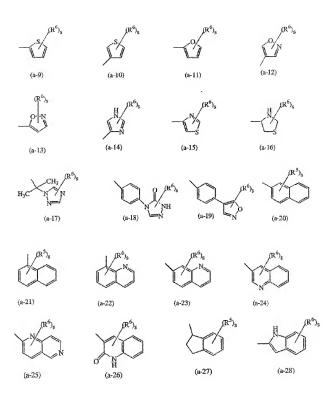
Z is -NH-, -O- or -CH2-;

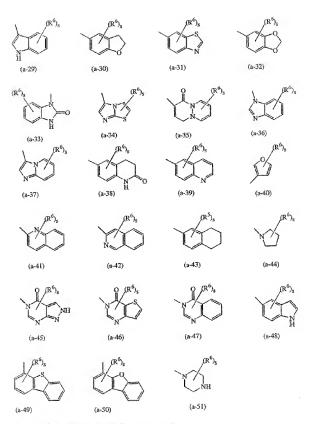
R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -NH₂, nitro, hydroxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, C₁-C₇-akyl, haloalkyl, C₁-C₇-alkenyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl, C₁-C₇-acyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylsulfinyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylaminosulfonyl, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylamine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylamine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-arylamine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-C(O)-amine, C₁-C₇-alkyl-C(O)-a

- R¹² is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, aminocarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxycarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl)
 - -L- is a bivalent radical selected from -NR⁹C(O)-, -NR⁹SO₂- or -NR⁹CH₂-wherein R⁹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₁₆cycloalkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

A is a radical selected from







wherein each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5; each R5 and R6 are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; 153

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trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyl substituted with aryl and
C3-10cycloalkyl; C1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyloxyC1-6alkyloxy; C1-6alkyloxyi;
C1_6alkyloxycarbonyl; C1_6alkylsulfonyl; cyanoC1_6alkyl; hydroxyC1_6alkyl;
hydroxyC1-6alkyloxy; hydroxyC1-6alkylamino; aminoC1-6alkyloxy;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1.6alkyl)amino; (aryl)(C1.6alkyl)amino;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyloxy; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkylamino;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkylaminoC1.6alkyl; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino;
aryloxy; aryloxyC1-6alkyl; arylC2-6alkenediyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)amino;
di(C1.6alkyl)amino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl(C1.6alkyl)amino;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
aminosulfonylamino(C1-6alkyl)amino;
aminosulfonylamino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl;
di(C1-falkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1-falkyl)amino;
di(C1.6alkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl; cyano; thiophenyl;
thiophenyl substituted with di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl,
di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl,
hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl,
 hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl,
 di(C1.6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl,
C_{1\text{--}6} alkyloxypiperidinyl, C_{1\text{--}6} alkyloxypiperidinyl C_{1\text{--}6} alkyl, morpholinyl C_{1\text{--}6} alkyloxypiperidinyl C_{1\text{--}6} alkyloxypiperidi
 hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
 furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC1-6alkyl; benzofuranyl; imidazolyl;
 oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C1-6alkyl; C1-6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl;
 pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; piperidinylC1.6alkyloxy; morpholinyl; C1.6alkylmorpholinyl;
 morpholinylC1_salkyloxy;
 morpholinylC1-6alkyl; morpholinylC1-6alkylamino;
 morpholinylC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl; piperazinyl; C1-6alkylpiperazinyl;
 C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; piperazinylC1-6alkyl;
 naphtalenylsulfonylpiperazinyl; naphtalenylsulfonylpiperidinyl; naphtalenylsulfonyl;
 C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylamino;
 C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-6}alkylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl; C_{1-6}alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
 aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
 aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
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di(C1.6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl; hydroxyC1.6alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C1.salkyloxypiperidinylC1.salkyl; piperidinylaminoC1.salkylamino;
piperidinylaminoC1-6alkylaminoC1-6alkyl;
(Ct.salkyloiperidinyl)(hydroxyCt.salkyl)aminoCt.salkylamino;
(C_{1-6}alkylpiperidinyl)(hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl;
hvdroxvC1.salkvloxvC1.salkvlpiperazinvl;
hvdroxyC1.6alkyloxyC1.6alkylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl;
(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)(C1-6alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC1-6alkyl)(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; di(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; pyrrolidinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl
substituted with two substituents selected from C1-6alkyl or trihaloC1-6alkyl;
pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl;
tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinyl; tetrahydropyrimidinylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents
independently selected from halo, amino, nitro, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy,
hydroxyCt_alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyCt_alkyloxy,
C1.4alkylsulfonyl, C1.4alkyloxyC1.4alkyloxy, C1.4alkyloxycarbonyl,
aminoC1_4alkyloxy, di(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyloxy, di(C1_4alkyl)amino,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminocarbonyl, di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl,
di(C1_aalkyl)aminoC1_aalkylaminoC1_aalkyl,
di(C1.4elkyl)amino(C1.4alkyl)amino, di(C1.4alkyl)amino(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl,
di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl(C1.4alkyl)amino,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl,
aminosulfonylamino(C1-4alkyl)amino,
aminosulfonylamino(C1-4alkyl)aminoC1-4alkyl,
di(C1_salkyl)aminosulfonylamino(C1_salkyl)amino,
di(C1.48lkvl)aminosulfonvlamino(C1.4alkvl)aminoC1.4alkvl, evano.
piperidinylC<sub>1,4</sub>alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC<sub>1,4</sub>alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_talkyl, di(C1_talkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, hydroxyC1-4alkylpiperazinyl,
hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl,
C1.4alkyloxypiperidinylC1.4alkyl, hydroxyC1.4alkyloxyC1.4alkylpiperazinyl,
hydroxyC1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl,
(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)(C1_4alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC1_4alkyl)(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl,
di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)amino, di(hydroxyC1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl, furanyl, furanyl
substituted with -CH=CH-CH=CH-, pyrrolidinylC1-4alkyl, pyrrolidinylC1-4alkyloxy,
morpholinyl, morpholinylC1_alkyloxy, morpholinylC1_alkyl,
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 $\label{eq:controlled} morpholinylC_{1-4}alkylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl, piperazinyl. $$C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinyl, C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyl, C_{1-4}alkylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkylpiper$

pyridinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylamino, hydroxyC₁₋₄alkylaminoC₁₋₄alkyl,

di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,

aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyloxy, or thiophenylC1-4alkylamino;

each R5 and R6 can be placed on the nitrogen in replacement of the hydrogen;

aryl in the above is phenyl, or phenyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano or hydroxycarbonyl.

[0177] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0176]

(hereinafter collectively referred to as <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in <u>embodimentparagraph</u> (0176]):

R12 is hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-6alkyl, or arylC1-6alkyl;

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from -NHC(O)- or -NHSO2-;

is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20);

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R5 is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

[0178] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0176] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0178]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0176]):

t is 1;

$$O_{is} - CC_{;}$$
, $-CR_{;}$ or $-CH_{;}$

X is nitrogen;

Y is nitrogen;

R12 is H;

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from -NHC(O)- or -NHSO2-;

is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20);

each s is independently 0 or 1;

each R5 is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

[0179] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0176]

(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0179]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0176]):

t is 0:

R12 is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, hydroxyC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy,

 $arylC_{1-6}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminoC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl or \\ di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;$

-I .- is a bivalent radical selected from -NHC(O)- or -NHSO2-:

(a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R⁵ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆a

$$\begin{split} &C_{1-6}alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl; aryloxy; di(C_{1-6}alkyl)amino; cyano; \\ &thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl; benzofuranyl; \\ &imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C_{1-6}alkyl; \end{split}$$

C1.6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl;

C1-6alkylmorpholinyl; piperazinyl;

C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl;

 C_{1-6} alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C_{1-6} alkyl or trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C_{1-6} alkyloxy, aryloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl;

 R^6 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyl; trihalo C_{1-6} alkyloxy; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkyl; C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl; hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl; aryloxy; di $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl;

phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, $C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl,\,C_{1\text{-}6}alkyloxy$ or trifluoromethyl.

[0180] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0176]

(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment[0180]) are those in which one or more of the following apply (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0176]):

R³ and R⁴ are each independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxyC_{1.6}alkyl, aminoC_{1.6}alkyl or aminoaryl;

(a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42) (a-43) or (a-44);

each R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyloxy;

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C_salkyloxyC_salkyloxy; C_salkylcarbonyl; C_salkylsulfonyl; cyanoC_salkyl;
hvdroxyC1_calkyl; hvdroxyC1_calkyloxy; hvdroxyC1_calkylamino;
aminoC1.6alkvloxy; di(C1.6alkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1.6alkyl)amino;
ary[C1.6alkyl]amino; di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyloxy;
di(C)_calkyl)aminoC+_salkylamino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy;
arvlCa_salkenedivl; di(Ca_salkvl)amino;
di(C1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkyl; di(C1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkyl(C1_6alkyl)aminoC1_6alkyl;
cyano; thiophenyl; thiophenyl substituted with
di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl, di(C1.6alkyl)aminoC1.6alkyl,
C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl or di(hydroxyC1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; furanyl;
imidazolvi; C1-6alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; piperidinylC1-6alkyloxy;
morpholinyl; C1.6alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC1.6alkyloxy;
morpholinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl; C<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxy;
C1.6alkylpiperazinylC1.6alkyl; C1.6alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-falkyl; di(C1-falkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C1.salkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.salkyl; hydroxyC1.salkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC1_6alkylpiperazinylC1_6alkyl; C1_6alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C_{1-6}alkyloxypiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl; hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
(hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
pyrrolidinylC1-6alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two
substituents selected from C1.6alkvl or trihaloC1.6alkvl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl
substituted with C1-6alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; phenyl
substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from halo,
amino, C1.6alkyl, C1.6alkyloxy, hydroxyC1.4alkyl, trifluoromethyl,
trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC1.4alkyloxy, C1.4alkyloxyC1.4alkyloxy,
aminoC1.4alkyloxy, di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyloxy, di(C1.4alkyl)amino,
di(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl, di(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl(C1_4alkyl)aminoC1_4alkyl,
piperidinylC1-4alkyloxy, pyrrolidinylC1-4alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1.4alkyl, di(C1.4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
di(C1_4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl,
hydroxyC1.4alkylpiperazinylC1.4alkyl, C1.4alkyloxypiperidinyl,
C1_alkyloxypiperidinylC1_alkyl, hydroxyC1_alkyloxyC1_alkylpiperazinyl,
hvdroxyCt_aalkyloxyCt_aalkylpiperazinylCt_aalkyl,
(hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
pyrrolidinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, morpholinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, morpholinylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
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C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinyl, C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyloxy,

 $C_{1\text{-4}alkylpiperazinyl}C_{1\text{-4}alkyl,} \ hydroxy\\ C_{1\text{-4}alkylamino,} \ di(hydroxy\\ C_{1\text{-4}alkyl)\\ amino\\ C_{1\text{-4}alkylamino,} \ aminothiadiazolyl,$

aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyloxy, or thiophenylC1-4alkylamino.

[0181] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0176] (<u>https://documentparagraph</u> (0181)) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0176]):

 $\ensuremath{R^3}$ and $\ensuremath{R^4}$ are each independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy,

hydroxyC_{1.6}alkyl, aminoC_{1.6}alkyl or aminoaryl;

(a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-6), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-27), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32), (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42) (a-43) or (a-44);

each R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy; C₁₋₆alkyloxy;

 $C_{1\text{-}6} alkyloxy C_{1\text{-}6} alkyloxy; C_{1\text{-}6} alkylcarbonyl; C_{1\text{-}6} alkylsulfonyl; cyano C_{1\text{-}6} alkyl;$

hydroxyC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyloxy; hydroxyC1-6alkylamino;

aminoC1_falkyloxy; di(C1_falkyl)aminocarbonyl; di(hydroxyC1_falkyl)amino;

arylC1-6alkyl)amino; di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyloxy;

di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkylamino; arylsulfonyl; arylsulfonylamino; aryloxy; arylC₂₋₆alkenediyl; di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino;

di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl;

di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl; cyano; thiophenyl;

thiophenyl substituted with di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl,

di(C1-6alkyl)aminoC1-6alkyl, C1-6alkylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl or

 $di(hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;$ furanyl; imidazolyl; $C_{1-6}alkyltriazolyl;$ tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; piperidinyl $C_{1-6}alkyloxy;$ morpholinyl;

C₁₋₆alkylmorpholinyl; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy; morpholinylC₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinyl; C₁₋₆alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₆alkyloxy;

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C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylsulfonyl;
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
aminosulfonvlpiperazinvlC1..6alkvl;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl;
di(C1-6alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-6alkyl; hydroxyC1-6alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinyl;
C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxypiperidinylC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylpiperazinyl;
hydroxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1.6</sub>alkylpiperazinylC<sub>1.6</sub>alkyl;
(hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino; (hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;
pyrrolidinylC1-6alkyloxy; pyrazolyl; thiopyrazolyl; pyrazolyl substituted with two
substituents selected from C1-6alkyl or trihaloC1-6alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl
substituted with C1-6alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl;
phenyl substituted with one, two or three substituents independently selected from
halo, amino, C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxy, hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl, trifluoromethyl,
trifluoromethyloxy, hydroxyC1-4alkyloxy, C1-4alkyloxyC1-4alkyloxy,
aminoC1.4alkyloxy,
di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyloxy, \\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino, \\ di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl, \\
di(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl(C1.4alkyl)aminoC1.4alkyl, piperidinylC1.4alkyloxy,
pyrrolidinylC1-4alkyloxy, aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, di(C1-4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinyl,
di(C1-4alkyl)aminosulfonylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, hydroxyC1-4alkylpiperazinyl,
hydroxyC1-4alkylpiperazinylC1-4alkyl, C1-4alkyloxypiperidinyl,
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C₁₋₄alkylpiperazinylC₁₋₄alkyl, hydròxyC₁₋₄alkylamino, di(hydroxyC₁₋₄alkyl)amino,

 $(hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino, (hydroxyC_{1-4}alkyl)(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ pyrrolidinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy, morpholinylC_{1-4}alkyl,\\ \\$

 $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminoC_{1-4}alkylamino, aminothiadiazolyl,$ $aminosulfonylpiperazinylC_{1-4}alkyloxy,$ or thiophenylC_{1-4}alkylamino.

C1_4alkyloxypiperidinylC1_4alkyl, hydroxyC1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkylpiperazinyl,

hydroxyC1_4alkyloxyC1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkyl,

C1_4alkylpiperazinyl, C1_4alkylpiperazinylC1_4alkyloxy,

Other embodiments of the compound according to embodiment paragraph [0176] [0182] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0182]) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (01761):

t is 0:

-L- is a bivalent radical selected from -NHC(O)- or -NHSO2-:

is a radical selected from (a-1), (a-3), (a-4), (a-5), (a-6), (a-7), (a-8), (a-9), (a-10), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (a-14), (a-15), (a-16), (a-17), (a-18), (a-19), (a-20), (a-21), (a-22), (a-23), (a-24), (a-25), (a-26), (a-28), (a-29), (a-30), (a-31), (a-32). (a-33), (a-34), (a-35), (a-36), (a-37), (a-38), (a-39), (a-40), (a-41), (a-42), (a-44), (a-45), (a-46), (a-47), (a-48) or (a-51);

each s is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R5 is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC1-6alkyl; trihaloC1-6alkyloxy;

C1_6alkyl; C1_6alkyloxy; C1_6alkylcarbonyl; C1_6alkyloxycarbonyl;

C1-6alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC1-6alkyl; aryloxy; di(C1-6alkyl)amino; cyano; thiophenyl; furanyl; furanyl substituted with hydroxyC1-galkyl; benzofuranyl;

imidazolyl; oxazolyl; oxazolyl substituted with aryl and C1-6alkyl;

C. alkyltriazolyl; tetrazolyl; pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolyl; morpholinyl;

C+_alkvimorpholinvl; piperazinvl;

C1.6alkylpiperazinyl; hydroxyC1.6alkylpiperazinyl;

C1.6alkyloxypiperidinyl; pyrazoly; pyrazolyl substituted with one or two substituents selected from C1.6alkyl or trihaloC1.6alkyl; pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with C1-6alkyloxy or aryl; pyrimidinyl; quinolinyl; indole; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl;

and R⁶ is hydrogen; halo; hydroxy; amino; nitro; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyl; trihaloC₁₋₆alkyloxy;

C1.6alkyl; C1.6alkyloxy; C1.6alkylcarbonyl; C1.6alkyloxycarbonyl;

C1.6alkylsulfonyl; hydroxyC1.6alkyl; aryloxy; di(C1.6alkyl)amino; cyano; pyridinyl; phenyl; or phenyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from halo, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkyloxy or trifluoromethyl.

[0183] Other embodiments of the compound according to <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0176] (<u>hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0183]</u>) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this <u>embodimentparagraph</u> corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph [0176]):

t is 0 or 1; Q is
$$-CR$$
, or $-CH$; X is nitrogen R¹² is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_{1-6} alkyl or aryl C_{1-6} alkyl; -L- is a bivalent radical selected from

--NHC(O)- or -NHSO₂-; is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20); each s is independently 0 or 1; and each R⁵ is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

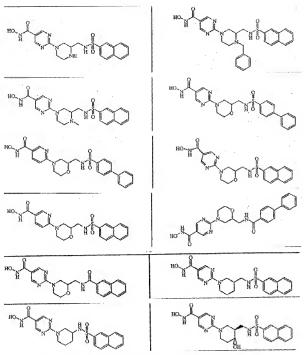
[0184] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph (0176)

(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0184]) include the following (wherein each of R², R³, and R⁴ in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹², R¹³, and R¹⁴, respectively, in embodimentparagraph (0176)):

R2 is hydrogen; -L- is a bivalent radical selected

from –NHC(O)- or -NHSO₂-; ——(A) is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-20); each s is independently 0 or 1; and each R⁵ is independently selected from hydrogen or phenyl.

[0185] Particular embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0176] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0185]) include the following



in which the terminal hydroxamic acid moiety (-C(O)-NH-OH) is replaced with

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably embodiments [0048] and [0049].

[0186] In the compounds of embodimentsparagraphs [0176] - [0185], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodimentsparagraphs [0176] - [0185], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0186].

[0187] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (12) (hereinafter embodiment [0187]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH;

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

 $\operatorname{Ring} A$ is a heterocyclyl, wherein if said heterocyclyl contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from G;

R¹¹ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkanoyloxy, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)sulphamoyl, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amoyl, aryl, aryloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C₁₋₆alkyl or a group (D-E-); wherein R¹, including group (D-E-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more V; and wherein, if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from J;

V is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)carbamoyl, N-N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zambamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)zaubamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)zaubamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)zaubamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)zaubamoyl or a group (D'-E'-); wherein V, including group (D'-E'-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W;

W and Z are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1;adilkyl}$, $C_{2;adilkynyl}$, $C_{2;adilkynyl}$, $C_{1;adilkoxyl}$, $C_{1;adilkyl}$); arrbamoyl, $C_{1;adilkyl}$, $C_{1;adilkyl}$,

G, J and K are independently selected from C_{1.6}alky₁, C_{2.5}alkeny₁, C_{2.5}alkyny₁,
C_{1.5}alksnoy₁, C_{1.5}alkylsulphony₁, C_{1.5}alkoxycarbony₁, carbamoy₁, N₁(C_{1.5}alkyl)carbamoy₁,
N₁N₁(C_{1.5}alkyl)carbamoy₁, benzyloxycarbony₁, benzoy₁ and phenyisulphony₁, azyl,
azylC_{1.5}alkyl or (heterocyclic group)C_{1.6}alkyl; wherein G, J and K may be optionally
substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an.
-N₁-moicy₁ that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from hydrogen or
C_{1.5}alkyl;

Q is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, curbumoyl, mercapio, sulphamoyl, C_{1-d}alkyl, C_{2-d}alkenyl, C_{2-d}alkynyl, C_{1-d}alkoxy, C_{1-d}alkanoyl, C_{1-d}alkynyl, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)carbamoyl, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)amino, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)aminoyl, mherein a is 0 to 2, C_{1-d}alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-d}alkyl, arylC_{1-d}alkyl, arylC_{1-d}alkyl, N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)aminoyl, aryl, arylC_{1-d}alkyl, arylC_{1-d}alkyl, arylC_{1-d}alkoxyc, heterocyclic group).

N-N-(C_{1-d}alkyl)asulphamoyl, aryl, aryloxy, arylC_{1-d}alkyl, arylC_{1-d}alkoxy, beterocyclic group).

Chetrocyclic group (D''-E''-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Z;

D, D' and D' are independently selected from C_{1.68}lky), C_{2.68}lkenyl, C_{2.66}alkynyl, i C_{3.65}cycloalkyl, C_{3.65}cycloalkylC_{3.68}lkyl, aryl, arylC_{1.68}lkyl, heterocyclic group, Obeterocyclic group C_{1.68}lkyl; wherein D, D' and D' may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more F'; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that niurogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

E, E' and E'' are independently selected from -N(R*), -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-,
-C(O)-, -N(R*)C(O)-, -N(R*)C(O)N(R*)-, -N(R*)C(O)O-, -OC(O)N(R*)-, -C(O)N(R*)-,
-S(O)k-, -SO₂N(R*)-, -N(R*)SO₂-; wherein R* and R* are independently selected from hydrogen or C₁, falleyl optionally substituted by one or more F and r is O-2;

F and F° are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁.6alkyl, C₂.6alkynyl, C₁.6alkoxy, C₁.6alkoxy, C₁.6alkanoyl, C₁.6alkoxy, N-(C₁.6alkyl)amino,

N, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂amino, C₁₋₆alkanoylamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)carbamoyl,

 $N_*N^-(C_{1.6}$ alkyl)2carbamoyl, $C_{1.6}$ alkylS(O)₈ wherein a is 0 to 2, $C_{1.6}$ alkoxycarbonyl, $N^-(C_{1.6}$ alkyl)3sulphamoyl and $N_*N^-(C_{1.6}$ alkyl)2sulphamoyl;

m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; wherein the values of R1 may be the same or different;

Ring B is a ring selected from

$$\begin{array}{c} X^{1} - X^{2} \\ S \end{array} \quad \text{or} \quad \begin{array}{c} X^{1} = Y^{2} \\ Y^{2} - Y^{4} \end{array}$$

wherein.

X1 and X2 are selected from CH or N, and

 Y^1 , Y^2 , Y^3 and Y^4 are selected from CH or N provided that at least one of Y^1 , Y^2 , Y^3 and Y^4 is N:

R12 is halo:

n is 0, 1, or 2, wherein the values of R12 are the same or different.

[0188] In some embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0187] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0188]).

- Ring A is a pyridyl, quinolyl, indolyl, pyrimidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyrimidinyl, purinyl, 1'.2',3',6'-tetrahydropyridinyl, triazinyl, oxazolyl, pyrazolyl, or furanyl; wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from G.
- Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, quinolin-8-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-4-yl, piperidin-4-yl, piperidin-3-yl, piperidin-2-yl, piperidin-3-yl, piperidin-2-yl, piperazin-4-yl, pyridazin-5-yl, pyrazin-6-yl, thiazol-2-yl, thian-2-yl, thiano[3,2d]pyrimidinyl, thiano[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, purin-6-yl, 1',2',3',6'-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl

- Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, quinolin-8-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, pyrimidin-6-yl, morpholin-4-yl, piperidin-4-yl, piperidin-3-yl, piperdin-2-yl, piperazin-4-yl, pyridazin-5-yl, pyrazın-6-yl, thiazol-2-yl, thien-2-yl, thieno[3,2d]pyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, thieno[3,2b]pyrimidinyl, purin-6-yl, 1',2',3',6'-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl or triazin-6-yl; wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from G.
- Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, morpholin-4-yl, piperidin-4-yl, piperidin-3-yl, piperidin-2-yl, piperazin-4-yl, thiazol-2-yl, thien-2-yl, furan-3-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, triazol-1-yl or 1',2',3'',6'-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from G.
- Ring A is a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridazinyl, thienyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl or furanyl.
- · Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl or 1,2,4-triazolyl.
- Ring B is thienyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyridyl.
- · Ring B is thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyridyl.
- · Ring B is thienyl or pyridyl.
- Ring B is thienyl or pyridyl wherein both the thienyl and the pyridyl are attached to
 Ring A in the 2-position of the thienyl or pyridyl ring and to the amide group of formula (I) in
 the 5-position of the thienyl or pyridyl ring.
- g11 is halo, amino, C_{1.6}alkyl, C_{1.6}alkoxy, C_{1.5}alkanoyloxy, N-(C_{1.5}alkyl)amino, N,N-(C_{1.5}alkyl)₂amino, C_{1.5}alkanoylamino, N-(C_{1.5}alkyl)₂carbamoyl, N,N-(C_{1.5}alkyl)₂carbamoyl.
- R¹¹ is halo, amino, C₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₆alkoxy.
- R¹¹ is halo, amino, methyl or methoxy.
- R11 is a substituent on carbon and is selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl,

C_{1.6}alkyl), C_{2.6}alkenyl, C_{2.6}alkynyl, C_{1.6}alkoxy, C_{1.6}alkanoyl, C_{1.6}alkanoyloxy, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl))amino, N.N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),amino, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, N.N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, N.N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, N-(C_{1.6}alkyl),aminoyl, aminoyl, nyl, aryloxy, arylC_{1.6}alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C_{1.6}alkyl or a group (D-E-); wherein R¹, including group (D-E-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more V; and wherein, if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from I;

V is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkyl)₂amino,

 $C_{1,6}$ alkanoylamino, N- $(C_{1,6}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, N,N- $(C_{1,6}$ alkyl)scarbamoyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl $S(O)_a$ wherein a is 0 to 2, $C_{1,6}$ alkoycarbonyl, N- $(C_{1,6}$ alkyl)sulphamoyl, N,N- $(C_{1,6}$ alkyl)sulphamoyl or a group (D'-E'-); wherein V, including group (D'-E'-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W;

W and Z are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyloxy, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkanoylamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)carbamoyl, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, O-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, O-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, O-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl;

G, J and K are independently selected from C₁₋₈alkyl, C₂₋₈alkynyl, C₁₋₈alkynyl, C₁₋₈alkylsulphonyl, C₁₋₈alkycarbonyl, carbamoyl, N-(C₁₋₈alkyl)carbamoyl, N-(N-(C₁₋₈alkyl)carbamoyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxydand phenylsulphonyl, aryl, arylC₁₋₆alkyl or (heterocyclic group)C₁₋₆alkyl; wherein G, J and K may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH-moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl;

Q is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, suiphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N.N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino, C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino

D, D' and D'' are independently selected from C_{148} ikyl, C_{248} ikenyl, C_{248} ikynyl, C_{38} cycloalkyl, $C_{3.8}$ cycloalkyl, C_{148} ikyl, aryl, aryl C_{148} ikyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group) C_{148} ikyl; wherein D, D' and D'' may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more F'; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

E, B' and B'' are independently selected from $-N(R^a)_-$, $-O_-$, $-C(O)O_-$, $-C(O)O_-$, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, $-N(R^a)C(O)_-$, $-N(R^a)C(O)O_-$, $-N(R^a)C(O)O_-$, $-C(O)N(R^a)_-$, $-C(O)N(R^a)_-$, $-S(O)_{r^a}$, $-SO_2N(R^a)_-$, $-N(R^a)SO_{2r}$; wherein R^a and R^b are independently selected from hydrogen or C_{14} alkyl optionally substituted by one or more F and r is 0-2; and

F and F' are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} alkanoyl, C_{1-6} alkanoyl, C_{1-6} alkyl)amino, C_{1-6} alkyl

 R¹¹ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from cyano, hydroxy, C₁₋₅alkyl or a group (D-E-); wherein R¹¹ including group (D-E-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more V:

 $V \ is \ cyano, \ hydroxy \ or \ a \ group \ (D'-E'-); \ wherein \ V, \ including \ group \ (D'-E'-), \ may \ be \ optionally substituted on carbon by one or more \ W;$

W and Z are independently selected from cyano, C1-6alkyl or C1-6alkoxy;

G and K are independently selected from $C_{1:8}$ alkyl, $C_{2:8}$ alkenyl, $C_{2:8}$ alkynyl, aryl $C_{1:6}$ alkyl or (heterocyclic group) $C_{1:6}$ alkyl; wherein G and K may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q;

 $Q is cyano, hydroxy, oxo, C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{2-6}alkenyl, C_{1-6}alkoxy, C_{1-6}alkanoyl. \\ C_{1-6}alkanoyloxy, N-(C_{1-6}alkyl)carbamoyl, N.N-(C_{1-6}alkyl)_carbamoyl, C_{1-6}alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkoxycarbonylamino, aryl, aryloxy or a group (D"-E"-); wherein Q, including group (D"-E"-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more <math>Z$:

D, D' and D'' are independently selected from aryl, arylC_{1.6}alkyl or heterocyclic group; wherein D, D' and D'' may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more F'; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

E, E' and E'' are independently selected from -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -N(R*)C(O)-, -C(O)N(R*)-, -S(O)-; wherein R* is selected from hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted by one or more F and r is 0-2; and

F and F' are independently selected from nitro, hydroxy, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyl) amino, N_iN^i - $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl) amino, C_{1-6} alkyl) amino, C_{1-6} alkyl) amino, C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl.

- m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; wherein the values of R11 are the same or different.
- m is 0, 1, or 2; wherein the values of R11 are the same or different.
- m is 0.
- m is 1.
- R¹² is halo.
- R¹² is fluoro.
- R¹² is chloro.
- n is 0, 1, or 2; wherein the values of R¹² are the same or different;
- n is 0:
- n is 1

[0189] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0187] <a href="mailto:(hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0189]) include the following (wherein each of R² in this embodimentparagraph [0187]):

Ring A is a pyridyl, indolyl, pyrimidyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridazinyl, thienyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, or furanyl;

Ring B is thienyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyridyl;

R11 is halo, amino, C1-6alkyl, C1-6alkoxy, C1-3alkanoyloxy, N-(C1-3alkyl)amino,

N.N-(C1-3alkyl)2amino, C1-3alkanoylamino, N-(C1-3alkyl)carbamoyl,

N.N-(C1-3alkyl)2carbamoyl;

m is 0, 1, 2, wherein the values of R11 are the same or different.

n is 0, 1, 2, wherein the values of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{12}$ are the same or different;

 ${\sf R}^{12}$ is F or CI.

[0190] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0187] <a href="mailto:hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0190]) include the following (wherein each of R² in this embodimentparagraph (corresponds to R¹² in embodimentparagraph (0187)):

Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl or 1,2,4-triazolyl;

Ring B is thienyl or pyridyl;

R11 is halo, amino, methyl or methoxy;

m is 0, 1, 2, wherein the values of R11 are the same or different.

n is 0 or 1;

R12 is F.

[0191] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0187] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0191]) include the following (wherein each of R² in this embodimentparagraph corresponds to R¹² in embodimentparagraph [0187]):

Ring A is a pyridyl, quinolyl, indolyl, pyrimidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyrimidinyl, thienopyrimidinyl, purinyl, 1',2',3',6'-tetrahydropyridinyl, triazinyl, oxazolyl, pyrazolyl, or furanyl; wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from G:

Ring B is thienyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyridyl;

R¹¹ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo,
trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl,
C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkanoyloxy,
N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂amino, C₁₋₆alkanoylamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)carbamoyl,
N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)₂carbamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)₂sulphamoyl, aryl, aryloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl,
heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C₁₋₆alkyl or a group (D-B-); wherein R¹, including
group (D-B-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more V; and wherein, if said
heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a
group selected from J;

V is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkanoyloxy, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino, C₁₋₆alkyl)zamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zarbamoyl, N-N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)zarbamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)zauphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)zauphamoyl or a group (D'-E'-); wherein V, including group (D'-E'-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more W:

W and Z are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl, $C_{2,6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2,6}$ alkynyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkoxy, $C_{1,6}$ alkanoyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkanoyloxy, N-($C_{1,6}$ alkyl)amino, N-($C_{1,6}$ alkyl)2amino, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl)2amino, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl)2carbamoyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl)2carbamoyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl)3carbamoyl, $C_{1,6}$ alkyl)3carbamoyl,

G, J and K are independently selected from C_{1*8} alkyl, C_{2*8} alkenyl, C_{2*8} alkynyl, $C_{1:8}$ alkylsulphonyl, $C_{1:8}$ alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, N- $(C_{1:8}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, N-N- $(C_{1:8}$ alkyl)carbamoyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzyl and phenylsulphonyl, aryl, aryl C_{1*8} alkyl or (heterocyclic group) $C_{1:8}$ alkyl; wherein G, J and K may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from hydrogen or $C_{1:8}$ alkyl;

Q is halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, oxo, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkyl)carbamoyl, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)carbamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl)sulphamoyl, wherein a is 0 to 2, C₁₋₆alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkoxycarbonylamino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)sulphamoyl, N,N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)sulphamoyl, aryl, aryloxy, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₁₋₆alkoxy, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group)C₁₋₆alkyl, (heterocyclic group)C₁₋₆alkoxy, or a group (D'-E''-); wherein Q, including group (D'-E''-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Z;

D, D' and D'' are independently selected from $C_{1.6}$ alkyl, $C_{2.6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2.6}$ alkenyl, $C_{2.6}$ alkynyl, $C_{3.8}$ cycloalkyl, $C_{3.8}$ cycloalkyl, $C_{3.8}$ cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl $C_{1.6}$ alkyl, heterocyclic group, (heterocyclic group) $C_{1.6}$ alkyl; wherein D, D' and D'' may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more F'; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

$$\begin{split} E, E^r \text{ and } B^{r,r} \text{ are independently selected from -N(R^b)-, -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)-, -N(R^a)C(O)N(R^b)-, -N(R^a)C(O)N(R^b)-, -C(O)N(R^a)-, -C(O)N(R^a)-, -S(O)_{r^r}, -SO_2N(R^a)-, -N(R^a)SO_2-; \text{ wherein } R^a \text{ and } R^b \text{ are independently selected from hydrogen or } \\ C_{1-6}\text{alkyl optionally substituted by one or more } F \text{ and } r \text{ is } 0\text{-}2; \end{split}$$

F and F' are independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, mercapto, sulphamoyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆alkanoyl, C₁₋₆alkanoyloxy, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₁₋₆alkoxycarbonyl, N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino) and N-N-(C₁₋₆alkyl)asulphamoyl;

m is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein the values of R^{11} are the same or different; R^{12} is F or CI;

n is 0, 1, or 2, wherein the values of R12 are the same or different.

[0192] Other embodiments of the compound according to embodimentparagraph [0187] <a href="mailto:hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0192]) include the following (wherein each of R² in this embodimentparagraph (corresponds to R¹² in embodimentparagraph (10187)):

Ring A is pyridin-4-yl, pyridin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, morpholin-4-yl, piperidin-4-yl, piperidin-3-yl, piperidin-2-yl, piperazin-4-yl, thiazol-2-yl, thien-2-yl, furan-3-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, triazol-1-yl or 1',2',3',6'-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl wherein if Ring A contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from G;

Ring B is thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyridyl;

R¹¹ is a substituent on carbon and is selected from cyano, hydroxy, C_{L6}alkyl or a group

(D-E-); wherein R¹¹, including group (D-E-), may be optionally substituted on carbon by one

or more V.

W and Z are independently selected from cyano, C1-6alkyl or C1-6alkoxy;

G and K are independently selected from C_{1.8}alkyl, C_{2.8}alkenyl. C_{2.8}alkynyl, arylC_{1.6}alkyl or (heterocyclic group)C_{1.6}alkyl; wherein G and K may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more Q; $\label{eq:continuous} Q \ is \ cyano, \ hydroxy, \ oxo, \ C_{1.6} alkyl, \ C_{2.6} alkenyl, \ C_{1.6} alkoxy, \ C_{1.6$

D, D' and D'' are independently selected from aryl, arylC₁₋₆alkyl or heterocyclic group; wherein D, D' and D'' may be optionally substituted on carbon by one or more F'; and wherein if said heterocyclic group contains an -NH- moiety that nitrogen may be optionally substituted by a group selected from K;

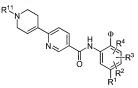
E, E' and E'' are independently selected from -O-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-, -N(R s)-, -S(O)-, -S(O)-; wherein R^{a} is selected from hydrogen or C_{l-6} alkyl optionally substituted by one or more F and r is 0-2;

 $F \ and \ F' \ are independently selected from nitro, hydroxy, C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkoxy, \\ C_{1-6}alkanoyl, N-(C_{1-6}alkyl)amino, N,N-(C_{1-6}alkyl)_2amino, C_{1-6}alkanoylamino or \\ C_{1-6}alkoxycarbonyl; '$

m is 0, 1, or 2, wherein the values of R^{11} are the same or different; R^{12} is F:

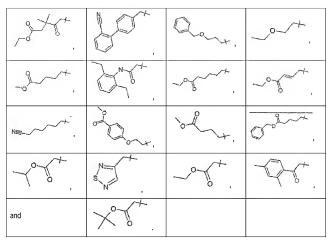
n is 0 or 1.

[0193] The following are particular embodiments of the compounds according to embodimentparagraph [0187] (hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0193]):



wherein R11 is selected from:

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[0194] In the compounds of mbodimentsparagraph [0187] - [0193], R³, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in mbodimentsparagraph [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of mbodimentsparagraph [0187] - [0193], R³, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0194].

[0195] In another embodiment (hereinafter embodiment [0195]), the invention comprises the compounds of WO 03/024448 in which the terminal moieties -C(O)-NHAy¹, -C(O)-NHAy², -C(O)-NHAr²-NH₂, and:

are replaced with the moiety:

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049].

[0196] In another embodiment (hereinafter embodiment [0196]), the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (13):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]; and

Ar. A. D. E. and G are as defined in JP 2003137866.

[0197] In the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0196], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodiments paragraphs [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of embodiment-paragraph-[0196], R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Particular embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0196] are those obtained by substituting the terminal moiety:

of the compounds of JP 2003137866 with the moiety:

wherein Φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred</u> to as embodiment [0197].

[0198] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (14) (hereinafter embodiment [0198]):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

X. Y. and A are as defined in JP 11-269146 (1999); and

R11 is the same as R1 of JP 11-269146 (1999).

[0199] In the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0198], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodiments-paragraph [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0198], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Particular embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0198] are those obtained by substituting the terminal moiety:

of compounds 1-50 of Tables 2-4 of JP 11-269146 (1999) with the moiety:

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred</u> to as embodiment [0199].

10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up) [0200] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (15) (hereinafter embodiment [02001):

$$A-X-Q-(CH_2)_n$$

$$A-X-$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH;

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

n, X, Q, and A are as defined in JP 11-302173 (1999); and

R11 is the same as R1 of JP 11-302173 (1999).

[0201] In the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0200], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodiments-paragraph [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0200], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Particular embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0200] are those obtained by substituting the terminal moiety:

of the compounds 1-67 of JP 11-302173 (1999) with the moiety:

wherein Φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0201].</u>

[0202] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (16) (hereinafter embodiment [02021):

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or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH:

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

n, Q, X, and A are as defined in JP 2001131130; and

R11 is the same as R1 of JP 2001131130.

[0203] In the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0202], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodiments, paragraph [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0202], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Particular embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0202] are those obtained by substituting the terminal moieties:

of the compounds of JP 2001131130 with the moiety:

wherein φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred</u> to as embodiment [0203].

[0204] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (17) (hereinafter embodiment [02041):

$$A-X-Q-(CH_2)_n$$
 $NH R^2$
 R^2
 R^3
 R^3
 R^3
 R^3

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH:

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

n, X, Q, and A are as defined in JP 10152462, JP 2002332267, and JP 11-302173; and

R¹¹ is the same as R¹ of JP 10152462, JP 2002332267, and JP 11-302173.

[0205] In the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0204], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodiments-paragraph [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0204], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Particular embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0204] are those obtained by substituting the terminal moiety:

of the compounds of JP 10152462, JP 2002332267, and JP 11-302173 with the moiety:

wherein Φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably <u>embodiments</u> [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment [0205].</u>

[0206] In another embodiment, the invention comprises compounds of the following structural formula (18) (hereinafter embodiment [0206]):

$$A-X-Q-(CH_2)_n$$
 R^{11}
 R^2
 R^2
 R^3
 R^3
 R^3

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Φ is -NH₂ or -OH:

R1 is H or as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046]:

R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in embodimentparagraph [0046];

n, X, Q, and A are as defined in US 6,174,905; and

R11 is the same as R1 of US 6.174.905.

[0207] In the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0206], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are preferably as defined in embodiments, paragraph [0048] and [0049]. In other embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0206], R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are all H. Particular embodiments of the compounds of embodimentparagraph [0206] are those obtained by substituting the terminal moiety:

of the compounds of Table 1 of US 6,174,905 and the terminal moiety:

of the compounds of Tables 2-4 of US 6,174,905 with the moiety:

wherein Φ , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment</u> [0207].

10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up) [0208] In another embodiment acording to embodimentparagraph [0046], the invention comprises compounds of W001/70675 wherein the terminal moiety -C(O)-NHOH, -C(O)-CH₂-SC(O)-CH₂-SC(O)-CH₂-SCH₃, -C(O)-CH₂-SCH₂-phenyl, -C(O)-CH₂-S-phenyl, -C(O)-CH₂-S-phenyl, -C(O)-CH₂-S-phenyl, -C(O)-CH₂-S-phenyl and

of the compounds of Tables 2 and 3 are replaced by the moiety

wherein Φ, R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are as defined in accordance with <u>embodimentparagraph</u> [0046], and preferably [0048] and [0049]. <u>Such embodiments are hereinafter collectively referred to as embodiment</u> [0208].

[0209] In the second aspect (hereinafter embodiment [0209]), the invention provides a composition comprising a compound according to any one of embodiments paragraphs [0046] - [0088], [0098] - [0110], and [0115] - [0207], or as depicted in any of the tables herein together with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

[0210] The third aspect of the invention (hereinafter embodiment [0210]) provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase, the method comprising contacting the histone deacetylase with a compound according to any one of embodimentsparagraphs [0046] - [0088], [0098] - [0110], and [0115] - [0207] or as depicted in any of the tables herein, or with a composition according to embodimentparagraph [0209]. Inhibition of the histone deacetylase can be in a cell or a multicellular organism. If in a multicellular organism, the method according to this aspect of the invention comprises administering to the organism a compound according any one of embodimentsparagraphs [0046] - [0088], [0098] - [0110], and [0115] - [0207] or as depicted in any of the tables herein, or a composition according to embodimentsparagraph [0209]. Preferably the organism is a mammal, more preferably a human.

[0211] The data presented herein demonstrate the anti-tumor effects of the HDAC inhibitors of the invention. Recent publications reporting on HDAC inhibitor human clinical trials suggest that these inhibitors can effectively treat human solid tumors or cancer (lung, colon, prostrate, stomach, breast, leukemia), including complete remissions of transformed lymphoma (SAHA, ASCO Abstract No. 2321, 2003) and peripheral T-cell lymphoma (depsipeptide/ FR901228 ASCO Abstract No. 88, 2002). Together with the data presented herein demonstrating surprising efficacy at inhibiting HDAC-1 and tumor growth inhibition *in vivo*, these data lead on to reasonably expect that the HDAC-1 inhibitors of the invention are useful not only for inhibition of HDAC, but as therapeutic agents for the treatment of cancer as well.

[0212] Preferred compounds according to the invention include those in the Table 1, which were prepared essentially using the methods described herein and illustrated below in the schemes. All of the compounds in this application were named using Chemdraw Ultra version 6.0.2, which is available through Cambridgesoft.co, 100 Cambridge Park Drive, Cambridge, MA 02140, Namepro version 5.09, which is available from ACD labs, 90 Adelaide Street West, Toronto, Ontario, M5H, 3V9, Canada, or were derived therefrom.

Table 1

Compound	Name	Structure
С	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]- 4-{[(5-chloro-6-fluoro-1 H- benzimidazol-2- yl)amino]methyl)benzamide	
6	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]- 4-{[(3,4- dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl} benzamide	MeO H NH2
12	N{2-amino-5-{2-thienyl)phenyl}-4-{{(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)amino]methyl]benzamide	MeO H NH2

Compound	Name	Structure
23	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]- 1-(3,4,5- trimethoxybenzyl)indoline-6- carboxamide	MeO N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
29	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]- 5-{((3,4,5- trimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl }-1-benzofuran-2-carboxamide	MeO H ₂ N HN S
43	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]- 4-{[(4-pyridin-3-ylpyrimidin-2- yl)amino]methyl)benzamide	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
50	N{2-amino-5-{2-thienyl)phenyl}-4-{{(6-{2- (dimethylamino)ethoxy}-1 <i>H</i> - benzimidazol-2- yl)thio)methyl]benzamide	H ₃ N
55	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]- 4-{[(6-chloro-5-fluoro-1 H- benzimidazol-2- yl)thio]methyl}benzamide	CI HIN H ₂ N
67	trans-N-[2-amino-5-(2- thienyl)phenyl]-3-(4-{[(3,4,5- trimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl }phenyl)acrylamide	H ₃ CO NH H ₃ CO S

[0213] We have unexpectedly found that when HDAC inhibitors including within them the benzamide moiety:

are substituted on the aniline ring at the 5-position (para to the –NH₂ group) with a substantially planar ring or ring system (aryl or heteroaryl), the compound's HDAC inhibitory activity (as measured by the human HDAC-1 inhibition assay described below) increases by a factor of from 3 to 10 or more compared to similar compounds in which the aniline ring is unsubstituted or substituted with a

smaller, non-planar moiety, or if the planar moiety is at other than the 5-position of the aninlinyl ring. Additionally, we have found that the planar moiety itself can be substituted. Accordingly, R¹ in the compounds of the invention is a mono-, bi-, or tri-cyclic aryl or heteroaryl moiety, which moiety is optionally substituted. In some preferred embodiments R¹ is not further substituted. In other preferred embodiments, R¹ is substituted with a moiety of from 1-5 atoms, e.g., methyl, hydroxymethyl, halomethyl, halo, hydroxy, amino, etc. In other embodiments, R¹ is substituted with a larger moiety, e.g., from 6-25 atoms.

[0214] This is surprising in view of T. Suzuki et. al., J. Med. Chem, 1999, 42, 3001-3003, which teaches that the substitution pattern on the aniline ring of the benzamide fragment of known HDACs (wherein the amino group is ortho to the amide nitrogen) is highly sensitive to substitutions. Substituents such as Me and OMe ortho- or meta-relative to the amino group are detrimental to HDAC inhibitory activity, causing complete loss of HDAC potency. The same type of substituents in the para-position relative to the amino group did not cause significant drop of potency which allowed assuming that only small substituents such as Me, MeO, F, Cl might be tolerated.

[0215] Furthermore, we have surprisingly found that the HDAC inhibitory activity of such compounds (i.e., compounds comprising the chemical moiety of embodimentparagraph [0046] and having a substantially planar ring or ring system at the 5-position of the aniline ring) is substantially independent of the identity of the chemical moiety bound to the carbonyl of the amide in embodimentparagraph [0046]. Accordingly, in compounds of formula 1 Y is any chemical moiety (preferably physiologically non-reactive) consisting of 1 to 50 atoms.

[0216] The following are representative examples of the compounds according to the embodiments described above.

Table 1a

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
15aa	76aa	MeO NH NH-2	N-(2-amino-5- (3- methoxyprop-1- ynyl)phenyl)- 4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)benzam ide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.52 (s, 1H); 7.89 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.46 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.25 (d, J=1.9, 1H); 7.04 (dd, J=1.9, 82, 1H); 6.70 (d, J=8.2, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 5.98 (m, 2H); 5.35 (bs, 2H); 4.29 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 4.26 (s, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H); 3.29 (s, 3H), MS: calc: 445.5; found: 446.4 (M+H)	13
19	93	MeO	N-(2-amino-5- (2-((tert- butyldimethyl silyloxy)meth yl)thiophen-3- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.54 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 - 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H). MS: (calc.) 468.2; (obt.) 491.2 (M+Na)*.	17
19aa	93aa	S N N NH2	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)thio phene-2- carboxamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.76 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J= 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, J= 5.1 hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J= 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H). MS: 300.04 (calc) 301.1 (obs)	17
19b b	93bb	MeO	(3,4- difluorophen yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.8, Hz, 2H), 7.59 (ddd, J = 12.7, 7.8, 2.3, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7457-36 (m, 2H), 6.32 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8, Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.2, Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 354.1; (obt.) 355.2 (MH)*.	17
19cc	93cc	MeO NMe ₂	(4-N,N- dimethylamin ophenyl)phen yl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.0, Hz, 2H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.21, (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (sb, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.90 (s, 6H). MS: (calc.) 361.1; (obt.) 362.3 (MH)*.	17

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
19d d	93dd	H _N N H _N O	N-(2-amino-5- (3-fluoro4- benzyloxyph enyl)phenyl)- 4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.8, Hz, 2H), 7.47-7.22 (m, 10H), 7.04 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 5.06 (sb, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS : (calc.) 442.2; (obt.) 443.4 (MH)*.	17
19e e	93ee	MeO Ho OMe	(3- methoxylphe nyl)phenyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9,61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.02 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (ddd, J = 8.2, 2.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (ddd, J = 8.2, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H). MS : (calc.) 348.2; (obt.) 349.2 (MH)*.	17
19ff	93ff		N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)- 2,2- difluorobenz o[d][1,3]diox ole-5- carboxamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.67 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J = 5.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J = 5.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H). MS: 374.05 (calc.), 375.0 (obs).	17
19g g	93gg		(thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)ben zo[c][1,2,5]o xadiazole-5-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.03 (s, 1H), 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.15 (d, J= 9.4 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, J= 9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J= 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (s, 2H). MS: 336.07 (calc), 337.0 (obs).	17
19hh	93hh		(thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)quin oxaline-2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.25 (s, 1H), 8.27 to 8.21 (m, 2H), 8.20 to 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.66 (d, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J= 5.1, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J= 3.5, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (s, 2H). MS : 346.09 (calc), 347.1 (obs).	17

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
20	94	MeO	N-(2-amino-5- (2- (hydroxymet hyl)thiophen- 3-yl)phenyl)- 4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.097.02 (m, 4H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 354.1; (obt.) 354.1 ((M+Na)*.	17
20aa	94aa	Meo Ho	N-(2-amino-5- (4- hydroxymeth ylphenyl)phe nyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.8, Hz, 2H), 7.51-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 3H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (sb, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 348.1; (obt.) 349.1 (MH)*.	17
20b b	94bb	MeO — HN OH	(3- hydroxymeth ylphenyl)phe nyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.50-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (sb, 2H), 5.52 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 348.2; (obt.) 349.1 (MH).	17
20cc	94dd	OH N=HN-H ₂ N	N-(2-amino-5- (4- (hydroxymet hyl)phenyl)ph enyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.89 (s, 1H), 9.14 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.73 (dd, $J = 4.9$, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (dt, $J = 8.0$, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, $J = 7.4$, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.18 (sb, 3H), 4.49 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H). MS: (calc.) 319.1; (obt.) 320.2 (MH).	17
20d d	94dd	MeO HIN S OH	(5- (hydroxymet hyl)thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.0, Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.067.02 (m, 3H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.067.02 (m, 3H), 6.85 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 5.10 (sb, 2H), 4.57 (sb, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 354.1; (obt.) 355.1 (MH)*.	17

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
21	99	MeO Net	N-(2-amino-5- (4-((tert- butyldimethyl silyloxy)meth yl)phenyl)phe nyl)-4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)benzam ide	(ODt.) 598.5 (MH)*.	18
21-1	100	MeO Net Net Net	N-(2-amino-5- (4- (hydroxymet hyl)phenyl)ph enyl)-4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)benzam ide	6.32 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00-9.98 (m, ZH), 5.15 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 483.2; (obt.) 484.4 (MH)*.	18
22	104	MeC	N-(2-amino-5- (4- methoxycarb onylphenyl)p henyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	(sb, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 376.1; (obt.) 377.1 (MH)+.	19
23	105	H ₀ N OH	(4- carboxyphen yl)phenyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9,61 (s, 1H), 7,98 (d, J = 8.6, Hz, 2H), 7,93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7,66 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7,58 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7,40 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7,04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (sb, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 362.1; (obt.) 363.1 (MH).*	19
24	107	MeO HbN MeO		¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9,51 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 300.1; (obt.) 301.1 (MH)*.	20

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
24aa	107a a	MeO — Han	N-(2-amino-5- benzoylphen yl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.55 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.63-7.47 (m, 7H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 346.1; (obt.) 347.1 (MH)*.	20
25	108	MeOOH	4-amino-3-(4- methoxybenz amido)benzoi c acid	Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS : (calc.) 361.1; (obt.) 362.3 (MH)*.	20
26	109	MeO NH ₂	carbamoylph enyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (sh, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (sh, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS : (calc.) 285.1; (obt.) 286.1 (MH) [*] .	20
27	112	MeO-NHPh	phenylcarba moylphenyl)- 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.83 (s, 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.317.27 (m, 2H), 7.05-7.01 (m, 3H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 361.1; (obt.) 362.1 (MH).	20
27aa	112a a	McO-NH N-NH	(phenoxyphe nyl)carbamoy lphenyl)-4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.87 (s, 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dt, J = 9.0, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.387.32 (m, 2H), 7.10-6.94 (m, 7H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (sb, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 453.2; (obt.) 454.2 (MH)*.	20
28	114	Par Note	bromophenyl)-4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.52 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dd, J=8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H). MS: 321.17(calc) 321.0/323.0 (found).	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
29	115	MeO	(3-chloro-4- fluorophenyl) phenyl)-4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (dd, J = 7.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.567.52 (m, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (sb, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 370.1; (obt.) 371.1 (MH)*	21
29aa	115a a	McO HIN F	(4- fluorophenyl) phenyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.46 (bs, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (sb, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 336.1; (obt.) 337.2 (MH)*	21
29b b	115b b	MgO-OCF ₃	(4- (trifluoromet hoxy)phenyl) phenyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (sb, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS : (calc.) 402.1; (obt.) 403.4 (MH)*.	21
29cc	115c c	McO	N-(2-amino-5- (4- (trifluoromet hyl)phenyl)ph enyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	HNMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 11), 7.98 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (sb, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 386.1; (obt.) 387.4 ((MH)*.	21
30	116		N-(2-amino-5- (4,4,5,5- tetramethyl- 1,3,2- dioxaborolan- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.47 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 12H). MS: 368.24(calc) 369.1(found)	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
31	117	NII)	3-yl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=12.8, 8.8 Hz, 4H), 7.70 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.58 (s, 3H). MS: 360.41 (calc) 361.1 (MH+) (found)	21
31aa	117a a	San Charles and the Charles an	N-(4- aminobiphen yl)-3- methoxybenz amide	1H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, J=8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H). MS: 318.37(calc) 319.1 (found)	21
31b b	117b b	JUN CN	N-(4-amino- 4'- cyanobiphen- 3-yl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMS0) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.81-7.73 (dd, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: 343.38 (calc) 344.1 (MH+) (found)	21
31cc	117c c		N-(2-amino-5- (5- acetylthiophe n-2-yl)phenyl)- 4- methoxybenz amide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J=8.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H). MS: 366.43 (calc) 367.1 (MH+) (found)	21
31d d	117d d	H ₂ N ₂ H ₃ N ₃ H ₃ H ₃ N ₃ H ₃ H ₃ N ₃ H	biphen-3-yl)- 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.27 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J=6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, J=10.4 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.63-3.58 (m, 2H), 2.72 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H).	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
31e e	117e e	J. J	N-(2-amino-5- (pyridin-3- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.62 (s, 1H), 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.16 (d, J=9.7 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: 319.36 (calc) 320.1 (MH+) (found)	21
31ff	117ff		N-(4-amino- 4'- methylsulfon ylbiphen-3-yl)- 4- methoxybenz amide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): (DMSO-d6) d(ppm):9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.22 (s, 3H). MS: 396.46 (calc) 397.2 (MH+) (found)	21
31g g	117g g	JAN JOH	4-(-4'-amino- N-3'-(4- methoxybenz amido) biphenyl acetic acid	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H), 7.29 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H). MS: 376.41 (calc) 377.2 (MH+) (found)	21
31hh	117h h		phen-3-yl)-4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.92 (s, 11h), 9.60 (s, 11h), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 21h), 7.57 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 21h), 7.487.44 (m, 3th), 7.27 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 11h), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 21h), 6.83 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 11h), 5.00 (d, J=10.21tz, 21h), 3.84 (s, 3th), 2.04 (s, 3th). MS: 375.43 (calc) 376.3 (MH+) (found)	21
31ii	117ii	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	N-(2-amino-5- (pyridin-4- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybenz amide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 7.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J=4.5, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: 319.36 (calc) 320.2 (MH+) (found)	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
31јј	11 <i>7</i> ii	он Н	n-3-yl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 9.32 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: 334.37 (calc) 335.1 (MH+) (found)	21
31kk	11 <i>7</i> jj	#2N OMA	en-3-yl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMS0) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H). MS: 348.40 (calc) 349.2 (MH+) (found)	21
3111	11711		(2- methylbenzo[d]thiazol-5- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybenz	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.63 (s, 1H), 8.02-7.97 (m, 4H), 7.60-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.40 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.80 (s, 3H). MS: 389.47 (calc) 390.2 (MH+) (found)	21
31m m	117m m		biphen-3-yl)- 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.07 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.64 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.63 (quad, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 27.6 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H). MS: 362.43 (calc) 363.3 (MH+) (found)	21
31nn	117n n	H N	(pyrimidin-5- yl)phenyl)-4-	¹ H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.64 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 2H), 7.98 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J=8.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: 320.35 (calc) 321.2 (MH+) (found)	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
	117o o	O NHO		1H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J=3.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: 403.47 (calc) 404.2 (MH+) (found)	21
31p	117p p		(2,4- dimethoxypy rimidin-5- yl)phenyl)-4-	1H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: 380.40 (calc) 381.4 (MH+) (found)	21
31q q	117q q	P _{2N} SO ₂ NH ₂	N-(4-amino- 4'- sulfamoylbip hen-3-yl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.64 (s, 11+), 8.01 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2+), 7.82 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2+), 7.76 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2+), 7.60 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1+), 7.43 (dd, J=8.6, 6.3 Hz, 1+), 7.33 (s, 2+), 7.07 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2+), 6.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1+), 5.27 (s, 2+), 3.86 (s, 3+). MS: 397.45 (calc) 398.4 (found)	21
31rr	117rr	SO ₂ NH ₂	(5-(2-methyl- 2-sulfamoyl- propyl)thioph en-2- yl)phenyl)-4-	"H NMR (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d,J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 2H), 1.17 (s, 6H). MS: 459.59 (calc) 460.4 (found)	21
31ss	117s s	SO ₂ NH ₂	N-(4-amino- 3'- sulfamoylbip hen-3-yl)-4- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (s, 2H), 7.03 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: 397.45 (calc) 398.3 (found)	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
31tt	117tt		3-yl)thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-	¹ H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 7.89 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H). MS: 391.45 (calc) 392.3 (found)	21
31uu	117u u	Ban N F	(6- fluoropyridin- 3-yl)phenyl)- 4- methoxybenz amide	1H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 9.08 (bs, 1H), 8.40 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (ddd, J=8.4, 7.8, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (ss, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (ddd, J=8.6, 2.5, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (bs, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H). MS: 337.35 (calc) 338.1 (found)	21
31vv	117v v	S NH2	N-[2-Amino-5- (5- carbamido- thiophen-2- yl)-phenyl]-4- methoxy- benzamide	¹ H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm):8.04 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (t, J=2.2Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H). MS: 367.43 (calc) 368.1 (found)	21
31w w	117w w	, , , , oh	(5-(1- hydroxyethyl) thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4-	H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.02 (m, 3H), 6.81 (dd, J=3.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.88 (quint, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.42 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 3H). MS: 368.45 (calc) 369.1 (MH+) (found)	21
31xx	117x x	SO ₂ N(Mo) ₂	N-[2-Amino-5- (5-(N,N- dimethyl)sulf amoyl- thiophen-2- yl)-phenyl]-4- methoxy- benzamide	1H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.56 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.67 (s, 6H). MS: 431.53 (calc) 432.2 (found)	21

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
32	122		(thiophen-2- ylthio)phenyl) -4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m	1H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J.=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, J.=5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J.=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J.=5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J.=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J.=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J.=5.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J.=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J.=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d, J.=2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (dd, J.=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J.=6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d, J.=6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H). MS: 491.63(calc) 492.5(found)	22
33	123		N-(2-amino-5- (propylthio)p henyl)-4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)benzam ide	1H NMR (DMSO-d6) d(ppm):9.57 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J=0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 2.71 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.50 (sext, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 0.93 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.RMS: 451.59(calc) 452.5(found)	22
34	125	MeO NH NH NH 12	(2- phenylethyny I)phenyl)-4- ((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m	¹ H NMR: (CD3OD) d(ppm): 7.93 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J=8.2, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.357.29 (m, 4H), 7.21 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (dd, J=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H). MS: 477.56(calc) 478.5(found)	23
34aa	125a a	MeO NH NH2	N-(2-amino-5- (2-(pyridin-3- yl)ethynyl)ph enyl)-4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)benzam ide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.55 (s, 1H); 8.49 (dd; J=1.6, 4.8 Hz; 1H); 7.91 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.87 (m, 1H); 7.46 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.87 (m, 1H); 7.46 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.40 (dd; J=0.9, 4.8 Hz; 1H); 7.39 (m, 1H); 7.17 (dd; J=2.0, 8.3 Hz; 1H); 6.76 (d, J=8.3, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.7, 1H); 5.98 (m, 2H); 5.51 (bs, 2H); 4.30 (d, J=6.3, 2H); 3.66 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H); MS: calc: 478.5; found: 478.5 (M+H)	23

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
34-1	127		4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m	1H NMR: (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J=16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (d, J=16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=8.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (bs, 1H), 4.85 (bs, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H). MS: 479.58(calc) 480.5 (found)	24
35	128		N-(2-amino-5- phenethylphe nyl)-4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)benzam ide	¹ H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 9.07 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.22 (m, 5H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.87 (dd, J=8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J=2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (dd, J=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (bs, 1H), 4.51 (bs, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H). MS: 481.59(calc) 482.24(bound)	24
36	129		N-(2-amino-5- phenethylphe nyl)-4- methylbenza mide	1H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 9.03 (bs, 1H), 7.94 (d, J=8.0 Hz, ZH), 7.33 (d, J=7.8 Hz, ZH), 7.38 7.28 7.23 (m, 5H), 7.18 7.13 (m, 1H), 6.87 (dd, J=8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (bs, 2H), 2.90-2.86 (m, 2H), 2.83-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). MS: LRMS: 330.43(calc) 331.1(found)	24
37	131		N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- ((6-{2- ((dimethylami no)ethoxy)-5- fluoro-1H- benzo[d]imid azol-2- ylthio)methyl) benzamide	1H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 9.16 (bs, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J=2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (bs, 0.5 H), 7.27 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (bs, 0.5 H), 7.27 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (bs, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (bs, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (bs, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.16 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 6H). MS: 561.70 (calc) 562.3 (found)	25

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
38	134		(4,4,5,5- tetramethyl- 1,3,2- dioxaborolan- 2-	¹ H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 9.42 (bs, 1H), 9.03 (bs, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39(dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (bs, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 12H). MS: (calc.) 395.3(calc) 396.1(found)	26
39	136	BN S	(thiophene-2- carbonyl)phe nyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=4.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H). MS: 352.41(calc) 353.1(found)	27
40	140		thiophen-2- ylphenyl)-4- (2-(N,N- dimethylamin	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): (CD30D) d(ppm): 7.99 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 6H). MS: 394.5 (calc) 395.1 (found)	28
41a	143a		Pyridin-3- ylmethyl 4- ((2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)car bamoyl)benz ylcarbamate	¹ H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.69 (bs, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.538.51 (m, 1H), 7.987.96 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.787.76 (m, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.407.38 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.247.23 (m, 1H), 7.057.03 (m, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 2H). MS: 458.54 (calc) 459.2 (found)	29

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
41b	143b	F H S	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- fluorobenza mide	¹ H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.73 (s, 11), 8.06 (dd, J=8.6, 5.5 Hz, 2th), 7.43 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 11), 7.35 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2th), 7.33 (dd, J=6.3, 5.1 Hz, 2th), 7.22 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1th), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1th), 6.78 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1th), 5.17 (s, 2th). MS: 312.36 (calc) 313.1 (found)	29
41c	143c	F ₅ CS H S	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- (trifluoromet hylthio)benza mide	1H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 8.09 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=5.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), MS: 394.44 (calc) 395.1 (found)	29
41d	143d	CI N S S	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- chloro-4- fluorobenza mide	¹ H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 8.22 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (bs, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.48 (t, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J=3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (dd, J=7.5, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (bs, 1H). MS: 346.86 (calc) 347.1 (found)	29
41aa	143a a	F ₅ CO NH ₂	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- (trifluoromet hoxy)benzam ide	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.79 (s, 11), 8.10 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (bd, J=3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02(dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (bd, J=3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02(dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.5 (calc.) 378; (obt.) 379 (MH).	29
41b b	143b b	F N S	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- chloro-3- fluorobenza mide	¹ H NMR (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.82 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=10.4 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J= 8.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H). MS: 346.86 (calc) 347.1/349.1 (found)	29

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
41cc	143c c	H ₂ N ₁	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)nic otinamide	"H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.87 (s, 11h, 9.14 (d, J = 1.8, Hz, 11h), 8.73 (dd, J = 4.9, 1.8 Hz, 11h), 8.32 (dt, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 11h), 7.54 (dd, J = 7.8, 5.3 Hz, 11h), 7.46 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 11h), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.1, , 1.2 Hz, 11h), 7.29 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 11h), 723 (dd, J = 3.5, 1.0 Hz, 11h), 7.03 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 11h), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 11h), 5.24 (sb, 21h), MS: (calc.) 295.1; (obt.) 296.3 (Mh)*	29
41d d	143d d	H ₂ N HN———————————————————————————————————	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)ison icotinamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.95 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 6.1, Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (sb, 2H). MS: (calc.) 295.1; (obt.) 296.3 (MH) ⁻ .	29
41e e	143e e	H ₀ C F NH ₂	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)- 2,3,5,6- tetrafluoro-4- methylbenza mide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.18 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=1.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=2.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=1.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=3.6, 5.2Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (bs, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H) MS: (calc.) 380.36; (obt.) 381.2 ((MH)*.	29
42	146		yl)phenyl)-3- (4-(4- methylphenyl sulfonamido)	1H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm):9.20 (bs, 1H), 8.84 (bs, 1H), 7.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 3H), 7.58 (d, J=15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.29-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.22 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J=4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (bs, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). MS: 489.62 (calc) 490.1 (found)	30

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
43	153	MeO Netz	(2- aminothiazol- 4-yl)phenyl)- 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.55 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (s, 2H), 6.73 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: 340.4(calc) 341.2 (found)	31
44	157	H ₂ N NH ₂	(6- aminopyridin- 3-yl)phenyl)- 4-	¹ H NMR (Acetone-d6) d(ppm): 8.94 (bs, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (dd, J=8.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=8.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=8.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (bs, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H). MS: 334.38 (calc) 335.1 (found)	32
44a	157a	NH ₂	N-(4,4'- diamino-3'- fluoro- biphenyl-3-yl)- 4-methoxy- benzamide	¹ H NMR (CD3OD) d(ppm): 7.97 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H). MS: 351.38 (calc) 352.3 (MH+) (found)	32
45	160	H ₂ N N OH	N-(4-amino- 3'- hydroxybiphe n-3-yl)-4- methoxybenz amide	H NMR (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.58 (s, 11h), 9.35 (s, 11h), 7.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 21h), 7.43 (s, 11h), 7.23 (dd, J=8.2, 1.4 Hz, 11h), 7.16 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 11h), 7.04 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 21h), 6.95 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 11h), 6.91 (s, 11h), 6.82 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 11h), 6.62 (dt, J=8.0, 1.0 Hz, 11h), 5.05 (s, 21h), 3.84 (s, 31h). MS: 334.37 (calc) 335.2 (M1+) (found) CHECK NMR	33
45aa	160a a	MeO————————————————————————————————————	(3- hydroxyphen yl)phenyl)-4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (td, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 3H), 6.87 (dd, J=7.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.82-6.77 (m, 2H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: 334.37 (calc) 335.1 (MH+) (found) CHECK NMR	33

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
46	164	-N_N	yl)-4- methylpipera zine-1-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (sb, 2H), 3.46 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 2.33 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 4H), MS: (calc.) 435.2; (obt.) 436.4 (MH)*.	34
46aa	164a a	Netz	N-(4-((2- amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)car bamoyl)phen yl)morpholine -4- carboxamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.57 (1H,s), 8.81 (1H,s), 7.90 (2H,d,8.8 Hz), 7.60 (2H,d,9.0 Hz), 7.45 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.34 (1H,dd,3.9 and 1.2 Hz), 7.27 (1H,dd,6.1 and 2.2 Hz), 7.22 (1H,dd,2.3 and 1.2 Hz), 7.03 (1H,m), 6.78 (1H,d,8.2 Hz), 5.12 (2H,s), 3.62 (4H,t,4.5 Hz), 3.45 (4H,t,5.1 Hz)MS: 422.14 (calc), 423.3 (obs).	34
46b b	164b b		1-(4-((2- amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)car bamoyl)phen yl)-3-(2- (dimethylami no)ethyl)urea	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.54 (1H,s), 9.10 (1H,s), [8.37 (2H,s)comes from formic salt], 7.87 (2H,d,8.6), 7.49 (2H,d,8.8 Hz), 7.44 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.34 (1H,dd,3.9 and 1.2 Hz), 7.27 (1H,dd,6.1 and 2.2 Hz), 7.23 (1H,dd,2.5 and 1.0), 7.03 (1H,dd, 3.5 and 1.6), 6.79 (1H,d,8.2 Hz), 6.36 to 6.34 (1H,m), 5.11 (2H,s), 3.2 to 3.1 (2H,m), 2.33 (2H,s), 2.18 (6H,s) MS: 423.2 (calc), 424.2 (obs).	34
46cc	164c c	N NH2	no)ethyl 4- ((2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)car bamoyl)phen	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.99 (1H,s), 9.59 (1H,s), 8.28 (1H,s) comes from formic acid saltl, 7.92 (2H,d,8.8), 7.57 (2H,d,9.0 Hz), 7.44 (1H,d,2.0 Hz), 7.34 (1H,dd,3.7 and 1.2 Hz), 7.27 (1H,dd,6.1 and 2.2 Hz), 7.23 (1H,dd,2.3 and 1.2), 7.03 (1H,dd, 3.3 and 1.8), 6.79 (1H,d,8.6 Hz), 4.18 (2H,t,5.7 Hz), 2.20 (6H,s) MS: 424.2 (calc), 425.2 (obs).	34

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
46d d	164d d	NH NH ₂	yl)-1,1-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.56 (s, 1H); 8.56 (s, 1H); 7.88 (d, J=8.8 Hz; 2H); 7.60 (d; J=8.8 Hz; 2H); 7.44 (d; J=2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd; J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.27 (dd; J=2.2, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (dd; J=1.2, 3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (dd; J=3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz; 1H); 5.12 (bs, 2H); 2.95 (s, 6H).MS: calc: 380.4; found: 381.2 (M+H)	34
47	168	S NH ₂	(thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-1- methyl-1H- indole-6-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.72 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 7.67 (abq, J= 29.4, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, J= 6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.83 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H). MS: 347.1 (calc), 348.1 (obs).	35
48	172	N _{N-NH} NH ₂	(thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- (1H-tetrazol- 5-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9,71 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J = 8.2. 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H). MS : 362.09 (calc), 363.1 (obs).	36
49	173	S H NH2	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- cyanobenza mide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.92 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (dd, J= 5.1, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J= 5.1, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H). MS: 319.08 (calc), 320.1 (obs).	36
50	174	NH NH2	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- (4,5-dihydro- 1H-imidazol- 2- yl)benzamide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.78 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J= 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 4H). MS: 362.12 (calc), 363.1 (obs).	36

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
51	181	MeO NH ₂	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- methoxybenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.96 (1H,s), 7.59 - 7.52 (3H,m), 7.46 - 7.41 (3H,m), 7.39 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.33 (1H,dd,2.5 and 1.0 Hz), 7.16 (1H,dd,5.7 and 1.8 Hz), 6.98 (1H,d,8.4 Hz), 3.84 (3H,s) MS: 324.1 (calc), 325.1 (obs).	37
51aa	181a a		N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- nitrobenzami de	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.35 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.22 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J= 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J= 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), (missing NH ₂). MS: 339.07 (calc), 340.1 (obs).	37
51b b	181b b		(thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.14(1H,s), 8.82 (1H,s), 8.43 (2H,d,6.3 1+2), 7.82 (1H,t,7.8 Hz), 7.46 (1H,d,2.0 Hz), 7.37 - 7.33 (2H,m), 7.27 (1H,d,3.3), 7.05 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.4 Hz), 6.85 (1H,d,8.4 Hz) MS: 339.1 (calc) 340.1 (obs).	37
51cc	181c c	NC NH ₂	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- cyanobenza mide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9,97 (1H,s), 8.45 (1H,s), 8.27 (1H,d,8.0 Hz), 8.05 (1H,d,7.8 Hz), 7.74 (1H,t,8.0 Hz), 7.48 (1H,d,1.8 Hz), 7.38 - 7.3(1H,d,8.4 Hz)7.38 - 7.33 (2H,m), 7.27 (1H,d,3.52 Hz), 7.05 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.4 Hz), 6.86 (1H,d,8.4). MS: 319.1 (calc) 320.1 (obs).	37
51d d	181d d	Br NH ₂	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- bromobenza mide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.90 (1H,s), 8.18 (1H,s), 7.98 (1H,d,7.4 Hz), 7.50 - 7.45 (2H,m), 7.37 - 7.32 (2H,m), 7.27 (1H,d,3.3 Hz), 7.05 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.6 Hz), 6.85 (1H,d.8.4 Hz) MS: 371.9 (calc) 373.0 (obs).	37
51e e	181e e	F ₃ C NH ₂	N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- (trifluoromet hyl)benzamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.00 (1H,s), 8.34 (1H,s), 8.29 (1H,d,8.0 Hz), 7.95 (1H,d,8.0 Hz), 7.76 (1H,t,7.6 Hz), 7.44 (1H,s), 7.36 - 7.31 (2H,m), 7.25 (1H,d,3.3 Hz), 7.04 (1H,t,3.7 Hz), 6.82 (1H,d,8.2 Hz) MS: 362.1 (calc) 363.1 (obs)	37

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
52	184	S NH ₂	4-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenylcarb amoyl)phenyl acetate	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.73 (1H,s), 8.03 (2H,d,8.4), 7.45 (1H,s.), 7.34 (1H,d,9.0 Hz), 7.30 - 7.22 (4H,m), 7.04 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.6 Hz), 6.79 (1H,d,8.4 Hz), 5.18 (2H,s), 2.31 (3H,s) MS: 352.1 (calc), 353.1 (obs)	37
52aa	184a a		N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- (dimethylami no)benzamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9,64 (1H,s), 7,45 (1H,s), 7.34 (1H,dd,3.9 and 1.2 Hz), 7.29 - 7.26 (4H,m), 7.24 - 7.22 (1H,m), 7.03 (1H,dd,3.7 and 1.4 Hz), 6.90 (1H,d,8.2 Hz), 6.80 (1H,d,8.2 Hz), 5.10 (2H,s), 2.96 (6H,s) MS: 337.1 (calc) 338.1 (obs).	37
52b b	184b b		3-acetamido- N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)ben zamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.11 (IH,s), 9.83 (IH,s), 8.11 (IH,s), 7.79 (IH,d,6.7 Hz), 7.67 (IH,d,7.6 Hz), 7.49 (IH,s), 7.43 (IH,t,7.8 Hz), 7.38 (IH,d,4.9 Hz), 7.34 (IH,d,8.4 Hz), 7.28 (IH,d,3.3 Hz), 7.05 (IH,t,3.7 Hz), 6.89 (IH,d,8.4 Hz), 2.07 (3H,s) MS: 351.1 (calc) 352.1 (obs)	37
53	190		(thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- (2-(piperidin- 1-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.34 (1H,s), (8.25 (2H,s)comes from formic salt), 7.77 (2H,d,8.8), 7.44 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.34 (1H,dd,4.0 and 1.2 Hz), 7.26 - 7.21 (2H,m), 7.03 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.4), 6.78 (1H,d,8.2), 6.62 (1H,d,8.8 Hz), 6.09 (1H,m), 3.25 - 3.15(8H,m), 1.53 to 1.49 (4H,m), 1.39 (2H,m) MS: 420.2 (calc), 421.3 (obs).	38
54	197		N-(2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- (2- morpholinoet hoxy)benzam ide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.67 (1H, s), 8.01 (2H, d, 8.8), 7.44 (1H, d, 2.0 Hz), 7.36 (1H, dd, 4.1 and 1.0 Hz), 7.30 (1H, dd, 6.1 and 2.2 Hz), 7.24 (1H, dd, 2.5 and 1.2), 7.12 (2H, d, 8.8), 7.04 (1H, dd, 3.5 and 1.6 Hz), 6.82 (1H, d, 8.4 Hz), 4.44 (2H, t, 4.1), 3.65 to 3.15 (10H, m) MS: 423.2 (calc), 424.2 (obs).	39

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
55	199		4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)-N-(2- amino-5- cyanophenyl) benzamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.56 (bs, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (bs, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.995.95 (m, 2H), 5.74 (bs, 1H), 4.92 (bs, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.32 (s, 3H).MS: (calc.); 402.5 (dot.) 403.4 (MH)*.	40
56	205	H ₂ N HN S	ethyl)-N-(2- amino-4- fluoro-5- (thiophen-2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.65 (s, 11h, 7.96 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.487.51 (m, 4H), 7.31 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J=13.6 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, J=2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03-6.01 (m, 2H), 5.50 (bs, 2H), 4.34 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H).MS: (calc.) 477.6; (obt.) 478.4 (MH)*.	41
57a	209a	H ₂ N F	4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.5 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (s, 1H), 6.6 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (bs, 2H), 4.28 (bs, 2H), 3.64 (s, 6H), 3.57 (s, 3H).MS: (calc.) 507.6; (obt.) 508.4 (MH)*.	42
57b	209b	NH HAN	enylamino)m ethyl)-N-(5-(4- (1 H-imidazol- 1- yl)phenoxy)- 2-amino-4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 7.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (bs, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (bs, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.723 (d, J=13.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (bs, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 3H) MS: (calc.) 553.6; (obt.) 554.5 (MH)*.	42

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
58	213	H ₂ N F	N-(2-amino-4- fluoro-5-(1H- pyrrol-1-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.11 (s, 1H), 9.48 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J=2.0, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J=12.8Hz, 1H), 6.10 (2H, dd, J=2.0, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 5.28 (bs, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 352.36; (obt.) 353.2 (MH).	42
59	218	PANH SHAPE	4-((3,4- dimethoxyph enylamino)m ethyl)-N-(2- amino-4- fluoro-5- indole-5- carbonitrile)b enzamide	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm):8.08 (bs, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (bs, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 535.5; (obt.) 536.3 (MH)*.	43
60	223	HN	4-acetamido- N-(2-amino-4- (thiazol-2- yl)phenyl)ben zamide	¹ H NMR: (CD3OD) δ (ppm):7.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (bs, 1H), 7.32 (bs, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H) MS: (calc.)352.4; (obt.) 353.2 (MH) ⁺ .	44
61a	224a	HN	4-acetamido- N-(2-amino-5- (thiazol-2- yl)phenyl)ben zamide	¹ H NMR: (CD3OD) δ (ppm): 7.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H ₁ , 7.77 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H ₁), 7.71-7.73 (m, 3H), 7.56 (d, J=3.20 Hz, 1H ₁ , 7.48 (bs, 1H), 7.32 (bs, 2H), 6.92 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H ₁ , 217 (s, 3H) MS: (calc.) 352.41; (obt.) 353.2 (MH) ⁺ :	44
61b	224b	H ₂ N HN HN S	4-acetamido- N-(2-amino-5- (4- phenylthiazol -2- yl)phenyl)ben zamide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm):10.18 (s, 1H), 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.94 (m, 5H), 7.84 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (dd, J=1.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J=2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dt, J=1.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J=1.6, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (bs, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 428.5; (obt.) 429.1 (MH) ⁺ .	44

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
61c	224c	HN -	N-(2-amino-5- (4,5- dimethylthiaz ol-2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.25 (s, 11H), 9.63 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.68-7.67 (m, 3H), 7.41 (dd, J=2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (bs, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H) MS: (calc.) 380.4; (obt.) 381.1 (MH)*.	44
62	228	H ₂ N	yl)phenyl)ben	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.22 (s, 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.4Hz, 2H), 7.80 (1H, dd, J=2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.73 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.35 (m, 2H), 6.91 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (bs, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H) MS: (calc.) 386.41; (obt.) 387.1 (MH) [∞] .	45
63	232		amino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(2- amino-5- (thiophen-2-	¹ H NMR: {DMSO} 8 {ppm}: 9.42 (bs, 1H), 7.66-7.32 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.87-6.74 (m, 1H), 6.62-6.50 (m, 4H), 5.19 (bs, 1H),4.29 (d, J=5.6Hz, 2H), MS: (calc.) 459.2; (obt.) 460.3 (MH)*.	46

Table 1a (cont.)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
64	235		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)py ridine-3-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm10.79 (br s, 1H), 9.75 (br s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.20 (br s, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 352.1; (obt.) 353.2 (MH)*.	47

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
65a	238a		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)qu inoxaline-6- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.09 (br s, 1H), 9.04 (dd, J=6.7, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 8.79 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (dd, J=8.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=4.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=2.1, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (br s, 2H). MS: (calc.) 346.1 (obt.) 347.1 (MH)*.	48
65b	238b		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 2,3-di(furan- 2- yl)quinoxalin e-6- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (CD ₃ OD) 8 (ppm): 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.21 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 - 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.90 (t, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.9 (t, J=3.9 Hz, 2H), 6.55 - 6.56 (m, 2H).MS: (calc.) 478.1; (obt.) 479.1 (MH)*.	48
65c	238c		2-yl)phenyl)- 2,3- di(thiophen- 2- yl)quinoxalin e-6-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.84 - 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 - 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.14 - 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (s, 2H). MS : (calc.) 510.1; (obt.) 511.1 (MH).	48
66	242		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4- (morpholino methyl)benz amide	¹ H NMR: (CDCl ₃) δ (ppm): 8.61 - 8.59 (m, 1H), 8.02 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (br s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (bd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, J=4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 2.47 (t, J=4.3 Hz, 4H). MS: (calc.) 393.2; (obt.) 394.2 (MH).	49

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
67a	245a	Br-CSO H NIH,	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 5- bromobenz ofuran-2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.01 (s, 1 H), 8.05 (d, $J=1.6$ Hz, 1 H), 7.69 - 7.67 (m, 2 H), 7.61 (dd, $J=8.8$, 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1 H), 7.34 (dd, $J=1.1$, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (dd, $J=3.6$, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.02 (dd, $J=4.9$, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.79 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1 H), 5.24 (s, 2 H), MS : (calc.) 413.0 (d); (obt.) 414.0 (d) (MH)*.	50
67b	245b	MeO HN HN	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 5,6- dimethoxyb enzofuran- 2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm9.77 (s, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 394.1; (obt.) 395.1 (MH) [↑] .	50
67c	245c	F C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 5- fluorobenzo furan-2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.98 (s, 1H), 7.75 · 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.63 (dd, J=9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 · 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 37 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H). MS: (calc.) 352.1; (obt.) 353.1 (MH)*.	50
67d	245d	CI HN-	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4,6- dichloroben zofuran-2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.04 (s, 1 H), 7.95 (dd, $J=1.6$, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.85 (s, 1 H), 7.63 (d, $J=1.6$ Hz, 1 H), 7.43 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (dd, $J=5.1$, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (dd, $J=3.5$, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (dd, $J=5.1$, 3.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.78 (d, $J=8.3$ Hz, 1 H), 5.28 (s, 2 H) MS : (calc.) 403.0 (d); (obt.) 404.0 (d) (MH)*.	50

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
67e	245e	Meo HN S	5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4,6- dimethoxyb enzofuran- 2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.68 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=8.2; 1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 394.1; (obt.) 395.1 (MH)*.	50
67f	245f	HN HN		¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.51 - 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 - 6.76 (m, 3H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 3.40 (q, J=6.8 Hz, 4H), 1.13 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 6H). MS: (calc.) 405.1; (obt.) 406.1 (MH)*.	50
68	250		2- acetamido- N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)py rimidine-5- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.90 (s, 1H), 9.87 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J=3.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (br s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 353.1; (obt.) 354.1 (MH)*.	51
69a	253a	NNN H	2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(3,5- dimethyl- 1H-pyrazol- 1-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.81 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H).MS: (calc.) 388.1; (obt.) 389.1 (MH)*.	52

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
69b	253b	ST NH ₂	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(2,5- dimethyl- 1H-pyrrol-1- yl)benzamid e	(obt.) 388.1 (MH)+.	52
70a	256a		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)be nzo[d][1,3]d ioxole-5- carboxamid e		53
70b	256b		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 2,3- dihydroben zo[b][1,4]di oxine-6- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J=8.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (s, 2H), 4.31 - 4.28 (m, 4H). MS: (calc.) 352.1; (obt.) 353.1 (MH).	53
70c	256c	OMe NH,	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 7- methoxybe nzo[d][1,3]d ioxole-5- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J=1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 · 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (s, 2H), 5.14 (br s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 368.1; (obt.) 369.1 (MH).	53

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71a	258a	MeO NH,	5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 3,4-	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.64 (s, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (br s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 354.1; (obt.) 355.1 (MH)*.	54
71b	258b		2-yl)phenyl)- 1H- benzo[d][1, 2,3]triazole- 5-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm9.90 (s, 1H), 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=9.8 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=5.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H) 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (br s, 2H).MS: (calc.) 335.1; (obt.) 336.0 (MH)*	54
71c	258c		2-(pyridin-4- yl)thiazole- 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.94 (s, 1H), 8.78 (m, 3H), 8.11 (dd, J=4.3, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H). MS: (calc.) 378.0; (obt.) 379.0 (MH)*.	54
71d	258d	NH,	2-yl)phenyl)- 1H- benzo[d]imi dazole-5-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.72 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 2H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.1, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=5.1, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=5.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 2H). MS: (calc.) 334.1; (obt.) 335.0 (MH)*.	54

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71e	258e	ON PH	5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.90 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.07 - 7.98 (m, 4H), 7.63 - 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H).MS: (calc.) 344.1; (obt.) 345.1(MH)*	54
71f	258f	C) HIN	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)be nzo[b]thiop hene-2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.99 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.03 (dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=6.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.2, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H), MS: (calc.) 350.0; (obt.) 351.0 (MH)*.	54
71g	258g	S NH2	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 3,4-dihydro- 2H- benzo[b][1, 4]dioxepine- 7- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 - 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.78 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (br s, 2H), 4.22 - 4.17 (m, 4H), 2.16 (quintet, J=5.5 Hz, 2H) MS: (calc.) 366.1; (obt.) 367.1 (MH) ⁺ .	54
71a a	258a a	H ₂ N H ₃ N	2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.19 (s, 1H), 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 5.1, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 351.1; (obt.) 352.3 (MH)*.	54

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71b b	258b b	FX 11 MH2	(E)-N-(2- amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)-3- (2,2- difluoroben zo[d][1,3]di oxol-5- yl)acrylamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.46 (s, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, J = 3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H). MS: 400.07 (calc), 401.1 (obs).	54
71c c	258c c		inoline-6-	14 NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.97 (s, 1H), 8.99 (dd, J= 4.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (d, J= 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.50 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (dd, J= 8.8, 2.0, 1H), 8.10 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J= 8.2, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J= 4.9, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J= 3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H) MS: 345.09 (calc), 346.0 (obs).	54
71d d	258d d	MeO NH ₂	(3,4- dimethoxyp	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.33 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J= 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J= 1.5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J= 1.5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J= 1.5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J= 0.98 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J= 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (t, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H). MS: 380.12 (calc), 381.1 (obs).	54
71e e	258e e		2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(1H- pyrrol-1-	1H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.73 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J= 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J= 8.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J= 4.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (s, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H), MS: 359.11 (calc.), 360.1 (obs).	54

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71ff	258ff	ON HAND	2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(1H- imidazol-1-	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.79 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J= 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J= 4.9, 0.78 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 7.04 to 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H). MS: 360.1 (calc), 361.1 (obs).	54
71g g	258g g	Me O NH2	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 3,5- dimethoxyb enzamide	1H, NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.68 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J= 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J= 3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (t, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 6H). MS: 354.1 (calc), 355.1 (obs).	54
71h h	258h h	I Note	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-((4,6- dimethylpyri midin-2- yl)(methyl)a mino)benza mide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.72 (1H,s), 7.97 (2H,d,8.6 Hz), 7.50 to 7.46 (3H,m.), 7.34 (1H,dd,3.9 and 1.2 Hz), 7.28 (1H,dd,6.1 and 2.3 Hz), 7.23 (1H,dd,2.3 and 1.2 Hz), 7.04 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.4 Hz), 6.79 (1H,g,8.4 Hz), 6.79 (1H,s), 5.18 (2H,s), 3.52 (3H,s), 2.25 (6H,s.) MS: 429.2 (calc), 430.2 (obs).	54
71ii	258ii	S NH ₂	5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4- morpholino	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.49 (1H,s), 7.88 (2H,d,8.6 Hz), 7.43 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,d,8.0 Hz), 7.26 to 7.21 (2H,m), 7.0 to 6.99 (3H,m), 6.78 (1H,d,8.4), 5.1 (2H,s), 3.74 to 3.73 (4H,m), 3.29 to 3.23 (4H,m) MS: 379.1 (calc), 380.1 (obs).	54

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71jj	258jj	No.	2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(3-methyl- 5-oxo-4,5- dihydropyra zol-1-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.70 (1H,s), 8.03 (2H,d,8.8 Hz), 7.93 (1H,d,8.8), 7.70 - 7.62 (1H,m), 7.46 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.34 (1H,dd,4.1 and 1.0 Hz), 7.28 (1H,dd,6.1 and 2.2 Hz), 7.24 (1H,dd,2.5 and 1.0), 7.03 (1H,dd, 3.5 and 1.6), 6.80 (1H,d8.4 Hz), 5.14 (1H,s), 4.19 (2H,m), 2.12 (3H,s) MS: 390.1 (calc), 391.2 (obs).	54
71k k	258kk	No.	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(4- methylpiper azin-1- yl)benzamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.48 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J= 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 3.36 (t, J= 6.7 Hz, 4H), 2.45 (t, J= 4.9 Hz, 4H), 2.23 (s, 3H). MS: 392.17 (calc), 393.2 (obs).	54
7111	258	NH ₂	2- yl)phenyl)be nzo[d]thiazo le-6-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.87 (s, 1H), 9.55 (s, 1H), 8.83 (s, 1H), 8.17 (q, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J= 8.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J= 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J= 4.5 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H). MS: 351.05 (calc), 352.0 (obs).	54
71m m	258m m	HO NH2	5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)ca rbamoyl)ph enyl 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.76 (1H,s), 8.07 (2H,d,8.6), 7.97 (2H,d,8.4 Hz), 7.46 (1H,s), 7.39 -7.33 (3H,m), 7.29 (1H,d,6.1 and 2.2), 7.24 (1H,d,3.5), 7.04 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.6 Hz), 6.91 - 6.89 (2H,m), 6.80 (1H,d,8.4), 5.19 (2H,s), 4.15 (1H,s). MS: 430.1 (calc), 431.1 (obs).	54
71n n	258n n	O L AL	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)thi ophene-3- carboxamid e	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J= 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J= 8.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 2H). MS: 300.04 (calc) 301.1 (obs)	54

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71o o	258o o	S NH ₂	2-yl)phenyl)- 3- methylbenz o[b]thiophe ne-2-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.97 (dt, J= 41.5, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.49 (t, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J= 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 2.68 (s, 3H). MS : 364.07 (calc) 365.1 (obs)	54
71p p	258p p	NH ₂	2-yl)phenyl)- 4-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.49 (1H,s), 7.85 (2H,d,8.6), 7.43 (1H,s,), 7.34 (1H,d,5.1 Hz), 7.26 (1H,d,6.1 Hz), 7.27 (1H,d,3.5 Hz), 7.03 (1H,dd,5.1 and 0 Hz), 6.84 - 6.77 (3H,m), 5.09 (2H,s) MS: 310.1 (calc), 311.1 (obs).	54
71q q	258q q	NH NH2	5-(thiophen-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H); 7.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz; 2H); 7.43 (d; J=2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dt) J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.27 (dd; J=2.2, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.23 (dd; J=1.2, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (d; J=8.8 Hz; 2H); 7.03 (m, 1H); 6.79 (d; J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.12 (bs, 2H); 3.84 (s, 3H).MS: calc: 324.4; found: 325.2 (M+H)	
71rr	258rr	Br NH NH2	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4- bromobenz amide	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.78 (s, 1h); 7.93 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2h); 7.71 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2h); 7.71 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2h); 7.43 (d; J=1.9 Hz; 1h); 7.28 (dd; J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1h); 7.28 (dd; J=1.2, 3.5 Hz; 1h); 7.03 (dd; J=3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1h); 6.78 (d; J=8.3 Hz; 1h); 5.20 (bs, 2h).MS: cale: 371.9 and 373.9; found: 373.1 and 375.1 (M+h)	54
71s s	258ss	NH NH2	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)be nzofuran-2- carboxamid e	1H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.73 (s, 1H); 7.99 (s, 1H); 7.95 (d, J=7.2 Hz; 1H); 7.50 (m, 2H); 7.45 (d, J=2.1 Hz; 1H); 7.50 (m, 2H); 7.45 (d; J=2.1 Hz; 1H); 7.33 (dd; J=1.0, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.28 (dd; J=2.1, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.23 (dd; J=1.0, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (dd; J=3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (dd; J=3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.79 (d; J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.12 (bs, 2H); 6.79 (d; J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.12 (bs, 2H); MS: calc: 334.4; found: 335.1 (M+H)	54

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
71tt	258tt	NH NH ₂	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)be nzamide	H NMR: (CD3OD) δ (ppm): 8.52 (s, 11h; 7.76 (d; J=7.4 Hz; 11h; 7.65 (d; J=8.4 Hz; 11h; 7.65 (d; J=2.0 Hz; 11h; 7.49 (m, 11h); 7.37 (dd; J=2.1, 8.3 Hz; 11h; 7.34 (m, 11h); 7.23 (m, 21h); 7.02 (dd; J=3.7, 5.3 Hz; 11h); 6.91 (d; J=8.3 Hz; 11h), MS: calc: 294.4; found: 295.2 (M+H)	54
71u u	258u u		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 3,4-dihydro- 4-methyl- 2H- benzo[b][1, 4]oxazine-7- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.40 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, J= 5.3 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J= 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.23 (d, J= 4.1 Hz, 2H), 3.30 (m, 2H), 2.93 (s, 3H) MS: 365.12 (calc) 366.1 (obs)	54
71w w	258w w	OMe H ₂ N	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 7- methoxybe nzofuran-2- carboxamid e	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.90 (s, 1H); 7.71 (s, 1H); 7.46 (d, J= 2.0 Hz; 1H); 7.35 (s, 1H); 7.35 (m, 1H); 7.30 (dd; J=2.0, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.27 (d; J= 7.9 Hz; 1H); 7.24 (m, 1H); 7.08 (d; J= 7.9 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (dd; J= 3.7, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.80 (d; J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.12 (bs, 2H); 3.98 (s; 3H). MS: calc: 364.4; found: 365.1 (M+H)	54
72a	261a	Br Charles H.N.	5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 5- bromobenz o[b]thiophe ne-2-	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, J=8.6, Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=5.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H). MS: (calc.) 429.0 (d); (obt.) 430.0 (d) (MH)*.	55

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sch eme
72b	261b	Moo HN-	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 5,6- dimethoxyb enzo[b]thio phene-2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.87 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 410.1; (obt.) 411.1 (MH)*.	55
73	262		5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 5-(pyridin-3- yl)benzo[b]t hiophene-2-	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.09 (s, 11h), 8.99 (dd, J=2.3, 0.8 Hz, 1h), 8.58 (dd, J=4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1h), 8.17 (ddd, J=9.6, 3.9, 1.8 Hz, 1h), 8.17 (ddd, J=9.6, 3.9, 1.8 Hz, 1h), 7.83 (dd, J=8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1h), 7.53 - 7.50 (m, 2h), 7.46 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1h), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1h), 7.31 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1h), 7.25 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1h), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1h), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1h), 5.74 (s, 2h), MS: (calc.) 427.1; (obt.) 428.1 (MH)*	57
74	264		2-yl)phenyl)- 4H- benzo[d][1, 3]dioxine-6-	l-H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.82 (dd, J=8.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.1, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (s, 2H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.94 (s, 2H).MS: (calc.) 352.1; (obt.) 353.1 (MH).	57
75	269		6-(2- morpholino ethoxy)-N- (2-amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)be nzofuran-2- carboxamid e	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 7.21 (d, 1H), 7.14 (d, 2H), 6.95 (d, 1H), 6.84 – 6.79 (m, 3H), 6.62 – 6.57 (m, 2H), 6.49 (d, 1H), 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.80 (m, 4H), 2.46 (m, 2H), 2.21 (m, 4H). MS: (calc.) 463.2; (obt.) 464.2 (MH)*.	58

Table 1a (cont.)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
76	273	NH NH ₂	5-(3H- 1,2,3- triazol-4- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybe	iH NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.62 (s, 1H); 8.08 (bs, 2H); 7.97 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2H); 7.62 (s, 1H); 7.45 (d, J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2H); 6.82 (d, J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.11 (bs, 2H); 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 309.3; found: 310.1 (M+H)	59
77	277	NH NH2	N-(2-amino- 5-(1H- tetrazol-5- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybe	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.63 (s, 1H); 7.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz; 2H); 7.81 (d, J= 2.0 Hz; 1H); 7.61 (dd; J=2.0, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.64 (d, J= 8.8 Hz; 2H); 6.85 (d, J= 8.4 Hz; 1H); 3.85 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 310.3; found: 311.1 (M+H)	61
78	283	NH ₂	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 1-methyl- 1 H- benzo[d]imi dazole-5- carboxamic e		62
79	286	N H NH2	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl- 1-methyl- 1 H- benzo[d][1, 2,3]triazole -5- carboxamic	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.88 (s, 11h); 8.75 (s, 11h); 8.15 (dd; J=1.0, 8.6 Hz; 11h); 7.95 (dd, J=1.0, 8.6 Hz; 11h); 7.95 (dd, J=1.0, 8.6 Hz, 11h), 7.49 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 11h); 7.30 (dd; J=2.0, 8.3 Hz; 11h); 7.24 (dd; J=1.2, 3.5 Hz; 11h); 7.24 (dd; J=1.2, 3.5 Hz; 11h); 7.04 (dd; J=3.5, 5.1 Hz; 11h); 6.81 (d; J=8.3 Hz; 11h); 5.24 (bs, 21h); 4.37 (s,	62

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
79a a	286a a	O H NH2	metnyibenz o[d]oxazole -6- carboxamid	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.80 (s, 1H); 8.29 (d, J. = 1.4 Hz, 1H), J, 8.00 (dd; J. = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J. = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J. = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d; J=2.0 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd; J=1.0, 5.0 Hz; 1H); 7.30 (dd; J=2.0, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.23 (dd; J=1.0, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (dd; J= 3.5, 5.0 Hz; 1H); 6.80 (d; J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.20 (bs, 2H); 2.67 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 349.4; found: 350.0 (M+H)	
80	291	NH ₂	N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)H- imidazo[1, 2- a]pyridine- 6-	¹ H NMR: (CD3OD) 8 (ppm): 9.19 (s, 1H); 7.99 (s, 1H); 7.86 (d; J=8.5 Hz; 1H); 7.67 (s, 1H); 7.64 (d; J=8.5 Hz; 1H); 7.50 (s, 1H); 7.37 (d; J= 8.5 Hz; 1H); 7.22 (d; J= 4.9 Hz; 1H); 7.21 (m, 1H); 7.01 (t; J= 4.9 Hz; 1H); 6.91 (d; J=8.5 Hz; 1H).	63
81	296	NH NH ₂	5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)H- imidazo[1, 2- a]pyridine- 2- carboxamid	TH NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.73 (s, 11), 8.62 (dt, J= 1.2; 6.8 Hz, 11), 8.50 (d, J= 0.7 Hz; 1H); 7.66 (d, J= 2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.66 (d, J= 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd; J= 1.6, 6.8 Hz; 1H); 7.36 (dt; J= 1.6, 4.9 Hz; 1H); 7.26 (dd; J= 2.2, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.24 (dd; J= 1.2, 3.6 Hz; 1H); 7.05 (m; 1H); 7.01 (dd; J= 1.2, 6.8 Hz; 1H); 6.84 (d; J= 8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.13 (bs, 2H). MS: calc: 334.4; found: 335.1 (M+H).	64
82	301	NH OH	dimethoxyp henylamino)methyl)-N- (2-hydroxy- 5-(thiophen- 2- yl)phenyl)be	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.1 (s, 111); 9.52 (s, 111); 8.00 (s, 111); 7.92 (d, J=7.0, 211); 7.49 (d, J=7.0, 211); 7.42 (m, 111); 7.33 (d, J=8.0, 111); 7.29 (s, 111); 7.07 (s, 111); 6.93 (d, J=8.0, 111); 6.65 (d, J=8.5, 111); 6.32 (s, 111); 5.98 (m, 211); 4.30 (s, 211); 3.65 (s, 311); 3.58 (s, 311).	65

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
83	302	NH1 NH2	methylthiop hen-2- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybe	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.0, Hz, 2H); 7.36 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H); 7.20 (dd, J = 2.1, 8.3 Hz, 1H); 7.03 (d, J = 8.0, Hz, 2H); 7.00 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); 6.78 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 1.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H); 3.83 (s, 3H); 2.42 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H). MS: calc: 338.4; found: 338.4 (M+H).	66
84	308	NH NH ₂	2-(5-((2- amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)ca- rbamoyl)-2- methyl-1H- benzo[d]imi dazol-1- yl)ethyl	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm) : 9.70 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.87 (dd; J=1.0, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.62 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d. J=2.0 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd. J=0.8 4.8 kg)	67
85	309	NH NH ₂	5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 1-(2- hydroxyeth yl)-2-methyl- 1-H- benzo[d]imi dazole-5- carboxamid	iH NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.70 (s, 11H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.84 (dd; J=1.4, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.57 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd; J=2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd; J=1.4, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.28 (dd; J=2.2, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.28 (dd; J=8.4 Hz; 1H); 5.14 (bs, 2H); 6.80 (d; J=8.4 Hz; 1H); 5.14 (bs, 2H); 5.00 (bs, 1H); 4.28 (t; J=5.4 Hz; 2H); 3.72 (t; J=5.4 Hz; 2H); 2.59 (s, 3H); 4.28 (t; J=5.2 Hz; 3.72 (t; J=5.4 Hz; 2H); 3.72 (t; J=5.4 Hz; 3Hz) (MS); calc: 392.5; found: 393.2 (M+H)	67
86	312	MeO NH OH	4-((3,4- dimethoxyp henylamino)methyl)-N- (2-hydroxy- 5- (phenyl)phe nyl)benzami de	1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 3.62 (s,3H), 3.69 (s,3H), 4.34 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (m,2H), 6.35 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (br s,1H), 9.58 (br s,1H), 10.00 (br s,1H) MS: (calc.) 454.5; (obt.) 455.4 (MH)*	68

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
87	313	MeO NH OH	phenylamin o)methyl- phenyl)-N- (2-hydroxy- 5- (phenyl)phe	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 3.54 (s,3H), 3.68 (s,3H), 4.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 5.92 (s,2H), 6.13 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (5.0 (m,4H), 7.54-7.64 (m,4H), 8.34 (s,1H), 9.55 (br s,1H), 10.21 (br s,1H) MS: (calc.) 510.6; (obt.) 511.2 (MH)*	68
88	314	ON NH OH	5- (phenyl)phe nyl)benzo[b][1,4]dioxin e-6- carboxamic e	¹ H NMR: {DMSO} δ (ppm): 4.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.36 (m,2H), 7.42 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.50-7.60 (m,2H), 7.97 (br s,1H), 9.47 (br s,1H), 9.93 (br s,1H) (MS: (calc.) 347.4; (obt.) 348.1 (MH)*	68
89	315		hydroxy-5- (phenyl)phe nyl)-N ⁸ -(3- (phenyl)phe nyl)octaned	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 1.34-1.46 (m,4H), 1.60-1.74 (m,4H), 2.38 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 2H).6.98 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.70 (m,15H), 7.96 (s,1H), 8.10 (s,1H), 9.34 (br s,1H), 10.00 (br s,1H) (MS: (calc.) 492.6; (obt.) 493.5 (MH).	69
90	320		2-[4- (Naphthale ne-2- sulfonyl)- piperazin-1- yl]- pyrimidine- 5- carboxylic acid (2 amino-5- thiophen-2- yl-phenyl)- amide	¹ H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.52 (bs, 1H); 8.83 (s, 2H); 8.44 (s, 1H); 8.20 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H); 8.15 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H); 8.05 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H); 7.75 (dd; J=1.8, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.31 (dd; J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.25 (dd; J=2.2, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.19 (dd; J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.74 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H); 5.16 (bs, 2H); 3.96 (t, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H); 5.16 (bs, 2H); 3.96 (t, J= 4.3 Hz, 4H); MS: calc: 570.7; found: 571.3 (M+H)	70

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
91	323		l)-piperazin- 1-yl]- pyrimidine- 5- carboxylic acid (2: amino-5- thiophen-2-	¹ H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.59 (bs, 1H); 8.93 (s, 2H); 8.75 (bs, 1H); 7.63 (d, J= 1.2 Hz, 1H); 7.61 (m, 1H); 7.57 (m, 4H); 7.41 (m, 3H); 7.29 (m, 2H); 7.23 (dd; J= 1.2, 2.5 Hz; 1H); 7.29 (dd; J= 3.7, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.78 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H); 5.22 (bs, 2H); 3.93 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 4H);); 3.60 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 4H). MS: calc: 575.7; found: 576.3 (M+H)	71
92	327	O H HH2	N-(2-Amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(pyridin-3- yl)benzami de		72
93	333		(Pyridin-3- yl) methyl 4-(2- hydroxy-5- (thiophen-2- yl) phenylcarb	H NMR: (Acetone-d ₆) δ (ppm): 9.37 (bs, 1H), 9.35 (bs, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=1.2 k, 8.38 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H). LRMS: (m/z): 460.2 (MH¹).	73

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
94	341	NC S N N NH	yl)piperazin 1-yl)-N-(2- amino-5- (thiophen-2- yl)phenyl)thi azole-5-	H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CD ₃ OD) 8 (ppm): 7.95 (br.s, 1H), 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.53 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.60 (m, 4H), 2.68 (m, 4H). MS: calc: 500.1; found: 501.2 (M+H)	74
95	344		5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-(4- benzylpiper azin-1- yl)benzami	H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl ₃) 8 (ppml; 2.625 (t, J=5Hz, 4H), 3.35 (t, J=5Hz, 4H), 3.35 (t, J=5Hz, 4H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 6.84 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=9Hz, 2H), 7.01 (m, 1H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 6H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=9Hz, 2H). MS: calc: 468.0; found: 469.0 (M+H)	75
96	347		itniopnen-2- yl)phenyl)- N8- phenylocta nediamide	¹ H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CD ₃ 0D) 8 (ppm): 7.51 (br.s. 2H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.16-7.27 (m, 5H), 6.9-7.1 (m, 2H), 6.84 (m, 1H), 2.42 (m, 4H), 1.76 (m, 4H), 1.49 (m, 4H).	76
97	349	NHo NHo	N-(2-Amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 4-((1,2- dihydro- 2,4- dioxoquina zolin-3(4H)- yl)methyl)b enzamide	$\label{eq:hammar} \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{H NMR (DMSO-d_6)} & (\textbf{ppm}): 11.57 \text{ (s,} \\ 1\text{H),} & 9.81 \text{ (s,} 1\text{H),} & 7.957.92 \text{ (m,} 3\text{H),} \\ 7.68 \text{ (td,} & J=7.2, 1.4 \text{ Hz,} 1\text{H),} & 7.48 \text{ (d,} \\ J=1.8 \text{ Hz,} & 1\text{H),} & 7.42 \text{ (d,} & J=8.2 \text{ Hz,} 2\text{H),} \\ 7.38 \text{ (d,} & J=5.1 \text{ Hz,} & 1\text{H),} & 7.34 \text{ (dd,} & J=8.2 \text{ 2.0 Hz,} & 1\text{H),} \\ 7.20 \text{ Hz,} & 1\text{H),} & 7.27 \text{ (d,} & J=3.3 \text{ Hz,} & 1\text{H),} \\ 7.247.20 \text{ (m,} & 2\text{H),} & 7.05 \text{ (dd,} & J=4.9,} & 3.5 \text{ Hz,} \\ 1\text{H,} & 6.89 \text{ (d,} & J=8.4 \text{ Hz,} & 1\text{H),} & 5.17 \text{ (s,} \\ 2\text{H).} & \text{(The } & \text{NH}_2 \text{ group is missing,} \\ \text{overlapped by $H_2\text{O}$.} \\ \textbf{MS } & \textbf{(m/z):} & 468.53 \text{ (calc)} & 469.2 \text{ (MH+:} \\ \text{(found).} \end{array}$	77

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization	Sche me
98	355	Boc-N s.	2-yl) phenylcarb amoyl) thiophen-2- yl)	¹ H NMR: (CD ₃ OD) δ (ppm) 7.73 (d J=3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 - 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J=4.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J=13.1 Hz, 2H), 3.00 - 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.04 (d, J=12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.60 - 1.54 (m, 2H).	78
99	358		N-(2-amino- 5-(thiophen- 2-yl)phenyl)- 2-(2- morpholino ethyl)-1,3- dioxoisoind oline-5- carboxamid	H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.03 (s, 11H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J= 11.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.73 (t, J= 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (m, 4H), 2.54 (t, J= 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (m, 4H). MS: 476.15 (calc), 477.2 (obs).	
100	361		N-(2-amino- 5-(1H- imidazol-1- yl)phenyl)-4- methoxybe	H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 3H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, J= 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J= 8.6.2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J= 8.8. Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz,	80

Synthetic Schemes and Experimental Procedures

[0217] The compounds of the invention can be prepared according to the reaction schemes for the examples illustrated below utilizing methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art. These schemes serve to exemplify some procedures that can be used to make the compounds of the invention. One skilled in the art will recognize that other general synthetic procedures may be used. The compounds of the invention can be prepared from starting components that are commercially available. Any kind of substitutions can be made to the starting components to obtain the compounds of the invention according to procedures that are well known to those skilled in the art.

[0218] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0083] – [0088] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/087057.

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[0219] The compounds according to embodiments paragraphs [0098] - [0110] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076422. [0220] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0115] - [0124] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/075929. [0221] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0125] - [0135] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076395. [0222] The compounds according to embodiments paragraphs [0136] - [0145] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076400. The compounds according to embodiments paragraphs [0146] - [0157] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076401. The compounds according to embodiments paragraphs [0158] - [0166] can be routinely [0224] synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076421. The compounds according to embodiments paragraphs [0167] - [0175] can be routinely [0225] synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076430. [0226] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0176] - [0186] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/076438. [0227] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0187] - [0194] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/92686. [0228] The compounds according to embodiment paragraph [0195] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of WO 03/024448.

[0229] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0196] - [0197] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of JP 2003137866. [0230] The compounds according to embodimentparagraph [0198] - [0199] can be routinely

synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of JP 11-269146 (1999).

[0231] The compounds according to embodiments:paragraphs [0200] - [0201] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of JP 11-302173 (1999).

[0232] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0202] - [0203] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of JP 2001131130.

[0233] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0204] - [0205] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of JP 10152462, JP 2002332267, and JP 11-302173.

[0234] The compounds according to embodimentsparagraphs [0206] - [0207] can be routinely synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of US 6,174,905.

[0235] The compounds according to embodimentparagraphs [0206] can be routinely

synthesized using techniques described herein in conjunction with the teachings of W001/70675. Example 1

$\label{lem:n-2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]} methyl} benzamide~(6)$

Scheme 1

Step 1. 5-Brom0-2-nitro-phenylamine (2)

[0236] To a solution of potassium tert-butoxide (14.5 g; 129.2 mmol) and copper(l) chloride (301 mg; 3.04 mmol) in ethyleneglycol dimethylether (120 mL), stirred at 0°C under nitrogen, a solution of 1-bromo-4-nitro-benzene (1, 6.141 g; 30.4 mmol) and 0-methyl-hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.174 g; 38 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (65 mL) was added drop wise over 103 min, the cooling bath was removed and the mixture was allowed to react at room temperature for 3h, diluted with ethyl acetate (600 mL) and washed with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography (eluent 25% ethyl acetate in hexane), 4.96 g (75% yield) of compound 2 were obtained.

[0237] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.98 (d, J=9.24, 1H); 7.02 (d, J=1.98, 1H); 6.82 (dd, J=1.98 and 9.24, 1H): 6.12 (bs. 2H).

Step 2. 2-Nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenylamine (3).

[0238] A suspension of bromoarene 2 (5.85 g; 26.9 mmol) (or any other haloarene of choice); 2-thiopheneboronic acid (4.56 g, 35.6 mmol); (or the any other arylboronic acid of choice), tri-o-tolyl-phosphine (2.69 g; 8.8 mmol) and potassium carbonate (11.1 g; 80 mmol) in degassed ethyleneglycol dimethylether (70 mL) and water (35 mL), was treated with tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (2.04 g, 1.77 mmol) and the mixture stirred on a preheated oil bath at 80° C for 18 h, diluted with dichloromethane (300 mL), washed with water, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography (eluent 50 % ether in hexane) afforded compound 3 (5.63g, 95% yield).

[0239] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 7.97 (d, J=9.0, 1H); 7.69 (dd, J=1.2 and 5.1, 1H); 7.60 (dd, J=1.2 and 3.6, 1H); 7.49 (bs, 2H); 7.27 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 7.18 (dd, J=3.6 and 5.1, 1H); 6.97 (dd, J=2.0 and 9.0, 1H).

Step 3. 4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-(2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide (5).

[0240] To a solution of nitrophenylamine (3, 460 mg, 2.1 mmol), (or any other nitrophenylamine of choice, 1 eq); 4:((3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyll-benzoic acid (4, see below), 761 mg, 2.65 mmol) (or any other acid of choice, 1.3 eq) and benzotriazol-1-yloxytris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluoroohosphate (BOP) (1095 mg. 2.47 mmol) in pyridine (15 mL), 60% sodium hydride in oil

(563 mg, 14.1 mmol) was added portion wise under a stream of nitrogen, and the reaction was allowed to progress at room temperature for 2.5 h and diluted with toluene. Excess of NaH was quenched with acetic acid and the whole mixture was concentrated, re-dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with a solution of NaHCO₃ in brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography (eluent 30% to 75% AcOEt in hexane), 883 mg (1.80 mmol, 86% yield) of amide 5 were obtained.

[0241] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 10.8 (s, 1H); 8.10 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 8.06 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 7.90 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.74 (dd, J=1.0 and 4.9, 1H); 7.72 (dd, J=1.0 and 3.5, 1H); 7.69 (dd, J=2.2 and 8.7, 1H); 7.53 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.22 (dd, J=3.5 and 4.9, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 6.01 (t, J=6.1, 1H); 5.98 (dd, J=2.2 and 8.4, 1H); 4.32 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.66 (s, 3H); 3.59 (s, 3H).

4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid (4).

[0242] To a solution of 3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamine (786 mg; 5.13 mmol) and dibutyltindichloride (219 mg; 0.72 mmol) in ethyleneglycol dimethylether (7 mL), 4-formyl-benzoic acid (748 mg; 4.98 mmol) was added. The suspension was stirred at room temperature for 10 min, treated with phenylsilane (1.0 mL; 7.9 mmol) and the mixture stirred at the same temperature for 12 h. Methanol and a few drops of water were added, stirred for 5h, concentrated under vacuum, suspended in dichloromethane and stirred for one day at room temperature. After filtration, pure acid 4 (1.13 g; 79% yield) was obtained as a beige solid.

[**0243**] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 7.86 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.44 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 6.63 (d, J=8.5, 1H); 6.29 (d, J=2.3, 1H); 5.96 (dd, J=2.3, 8.5, 1H); 5.96 (bs, 1H); 4.28 (s, 2H); 3.64 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H).

Step 4. N(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]benzamide (6)

[0244] A suspension of compound 5 (250 mg, 0.511 mmol) (or any other nitroamide of choice, 1 eq) and tin(II) chloride dihydrate (2.30g, 10.2 mmol) in a 1:1:1 mixture THF/MeOH/water (18 mL) was stirred at 75 °C in a sealed tube for 1h, diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃, dried over Na₂SO₄ and purified by flash chromatography, eluent 20% EtOAc in dichloromethane, to afford 138 mg (59% yield) of the title compound 6.

[0245] 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.66 (s, 1H); 7.92 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.46 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.44 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 7.34 (dd, J=1.1; 5.0, 1H); 7.27 (dd, J=2.0; 8.2, 1H); 7.22 (dd, J=1.1 and 3.6, 1H); 7.03 (dd, J=3.6, 5.0, 1H); 6.78 (d, J=8.5, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.5, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 6.01-5.97 (m, 2H); 5.14 (bs, 2H); 4.30 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.66 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H).

Characterization of compounds prepared according to Scheme 1

		j		-	Ar
S	Cpd Ex	œ	Ą	Name	Characterization
			žege	ohen-3-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.66 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.49.7.43 (m, 3H), 7.39 (dd, J = 4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H),
7	1a	la OMe	C _s	y-pnenyız-4-tı.3,4- dimethoxy-phenylamino)- methyl]-benzamide	6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1.H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1.H), 6.31 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1.H), 6.00- 5.75 (m, 2.H), 5.01 (s, 2.H), 4.30 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2.H), 3.66 (s, 3.H), 3.59 (s, 3.H). MS: (rear) vieta 4.67 RMH1*
			žķ	N-(2-Amino-5-furan-3-yl-	14 MMR: (DMS) (3 (ppm); 9.65 (s, 1H), 7.947.91 (m, 3H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J =
œ		1b OMe		pnenyl}-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy- phenylamino}-methyl]-	pnenyl-4-l(3,4-amethoxy-17.4 Hz, Zh1, 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.79-6.76 (m, ZH), 6.64 (d, J = phenylamino)-methyll — (8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 6.01-5.97 (m, ZH), 4.96 (s, ZH), 4.30 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H),
			0	benzamide	3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 443.2; (obt.) 444.5 (MH)*.
			,	N-(4-Amino-biphenyl-3-yl)-	N44-Aminobiphenyt-3yl) 17 37 Idd 1 - 7 7 7 Hz 2H, 731 Idd 1 - 8.0 Hz, 2H, 7.547.46 (m, 5H), N44-Aminobiphenyt-3yl) 17 37 Idd 1 - 7 7 7 Hz 2H, 7 31 Idd 1 - 8.0 2 Hz 1H, 7.22 Idd 1 - 7.2
6	10	9 1c OMe	<u></u>	4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-	7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hx, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 2.5 Hz,
			<u></u>	pnenylamino)-metnyii- benzamide	1H), 6.00-5.97 (m, 2H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.30 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s,
					3H). MS: (calc.) 453.2; (obt.) 454.5 (MH)*.
				N-(2-Amino-5-	¹ H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.67 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.0,
-	7	į			111, 7.73 (u, 3 = 7.8 Hz, 111, 7.38 (u, 3 = 2.3 Hz, 111, 7.33 (s, 111), 7.46 (u, 3 = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (ddd, J = 7.4, 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H),
3	9	IO IO OME	S	- Xo	7.25 (ddd, J = 7.5, 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz,
			≻ –§	prierry arritro mirecury u-	1H), 6.32 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.00-5.97 (m, 2H), 5.32 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 6.3 Hz,
			-		2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 509.2; (obt.) 510.5 (MH)*.

				2-(4-Amino-3-{4-[(3,4-	2-(4-Amino-3-(4-[(3,4] 1-1) H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.2 Hz,
			,	dimethoxy-phenylamino)-	dimethoxy-phenylamino} 2H), 7.23 (dd, J = 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2
_	-	Q.	NBOC	methyll-benzoylamino}-	1 1. AND STAND METHYL-benzoylamino - Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H),
-	ב		7 >	phenyl)-pyrrole-1-	6.20 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (dd, J = 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.99-5.96 (m, 2H), 5.00 (s,
			<u>}</u>	carboxylic acid tert-butyl	carboxylic acid tert-butyl 2H), 4.29 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H). MS: (calc.)
				ester	542.3; (obt.) 543.5 (MH)*.
Г				C andanish & Spinson C 10	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d _δ): 9.64 (s, 1H); 7.92 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz); 7.45 (d, 2H,
			ĺ,	IN-Z-AIIIIIO-D-UIIODIIEII-Z-	1. (dd, 114, 132, 142); 7.43 (s, 114); 7.35 (dd, 114, 131.0, 5.114); 7.27 (dd, 114, 132.2, 8.4 Hz);
2	2 If	ш	~ ~ ~	yrpilenyl/4-1/3-110oro-4-	7.21 (dd, 1H, J=1.2, 3.5Hz); 7.02 (dd, 1H; J=3.7, 5.1 Hz); 6.85 (t, 1H, J=8.9 Hz);
			\% \S,	9	6.78 (d, 1H, J=8.2Hz); 6.40 (dd, 1H, J=2.7, 14.0Hz); 6.31-6.28 (m,1H); 6.23 (bt,
				III etii yil-neiizaii iine	1H, J=6.2 Hz); 5.13 (s, 2H); 4.30 (d, 2H, J=6.0 Hz), 3.66 (s, 3H).

Example 2

N-[2-amino-4-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[[3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl]benzamide (16)

NH₂ Pd(TPP)_A, POT H₂O, K₂CO₃ DME, 80°C NH₂ R₁= NH₂ NO₂ Ar Ar Ar NH₂ NO₂ Ar NO₂ Ar NO₂ Ar NO₂ Ar NH₂ NO₂ Ar NO₂ Ar NO₂ NN₂ NO₂ Ar NO₂ Ar NO₂ NN₃ NO₂ NN₄ NO₂ NN₅ NO₂ NN₆ NO₂ NN₆ NO₂ NN₆ NO₂ NN₇ NO₂ NN₇ NO₂ NN₆ NO₂ NN₇ NO₂ NN₈ NO₂ NN₇ NO₂ NN₈ NN₈ NO₂ NN₈ NN₈ NO₂ NN₈ NN₈

Step 1. 2-Nitro-4-thiophen-2-yl-phenylamine (14)

[0246] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, Step 2, but substituting compound 1 for compound 13, the title compound 14 was obtained in 89% yield.

[**0247**] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 8.11 (d, J=2.15, 1H); 7.73 (dd, J=2.15, 8.8, 1H); 7.59 (bs, 2H); 7.45 (dd, J=1.1, 5.4, 1H); 7.40 (dd, J=1.1, 3.8, 1H); 7.09 (m, 1H); 7.08 (dd, J=5.6, 8.8, 1H).

Step 2. 4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-(2-nitro-4-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide (15)

[0248] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, Step 3, but substituting compound 3 for compound 14, the title compound was obtained in 68% yield. ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.7 (s, 1H); 8.19 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 8.00 (dd, J=1.7, 8.6, 1H); 7.89 (d, J=8.0, 2H); 7.80 (d, J=8.4, 1H): 7.67 (d, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.18 (t, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.18 (t, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.18 (t, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.18 (t, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.18 (t, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.18 (t, J=3.8, 1H): 7.64 (d, J=5.1, 1H): 7.51 (d, J=8.0, 2H): 7.84 (d, J=8.0, 2H):

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1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.4, 1H); 6.31-5.96 (m, 2H); 4.31 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.66 (s, 3H); 3.59 (s, 3H).

Step 3. N(2-Amino-4-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]benzamide (16)

[0249] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, Step 4, but substituting compound 5 for compound 15, the title compound was obtained in 47% yield. ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) & (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H); 7.90 (d, J=8.0, 2H); 7.46 (d, J=8.0, 2H); 7.45 (d, J=1.1, 1H); 7.34 (dd, J=1.1, 3.5, 1H); 7.20 (d, J=8.1, 1H); 7.09 (dd, J=3.5, 4.9, 1H); 6.89 (dd, J=2.2, 8.1, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.32 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 6.00-5.97 (m, 2H); 5.07 (bs, 2H); 4.30 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.66 (s. 3H); 3.59 (s. 3H).

N-(2-amino-4-bromophenyl)-4-{[(3.4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino|methyl|benzamide (18)

N-(4-Bromo-2-nitro-phenyl)-4-[(3.4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (17).

[0250] Following the same procedure as described in Example 2, Step 2, but substituting compound 14 for compound 13, the compound 17 was obtained in 92% yield. ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz,

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18: example 3

DMSO) & (ppm): 10.72 (s, 1H); 8.17 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 7.96 (dd, J=2.0, 8.6, 1H); 7.86 (d, J=7.9, 2H); 7.69 (d, J= 8.6, 1H); 7.51 (d, J=7.9, 2H); 6.63 (d, J=8.4, 1H); 6.32 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 6.01-5.96 (m, 2H); 4.31 (d, J=5.9, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H).

N-(2-Amino-4-bromo-phenyl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (18)

[0251] Following the same procedures as described in Example 2, Steps 3, but substituting compound 15 for compound 17, the compound 18 was obtained in 46% yield.

 1 H NMR, (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.55 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.00-5.96 (m, 2H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s. 3H), 3.58 (s. 3H). MS: (calc.) 455.1: (obt.) 456.4. 458.4 (MH)*.

Example 4

N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-1-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)indoline-6-carboxamide (23)

Scheme 3

Step 1: Methyl 2,3-Dihydro-1H-indole-5-carboxylate (20).

[0252] To a cold solution of methyl indole-5-carboxylate (2 g, 11.4 mmol) in glacial acetic acid at 0°C (15 ml) sodium cyanoborohydride (1.075 g, 17.1 mmol) was slowly added. The mixture was

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allowed to warm-up and stirred at room temperature for one more hour, cooled again to 0°C and quenched with H₂O. The pH of the resultant solution was adjusted to the value of 12 by adding aqueous NaOH, extracted with DCM, washed with brine and dried over MgSO₄. The dried extract was concentrated in vacuum and purified by flash chromatography (eluent 30% EtOAc in hexane) to give the title compound 20 (1.62 g, 80%) as a beige solid. ¹H-NMR (DMSO) 8: 2.94 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H); 3.51 (dt, J = 1.2, 8.6 Hz, 2H); 3.71 (s, 3H); 6.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); 7.54 (m, 2H).

Step 2: Methyl 1-(3,4,5-Trimethoxy-benzyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indole-5-carboxylate (21)

[0253] To a solution of 20 (300 mg, 1.69 mmol), 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde (365 mg, 1.86 mmol) and dibutyltin dichloride (51 mg, 0.17 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was added phenylsilane (229 µl, 1.86 mmol). The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature under nitrogen. Additional aldehyde and phenylsilane were added and the stirring continued until starting material was consumed. THF was evaporated in vacuum and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 20% EtOAc in hexane). The compound was further purified by re-crystallization in a mixture EtOAc/hexane and finally by a second flash chromatography (eluent 20% EtOAc in hexane) to give the title compound 21 (428 mg, 71%) as a white solid. ¹H-NMR (DMSO) 8: 2.96 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H); 3.45 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H); 3.61 (s, 3H); 3.71 (s, 6H); 3.72 (s, 3H); 4.30 (s, 2H); 6.59 (s, 2H); 6.61 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). 7.54 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H); 7.63 (dd, J = 1.8 8.4 Hz, 1H).

Step 3: 1-(3,4,5-Trimethoxy-benzyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid (22).

[0254] A solution of LiOH x H₂O (75 mg, 1.78 mmol) in H₂O (5ml) was added to a solution of ester 21 (426 mg, 1.19 mmol) in THF (5 ml). The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. THF was removed in vacuum and the remained aqueous solution was acidified to pH 1 using 1N HCl. A precipitate formed which was collected by filtration, washed with H₂O and dried to give the title compound 22 as a white solid, (320 mg, 78%). 1 H-NMR (DMSO) 8: 2.96 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H); 3.43 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H); 3.62 (s, 3H); 3.72 (s, 6H); 4.29 (s, 2H); 6.58 (s, 1H); 6.60 (s, 2H); 7.53 (s, 1H); 7.61 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H).

Steps 4 and 5. 1-(3,4,5-Trimethoxy-benzyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid (2-amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-amide (23)

[0255] Following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, the title compound 23 was obtained as a yellow solid (294 mg, 41%). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.37 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0

Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 4.2, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (s, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 6H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.45 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.00 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H). MS: (calc.) 515.2; (obt.) 513.7 (MH).

Example 5

N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-5-[(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)-1-benzofuran-2-carboxamide (29)

Scheme 4

Step 1: Ethyl 5-Methyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylate (25).

[0256] To a stirred suspension of 2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde (5 g, 36.7 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (12.7 g, 91.8 mmol) in DMF (30 mL), ethyl bromoacetate (4.07 ml, 36.7 mmol) was added dropwise. This mixture was allowed to stir for two hours under nitrogen at room temperature, and was then heated to 80°C and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched with H₂O to form a precipitate which was collected by filtration and purified by flash chromatography (eluent 5% EtOAc in hexane) to

give the title compound 25 (2.30 g, 31%). 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.45 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H); 2.47 (s, 3H); 4.45 (a, J=7.0 Hz, 2H); 7.26 (m, 1H); 7.46 (m, 3H).

Steps 2-3. 5-Hvdroxymethyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (26).

[0257] A mixture of the ester 25 (2.26 g, 11.1 mmol), N-bromosuccinimide (2.37 g, 13.3 mmol) and VAZO (271 mg, 1.11 mmol) was refluxed overnight in CCl₄ (50 mL) under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was cooled to the room temperature, diluted with dichloromethahe and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 5% EtOAc in hexane) to give ethyl 5-bromomethyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylate. This compound was dissolved in dioxane (20 ml) and a solution of NaHCO₃ (1.76 g, 20.9 mmol) in water (20 ml) was added. The reaction was stirred at 80°C during 16 h. The solvent was evaporated and the product was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 20-40% EtOAc in hexane to give the title compound 26 (2.55 g, 61%) as a white solid. 1 H-NMR (DMSO) 8: 7.74 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.35 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 2H); 1.34 (t, J = 7.0, 3H).

Step 4: Ethyl 5-Formyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylate (27).

[0258] To a solution of the compound 26 (2.53 g, 11.49 mmol) in DCM (70 ml) was added MnO₂ (9.99 g, 114.9 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h and then filtered through a celite pad. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuum to give the title compound 27 (2.19 g, 87%) as a white solid. 1 HNMR (DMSO) &: 10.07 (s, 1H), 8.40-8.39 (m, 1H), 8.03 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.92 (m, 2H), 4.38 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 2H); 1.35 (t, J = 7.0, 3H).

Step 5: 5-[(3,4,5-Trimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (28).

[0259] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4, Step 2, but substituting compound 20 and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde for 3,4,5-trimethoxyaniline and compound 27, the title compound was obtained in 99% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) $_{0}$ (ppm): 7.75 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (s, 2H), 4.37-4.32 (m, 4H), 3.63 (s, 6H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.0, 3H).

Steps 68: 5-[(3,4,5-Trimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid (2-amino-5-thiophen-2-vl-phenyl)-amide (29)

[0260] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4 step 3 and then the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, the title compound 29 was obtained as an orange solid in 73% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.92 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (s, 2H), 4.35 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (s, 6H), 3.50 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 529.2: (obt.) 530.7 (MH)*.

Example 6

4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}-N-[3-(2-thienyl)phenyl]benzamide (32)

Scheme 5

Step 1: 3-Thiophen-2-yl-phenylamine (31).

[0261] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1 step 2, but substituting compound 2 for compound 30, the title compound 31 was obtained in 50% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 7.45 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J = 7.7, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J = 1.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, J = 7.4, 1.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (ddd, J = 8.0, 2.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), MS: (calc.) 176.4: (obt.) 175.1 (MH)⁵.

Step 2: 4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-(3-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide (32).

[0262] To a stirred solution of 31 (122 mg, 0.696 mmol), acid 4 (182 mg, 0.633 mmol) and BOP (308 mg, 0.696 mmol) in DMF (4 ml) was added $\rm Et_3N$ (265 μ l, 1.90 mmol). The reaction was stirred 3 h at room temperature under nitrogen, quenched with $\rm H_2O$ and evaporated. The residue was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated solutions of NH₄Cl, NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum to form a material which was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 40% EtOAc in hexane) to give the title compound 32 (70 mg, 25%) as a yellow solid. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.25 (s, 1H), 8.09-8.08 (m, 1H), 7.73 (ddd, J = 7.6, 3.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.13 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.00-5.97 (m, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.), 444.2: (obt.) 445.5 (MH)*.

Table 3

Characterization of compounds prepared according to Scheme 5

33 6a xxmple W 6a 6b xx F 6b 6b xx F 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		
6b 6b	Name	Characterization
qg	4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino}-methyll-N-(2-fluoro-phenyl}-benzamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO 4 ₆): 10.07 (s, 1H); 7.98 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz); 7.64 (f, 1H, J=7.5 Hz); 7.55 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz); 7.35-7.27 (m, 3H); 6.71 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz); 7.35-7.27 (m, 3H); 6.71 (d, 1H, J=8.8 Hz); 5.80 (d, 1H, J=3.5 Hz); 7.35 (s, 2H, 3.71 (s, 3H); 3.65 (s, 3H).
-Z	N-(3-Amino-naphthalen-2-yl)-4- [(3,4-dimethoxy- phenylamino)-methyll- benzamide	H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d ₃ : 9.71 (s, 1H); 7.94 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz); 7.82 (s, 1H); 7.63 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz); 7.52 (d, 1H, J=7.82 Hz); 7.52 (d, 1H, J=7.82 Hz); 7.48 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz); 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H); 7.14-7.10 (m, 1H); 7.05 (s, 1H); 6.64 (d, 1H, J=8.6 Hz); 6.32 (d, 1H, J=2.5 Hz); 6.035.97 (m, 2H); 5.24 (s, 2H); 4.30 (d, 2H, J=6.26 Hz), 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H);
35 6c NH ₂	N(2Amino-5-chloro-4-fluoro- phenyl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy- phenylamino)-methyll- benzamide	¹ H NNR (400 MHz, DMSO 4 ₆): 9.53(s, 1H); 7.88 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz); 7.45 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz); 7.27 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz); 6.67(d, 1H, J=11.5Hz); 6.30 (d, 1H, J=2.5 Hz); 5.98-5.95 (m, 2H); 5.40 (s, 2H); 4.29 (d, 2H, J=6.4Hz), 3.64 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H).
36 6d NH ₂	N(2-Amino-4,5-dichloro- phenyl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy- phenylamino)-methyll- benzamide	H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d.): 9.53\s, 1H); 7.88 (d. 2H, J=8.0 Hz); 7.44 (d. 2H, J=8.2 Hz); 7.27 (d. 1H, J=8.0 Hz); 6.63\d, 1H, J=8.4Hz); 6.30 (d. 1H, J=2.0 Hz); 5.60-5.96 (m, 2H); 5.40 (s, 2H); 4.27 (d, 2H, J=6.0Hz), 3.65 (s, 3H).

Example 7

Scheme 6

Step 1: 3-Dimethylamino-1-pyridin-3-yl-propenone (38)

[0263] A stirred solution of 3-acetylpyridine (37, 30.0 g, 247.6 mmol) and *N,N*-dimethylformamide dimethylacetal (65.8 ml, 495.2 mmol) was refluxed under nitrogen for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to dryness and 50 ml of diethyl ether were added to give a brown suspension. The solid was separated by filtration, rinsed with Et₂O and dried to afford the title compound 38 (36.97 g, 85% yield) as an orange crystalline solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 9.08 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.66 (dd, J = 4.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.268.23 (m, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 7.8, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 2.97 (s, 3H).

Step 2: Methyl (4-guanidinomethyl)benzoate (40)

[0264] To a stirred suspension of methyl 4-aminomethyl-benzoate hydrochloride (39, 15.7 g, 77.8 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (29.5 ml, 171.2 mmol) in DMF (85.6 ml) at room temperature under nitrogen was added pyrazole-1-carboxamidine hydrochloride (12.55 g, 85.6 mmol). After 4 h the reaction mixture as a clear solution was concentrated to dryness under vacuum and saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (35 ml) was added to give a suspension. The solid was separated by filtration and washed with cold water. The mother liquor was concentrated to produce additional amount of a solid material which was also collected by filtration. Both solids were combined, triturated with H₂O (50 ml), filtered off, washed with cold H₂O and diethyl ether, and dried to afford the title compound 40 (12.32 g, 77% yield) as a white crystalline solid. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) 8 (ppm): 9.20-8.00 (m, 4H), AB system (8 A = 7.91, 8 B = 7.39, J_{AB} = 8.2 Hz, 4H), 4.39 (bs, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H).

Step 3: Methyl 4-[(4-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-2-ylamino)-methyl]-benzoate (41)

[0265] To a stirred suspension of compounds 38 (0.394 g, 1.9 mmol) and 40 (0.402 g, 2.3 mmol) in isopropyl alcohol (3.8 ml) at room temperature under nitrogen were added molecular sieves (0.2 g, 4 , powder). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 5h. MeOH (50 ml) was added, and the reaction mixture was brought to reflux again. A cloudy solution formed which was filtered through a celite pad, filtrate was concentrated to dryness and the residue was triturated with ethyl acetate (3 ml), filtered off and dried to afford the title compound 41 (0.317g, 52%) as a white crystalline solid. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₈) (ppm): 9.17 (bs, 1H), 8.64 (m,1H), 8.38 (m, 2H), 7.98 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.24 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H).

Step 4: 4-[(4-Pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-2-ylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid (42)

[0266] To a stirred solution of 41 (3.68 g, 11.5 mmol) in a mixture of THF (23 ml) and MeOH (23 ml) was added a solution of LiOH.H₂O (1.06 g, 25.3 mmol) in water (11.5 ml) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C overnight, cooled to the room temperature, and an aqueous solution of HCl (12.8 ml, 2N) was added (pH \sim 4-5). The mixture was concentrated to dryness; the formed solid was triturated with water, filtered off, washed with minimum H₂O and dried to afford the title compound 42 (3.44 g, 95%) as a white solid. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, DMSOd₆) δ (ppm): 12.83 (bs, 1H), 9.23 (bs, 1H), 8.73-8.66 (m, 1H), 8.46-8.36 [m, included at 8.42 (d, J = 5.1 Hz), 2H], 8.02 (t, J

=6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.28 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H).

Step 5: N(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-4-[(4-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-2-ylamino)-methyl]benzamide (43)

[0267] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, Steps 3-4, but substituting compound 4 for compound 42, the title compound was obtained in 62% yield.

[0268] 1 H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆), δ (ppm): 9.65 (s, 1H), 9.22 (s, 1H), 8.66 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 8.01 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.537.44 (m, 4H), 7.32 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.65 (d, J = 5.7, 2H). MS: (calc.) 478.2; (obt.) 479.5 (MH)*.

Example 8

4-[{{6-[2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-yl}thio)methyl]-N-[2-nitro-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]benzamide (50)

Scheme 7

Step 1: 2-Amino-benzothiazol-6-ol (45):

[0269] The title compound 45 was obtained following the same procedure described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The yield of the title compound was 49% yield. ¹H NMR: (CD₃OD) 8(ppm): 7.93 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (bs. 1H), 6.86 (bs.1H), 6.76 (dd. J= 8.8, 2.47 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H).

Step 2: 4-[(6-Hydroxy-benzothiazol-2-ylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid methyl ester (46):

[0270] The title compound 46 was obtained following the same procedure as for the reductive amination described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The yield of the title compound was 92% yield. ¹H NMR: (Acetone-d_s) δ(ppm): 8.06 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (dd, J=8.8, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H). m/z: 315.2 (MH*).

Step 3: 4-{[6-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-benzothiazol-2-ylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid methyl ester (47):

[0271] The title compound 47 was obtained following the same procedure as for the Mitsunobu reaction described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The yield of the title compound was 61% yield). ¹H NMR: (CD₃OD) δ (ppm): 7.98 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J=8.8, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 4.09 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.77 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 6H). m/z: 386.4 (MH⁺).

Step 4: 4-{[6-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-benzothiazol-2-ylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid (48):

[0272] The title compound 48 was obtained following the same procedure as for the ester hydrolysis described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The yield of the title compound was 63% yield. H NMR: (CD₃OD) &(ppm): 8.43 (bs, 1H), 7.92 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (t, J=4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (bs, 2H), 2.54 (s, 6H). m/z: 372.4 (MH+).

Step 5: 4-[6-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylsulfanylmethyl]-N-(2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide (49)

[0273] The title compound 49 was obtained following the same procedure as Example 1, step 3, but substituting compound 4 for compound 48 in 83% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO-d_e) 8 (ppm): 10.92 (bs, 1H), 8.26 (bs, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.74-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (bs, 2H), 2.59 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (s, 6H).

Step 6: N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-[([6-[2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-yl}thio)methyl]benzamide N-[2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl]-4-[[6-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy]-benzothiazol-2-ylamino]-methyl]-benzamide (50)

[0274] The title compound 50 was obtained following the same procedures as Example 1, step 4, but substituting compound 5 for compound 49 in 7% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) d (ppm): 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.39 (bs, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.80 (t, J=9.8 Hz, 2H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 5.63 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (bs, 2H), 2.76 (bs, 2H), 2.32 (s, 6H), m/z: 544.5 (MH $^+$).

Example 9

N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(6-chloro-5-fluoro-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-yl)thio]methyl}benzamide (55)

Scheme 8

10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up)

Step 1: 4-(6-Chloro-5-fluoro-1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylsulfanylmethyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester (52)

[0275] The title compound 52 was obtained following the same procedure as for the S-alkylation described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The yield of the title compound was 55% yield.

[0276] 1 H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 7.85 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H). m/z: 351.2 (MH*).

Step 2: 4-{6-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-benzothiazol-2-ylsulfanylmethyl}-benzoic acid methyl ester (53):

[0277] The title compound 53 was obtained following the same procedure as for the ester hydrolysis described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The yield of the title compound was 83% yield.

[**0278**] ¹H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 7.88 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H).

Step 3: N{2-Amino-phenyl)-4-(6-[(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-benzothiazol-2-yl sulfanylmethyl}-benzamide (54):

[0279] The title compound 54 was obtained following the same procedure as Example 1, step 3, but substituting compound 4 for compound 53 in 66% yield.

[0280] ¹H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) 8(ppm): 12.89 (bs, 1H), 10.79 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.90-7.68 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (bs, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J=4.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H), m/z: 539.5

$\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{\texttt{Step 4: } M\{2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl\}-4-\{6-chloro-5-fluoro-1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylsulfanylmethyl\}-benzamide (55)}$

[0281] The title compound 55 was obtained following the same procedure as Example 1, step 4, but substituting compound 5 for compound 54 in 14% yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) d (ppm): 12.96 (s, 0.5H), 12.92 (s, 0.5H), 9.71 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.35 (s, 0.5H), 7.79 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.64 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.62 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (s, 0.5H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.38 (d, J=4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J=3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 4.69 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 2H), m/z; 509.5

Example 10

N-(4-amino-5-phenyl-3-thienyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (61) Scheme 9

Step 1: (4-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-thiophen-3-yl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (57)

[0282] To a vigorously stirred THF (40 mL) solution of 3,4-diaminothiophene light petroleum ether (300 mL) was added (1.00g, 8.77mmol). To this mixture a solution of di-t-butyldicarbonate (3.82g, 17.5mmol) in petroleum ether (100mL) was added over a period of 30 min. Stirring was continued for 16h and the solvents were distilled off. The residue was dissolved in DCM and washed twice with 1N HCl, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum to a \sim 20 mL volume. Hexane was slowly added with stirring and brown crystalline material precipitated out. The product was collected by filtration, washed with hexane and the mother liquor was allowed to crystallize again to yield a second crop of the product. The two crops were combined thus affording the title compound 57 (2.19g, 80% yield). This procedure is essentially as described in Brugier et al. Tetrahedron (1997) 30: 10331-10344, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. 1 H NMR: (CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.14 (s, 2H), 6.66 (bs, 1H), 1.54 (s, 18H).

[0283] Neutral 3,4-diaminothiophene is obtained by dissolving 3,4-diaminothiophene dihydrochloride (Toronto Research) (2.0g, 10.7mmol) in a minimum volume of 1N aqueous HCl and make the solution basic by addition of 2N aqueous NaOH. The precipitate is extracted twice with EtOAc and the combined organic layers dried with MgSO₄ and concentrated (1.00g, 82% recovery).

Step 2: (2-Bromo-4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-thiophen-3-yl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (58)

[0284] NBS (1.22g, 6.87 mmol) was added to a solution of compound 57 (2.16g, 6.87 mmol) in CCl₄ (137 mL) at r.t. The mixture was stirred for 16h. The solid material was filtered off and the filtrate was collected and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography with DCM as an eluent affording the title compound 58 (1.92 g, 71% yield). ¹H NMR: (CDCl₃) 8(ppm): 7.30 (bs, 1H), 6.00 (s, 1H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 9H). m/z: 415.4/417.4 (M+Na/M+2+Na). This procedure is essentially as described in Brugier et al., Tetrahedron, **56**: 2985-2993 (2000), which is incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Step 3: (4-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-5-phenyl-thiophen-3-yl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (59)

[0285] In a flame-dried round-bottom flask, tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium (59 mg, 0.051 mmol) was added to a degassed solution of compound 58 (400 mg, 1.02 mmol) in DME (5 mL). Phenylboronic acid (186 mg, 1.53 mmol), water (2.5 mL), and Na₂CO₃ (324 mg, 3.06 mmol) were successively added, degassing and purging with nitrogen between each addition. The mixture was refluxed under nitrogen atmosphere for 3 h and partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum. The title compound 59 (398 mg, 100% yield) was obtained as a brown oil. ¹H NMR: (CDCl₃) 8(ppm): 7.51-7.31 (m, 6H), 1.54 (s, 18H). m/z: 413.5 (M+Na*). This procedure is essentially as described in Brugier et al., Tetrahedron, **56**: 2985-2993 (2000), which is incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Step 4: 2-Phenyl-thiophene-3,4-diamine (60)

[0286] To a solution of compound 59 in glacial acetic acid (102 μ L) was added a 30% solution of HBr in acetic acid (102 μ L). The mixture was stirred for 16h at r.t. and Et₂O (10 mL) was added. The precipitate was collected by filtration and immediately dissolved in water, neutralized by addition of 2N aqueous NaOH and the precipitate was extracted with Et₂O. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuum affording the title compound 60 (34 mg, 69% yield). This procedure is essentially as described in Brugier et al., Tetrahedron, 30: 10331-10344 (1997), which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. ¹H NMR: (CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.49 (dd, J=8.4, 1.4 Hz, 2H),

7.41 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J=10.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 3.51 (bs, 4H). m/z: 191.3 (MH†).

Step 5: N-(4-Amino-5-phenyl-thiophen-3-yl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]benzamide (61)

[0287] The title compound 61 was obtained following the same procedure as described in Example 6, step 2, but substituting compound 31 for compound 60 in 73% yield).

[0288] 1 H NMR: (CD₃0D) 8(ppm): 7.91 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (dd, J=7.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.28 (tt, J=7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s. 3H), m/z: 460.5 (MH²).

Example 11

N-(3-amin0-2,2'-bithien-4-yl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (62)

[0289] The title compound 62 was obtained following the same procedures as Example 10, substituting phenylboronic acid in the step 3 for 2-thiopheneboronic acid in 29% yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO·d₆) &(ppm): 7.90 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), m/z: 466.5 (MH¹).

Example 12

trans-N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-3-(4-{[(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}phenyl)acrylamide (67)

Steps 1-3: 3-{4-[(3,4,5-Trimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-phenyl}-acrylic acid (66)

[0290] The title compound 66 and the synthetic pathway depicted in scheme 10 were described in U.S. Patent Application No. 10/242,304, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Steps 45. N(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-3-{4-[(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-phenyl}-acrylamide (67)

[0291] The title compound 67 was obtained following the same procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, but substituting compound 4 for compound 66 in 32% yield.

[0292] ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d₆): 9.40 (s, 1H); 7.67 (s, 1H); 7.56 (d, 2H, J=7.6 Hz); 7.51 (s, 1H); 7.42 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz); 7.33 (d, 1H, J=5.1Hz); 7.23-7.19 (m, 2H); 7.03 (dd, 1H, J=3.7, 4.9Hz); 6.85 (d, 1H, J=15.7 Hz); 6.76 (d, 1H, J=8.2Hz); 6.08 (dd, 1H; J=5.7, 6.0 Hz); 5.87 (s, 2H); 5.19 (s, 2H); 4.25 (d, 2H, J=5.9 Hz), 3.63 (s, 6H); 3.49 (s, 3H).

Example 13

N-(2-amino-5-butylphenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (68) and

Example 13a

N-(2-amino-5-butylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

Scheme 11

[0293] A stirred solution of nitrocompound 5 (207 mg; 0.42 mmol) and nickel(II)chloride hexahydrate (595 mg; 2.5 mmol) in methanol (6 mL) at 0°C was treated with the solid sodium borohydride (430 mg; 11.4 mmol) and the mixture stirred at the same temperature for 2h, quenched with acetone, poured into 5% NH₄OH in brine and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated. After flash chromatography on a silica gel column (eluent 20% AcOEt in dichloromethane), compound 68 (62 mg; 0.143 mmol, 34%) and 69 (22 mg, 0.078 mmol. 19%) were obtained.

[0294] Compound 68: 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) $_{8}$ (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H); 7.89 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.45 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 6.97 (s, 1H); 6.78 (dd, J=2.0; 8.2, 1H); 6.67 (d, J=8.0, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 5.99-5.96 (m, 2H); 4.68 (bs, 2H); 4.29 (d, J=6.3, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H); 2.43 (t, J=7.4, 2H); 1.49 (m, J=7.4, 2H); 1.30 (m, J=7.4, 2H); 0.89 (t, J=7.4, 3H).

[0295] Compound 69: 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H); 7.86 (d, J=8.1, 2H); 7.30 (d, J=8.1, 2H); 6.78 (dd, J=2.0; 8.0, 1H); 6.68 (d, J=8.0, 1H); 4.67 (bs, 2H); 2.44 (t, J=7.4, 2H); 2.38 (s, 3H); 1.49 (m, J=7.4, 2H); 1.31 (m, J=7.4, 2H); 0.89 (t, J=7.4, 3H).

Example 14

$$(H_3) \qquad H \qquad N \qquad NH_2$$

N-(2-amino-4-butylphenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (70) and

Example 14a

N-(2-amino-4-butylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide (71)

[0296] Following the same procedure as described in Example 13, but substituting the compound 5 for compound 15 in 53 and 9% yields, respectively.

Scheme 12

[0297] Compound 70: ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.51 (s, 1H); 7.88 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.44 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.00 (d, J=8.3, 1H); 6.63 (d, J=8.3, 1H); 6.58 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 6.30 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 5.99-5.96 (m, 2H); 4.79 (bs, 2H); 4.29 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.59 (s, 3H); 2.45 (t, J=7.4, 2H): 1.52 (m, J=7.4, 2H): 1.30 (m, J=7.4, 2H): 0.90 (t, J=7.4, 3H).

[0298] Compound 71: 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.51 (s, 1H); 7.85 (d, J=8.0, 2H); 7.28 (d, J=8.0, 2H); 7.01 (d, J=8.5, 1H); 6.58 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 6.40 (d, J=2.0, 8.5, 1H); 4.78 (bs, 2H); 2.45 (t, J=7.4, 2H); 2.38 (s, 3H); 1.53 (m, J=7.4, 2H); 1.31 (m, J=7.4, 2H); 0.90 (t, J=7.4, 3H).

Example 15

N-[2-amino-5-(3-hydroxyprop-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (76)

Step 1: 3-(3-Amino-4-nitro-phenyl)-prop-2-yn-1-ol (72)

[0299] A suspension of bromoarene 2 (447mg g; 2.06 mmol); tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium(0) (145mg, 0.12 mmol) and copper(l)iodide (143mg, 0.75mmol) in degassed ethyleneglycol dimethylether (2.5 mL) and triethylamine (1.5 mL), was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen in the dark for 10 min and then treated with neat prop-2-yn-1-ol (0.7 mL, 12 mmol) (or any other alkyne of choice, 5 eq.), and the mixture stirred under the same conditions for 48h, diluted with dichloromethane (50 mL), filtered through a celite pad and concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography (eluent 50 to 75% AcOEt in hexane) afforded compound 72 (328 mg, 83% yield).

[0300] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) & (ppm): 7.92 (d, J=8.8, 1H); 7.46 (bs, 2H); 7.04 (d, J=1.7, 1H); 6.57 (dd, J=1.7, 8.8, 1H); 5.41 (t, J=6.1, 1H); 4.30 (d, J=6.1, 2H).

Step 2: 5-[3-(tert-Butyl-diphenyl-silanyloxy)-prop-1-ynyl]-2-nitro-phenylamine (73)

[0301] A solution of alcohol 72 (328 mg, 1.71 mmol) and imidazole (308 mg, 4.5 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (3 mL) was treated with neat tert-butyl-chloro-diphenyl-silane (0.5 mL, 1.9 mmol) and the solution stirred under nitrogen for 18h, diluted with ethyl acetate (300 mL), washed with 5% acueous KHSO₆, then with saturated NaHCO₃ and finally with water, dried (MeSO₂), filtered and

concentrated in vacuum. The crude mixture was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 50% ether in hexane, then 50% EtOAc in dichloromethane) to give compound 73 (691 mg, 94% yield).

[0302] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 7.91 (d, J=8.8, 1H); 7.68-7-66 (m, 4H) 7.46-7.44 (m, 6H); 7.01 (d, J=1.7, 1H); 6.46 (dd, J=1.7, 8.8, 1H); 4.61 (d, 2H); 1.03 (d, 9H).

Step 3: N-{5-[3-{tert-Butyl-diphenyl-silanyloxy}-prop-1-ynyl]-2-nitro-phenyl}-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (74)

[0303] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3, but substituting compound 3 for compound 73 title compound was obtained in 77% yield.

[0304] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 10.7 (s, 1H); 7.97 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 7.88 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.76 (d, J=1.8, 1H); 7.70-767 (m, 4H); 7.52 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.47-7-44 (m, 6H); 7.25 (d, J=7.4, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.8, 1H); 6.01-5.96 (m, 2H); 4.65 (s, 2H); 4.31 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.55 (s, 3H); 1.03 (d, 9H).

Step 4: 4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-[5-(3-hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-2-nitro-phenyl]-benzamide (75)

[0305] A solution of compound 74 (871 mg, 1.24 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was treated with 1.0 M solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride in THF (2.0 mL, 2.0 mmol) followed by 70% hydrogen fluoride in pyridine (0.1 mL), and the solution stirred under nitrogen for 12h, diluted with ethyl acetate (200 mL) and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (50 mL) and then with water (6x100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated in vacuum. The crude material (647 mg) was pure enough for the next step without further purification.

Step 5: N-[2-Amino-5-(3-hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl amino)-methyll-benzamide (76)

[0306] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, Step 4, but substituting compound 5 for compound 75 in 52% yield.

[0307] 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.51 (s, 1H); 7.88 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.45 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.22 (d, J=1.8, 1H); 6.99 (dd, J=1.8, 8.2, 1H); 6.69 (d, J=8.4, 1H); 6.63 (d, J=8.4, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.3, 1H); 5.995.96 (m, 2H); 5.30 (s, 2H); 5.19 (d, J=5.9, 1H); 4.29 (d, J=5.9, 2H); 4.23 (d, J=5.3, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.55 (s, 3H).

Example 16

N-{2-amino-5-[3-(dimethylamino)prop-1-yn-1-yl]phenyl}-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (79)

Scheme 14

Step 1: 5-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-2-nitro-phenylamine (77)

[0308] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 1 but substituting propargyl alcohol for *N.N*-dimethylpropargyl amine, the title compound was obtained in 80% yield.

[0309] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.02 (d, J=8.8, 1H); 6.87 (d, J=1.6, 1H); 6.69 (dd, J=1.6, 8.8, 1H); 6.18 (bs, 2H); 3.48 (s, 2H); 2.38 (s, 6H).

Step 2: 4-[[3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino}-methyl]-N-[5-(3-dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl}-2-nitro-phenyl]-benzamide (78)

[0310] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 3 but substituting compound 73 for compound 77, the title compound was obtained in 86% yield.

[0311] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 10.74 (s, 1H); 8.0 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.88 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.83 (d, J=1.8, 1H); 7.52 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.41 (dd, J=1.8, 8.4, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31

(d, J=2.6, 1H); 6.30 (d, J=6.6, 1H); 5.97 (dd, J=2.6, 8.6, 1H); 4.30 (d, J=6.6, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.64 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 2H); 2.25 (s, 6H).

Step 3: N-[2-Amino-5-(3-dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (79)

[0312] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 5 but substituting compound 75 for compound 78, the title compound 79 was obtained in 63% yield.

[0313] 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.53 (s, 1H); 7.89 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.45 (d, J=8.2, 2H); 7.22 (d, J=1.8, 1H); 7.01 (dd, J=1.8, 8.2, 1H); 6.69 (d, J=8.2, 1H); 6.63 (d, J=8.2, 1H); 6.95.96 (m, 2H); 5.28 (s, 2H); 4.29 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H); 3.37 (s, 2H); 2.21 (s, 6H).

Example 17

N-[2-amino-5-(3-hydroxypropyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (85).

Step 1: 3-(3-Amino-4-nitro-phenyl)-propionaldehyde (80).

[0314] A solution of bromoarene 2 (1.544g, 7.11 mmol) (or any haloarene of choice); tri-o-tolyl-phosphine (280 mg; 0.9 mmol) and tri(dibenzylidene acetone)dipalladium(0) (280 mg; 0.3 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (6 mL) and ethyl diisopropyl amine (3 mL) was treated with prop-2-en-1-ol (3 mL, 40 mmol) (or any alken-1-ol of choice, 6 eq.) and the solution was stirred at 120° C for 3h under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was concentrated under high vacuum and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 5% MeOH in dichloromethane) to afford the aldehyde 80 (253 mg, 18% yield).

[0315] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm): 9.68 (t, J=0.8, 1H); 7.89 (d, J=8.7, 1H); 6.51 (d, J=1.6, 1H); 6.39 (dd, J=2.0, 8.7, 1H); 6.02 (bs. 2H); 2.78 (t, J=6.7, 2H); 2.69 (m, J=0.8, 6.7, 2H).

Step 2: 3-(3-Amino-4-nitro-phenyl)-propan-1-ol (81).

[0316] A solution of aldehyde 80 (253 mg, 1.3 mmol) in tetrahydrofurane (1 mL) and propan-2-ol (2 mL) was treated with solid sodium borohydride (175 mg, 4.6 mmol) and stirred at -5° C for 15 min. Acetone (5 mL) was added, stirred at the same temperature for 10 min and then diluted with

265

ethyl acetate (100 mL), washed with 5% KHSO₄ in water, then saturated NaHCO₃ and finally with water, dried (MgSO₄), and used for the next step without further purification.

[0317] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl3) 8 (ppm): 8.01 (d, J=8.8, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=1.8, 1H); 6.54 (dd, J=1.8, 8.8, 1H); 6.18 (bs, 2H); 3.69 (t, J=7.2, 2H); 2.68 (t, J=7.2, 2H); 1.91 (m, J=7.2, 2H).

Step 3: 5-[3-(tert-Butyl-diphenyl-silanyloxy)-propyl]-2-nitro-phenylamine (82)

[0318] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 2 but substituting compound 72 for compound 81, the title compound was obtained in 78% yield.

[0319] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm): 7.99 (d, J=8.8, 1H); 7.73 (d, J=1.6, 1H); 7.65-7.63 (m, 4H); 7.46-7.37 (m, 6H); 6.49 (dd, J=1.6, 8.8, 1H); 4.02 (bs, 2H); 3.71 (t, J=7.4, 2H); 2.69 (t. J=7.2, 2H): 1.87 (m. J=7.2, 2H): 1.10 (s. 9H).

Step 4: N-{5-[3-(tert-Butyl-diphenyl-silanyloxy)-propyl]-2-nitro-phenyl}-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylaminol-methyl]-benzamide (83)

[0320] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 3 but substituting compound 73 for compound 82, the title compound was obtained in 71% yield.

[0321] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm): 11.3 (s, 1H); 8.75 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 8.61 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 7.86 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.57-7.54 (m, 4H); 7.44 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.34-7.27 (m, 6H); 6.88 (dd, J=2.0, 8.4, 1H); 6.62 (d, J= 8.6, 1H); 6.21 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 6.08 (dd, J=2.5, 8.6, 1H); 4.32 (s, 2H); 3.72 (s, 3H); 3.71 (s, 3H); 3.62 (t, J=7.4, 2H); 2.76 (t, J=7.2, 2H); 1.84 (m, J=7.2, 2H); 0.99 (s, 9H).

Step 5: 4-[(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-[5-(3-hydroxy-propyl)-2-nitro-phenyl]benzamide (84)

[0322] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 4 but substituting compound 74 for compound 83, the title compound was obtained in 99% yield.

[0323] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl3) 8 (ppm): 11.4 (s, 1H); 8.86 (d, J=2.0, 1H); 8.21 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 7.95 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.57 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.07 (dd, J=2.0, 8.6, 1H); 6.74 (d, J= 8.6, 1H); 6.42 (d, J=2.3, 1H); 6.31 (d, J= 8.6, 1H); 4.43 (s, 2H); 3.83 (s, 3H); 3.82 (s, 3H); 3.74 (t, J=7.4, 2H); 2.87 (t, J=7.2, 2H); 2.91 (m, J=7.2, 2H); 1.62 (bs. 1H).

Step 6: N[2-Amino-5-(3-hydroxy-propyl)-phenyl]-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (85)

[0324] Following the same procedure described in Example 15, step 5 but substituting compound 75 for compound 84, the title compound was obtained in 62% yield.

[0325] 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H); 7.89 (d, J=8.1, 2H); 7.45 (d, J=8.1, 2H); 6.98 (s, 1H); 6.78 (dd, J=1.8, 8.0, 1H); 6.67 (d, J=8.0, 1H); 6.64 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 6.31 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 5.98 (m, 1H); 4.68 (bs, 2H); 4.40 (t, J=5.1, 1H); 4.29 (d, J=6.4, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H); 3.37 (dt, J=5.1, 7.6, 2H); 2.46 (t, J=7.6, 2H); 1.65 (m, J=7.2, 2H).

Example 18

N-{2-amino-5-[(1E)-3-amino-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl]phenyl}-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide (88)

Scheme 16

Step 1: N-{5-Bromo-2-nitro-phenyl}-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (86)

[0326] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1 step 3 but substituting compound 3 for compound 2, the title compound was obtained, which was used without further purification.

[0327] ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 10.4 (s, 1H); 8.08 (d, J=2.2, 1H); 7.96 (d, J=8.6, 1H); 7.87 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 7.60 (dd, J=2.2, 8.6, 1H); 7.52 (d, J=8.4, 2H); 6.64 (d, J=8.4, 1H); 6.30 (d, J=2.5, 1H); 5.97 (m, 2H); 4.31 (d, J=6.1, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H).

Step 2: N-(2-Amino-5-bromo-phenyl)-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (87).

[0328] Following the same procedure described in Example 1, step 4 but substituting compound 5 for compound 86, the title compound was obtained in 28% yield (over two steps).

[0329] 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.99-5.96 (m, 2H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H).

Step 3: N-[2-Amino-5-(2-carbamoyl-vinyl)-phenyl]-4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (88)

[0330] Following the same procedure described in Example 17, step 1 but substituting compound 2 for compound 87, the title compound was obtained in 18% yield.

[0331] 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (bs, 1H); 7.23 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H); 6.82 (bs, 1H); 6.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (m, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (m, 2H), 5.39 (bs, 2H), 4.30 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H).

Examples 19

N-(2-Amino-5-(2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)thiophen-3-yl)phenyl)-4methoxybenzamide (93) and

Example 20

N-(2-amino-5-(2-(hydroxymethyl)thiophen-3-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (94)

Scheme 17

Step 1. (3-(3-amino-4-nitrophenyl)thiophen-2-yl)methanol (90)

94: Example 20

[0332] A suspension of the aldehyde 89 (500 mg, 3.21 mmol) and sodium borohydride (121 mg, 3.21 mmol) in isopropanol (5 ml) was stirred at 0°C during 3 h. The excess of hydride was quenched with acetone, and the solvent was evaporated. A suspension of the resulting boronic acid (or any other boronic acid), 5-bromo-2-nitroaniline (2) (697 mg, 3.21 mmol) (scheme 1, Example 1) POT (305 mg, 1.00 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₆ (241 mg, 0.209 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (1.33 g, 9.63 mmol) in DME (12 ml) and water (4 ml) was stirred during 16 h at 80°C. The solvent was evaporated: ethyl acetate

10/574.088 269 was added and washed with saturated solution of NaCl. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent 40% EtOAc in Hexanes), 605 mg (75%) of compound **90** was obtained as a orange oil. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 7.98 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 2H), 7.15 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=9.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 2H).

Step 2. 5-(2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)thiophen-3-yl)-2-nitrobenzenamine (91)

[0333] A solution of 90 (600 mg, 2.39 mmol), imidazole (245 mg, 3.60 mmol) and TBDMSCI (543 mg, 3.60 mmol) in DMF (20 ml) was stirred at room temperature during 16 h. The solvent was evaporated, ethyl acetate was added and washed with saturated solution of NaCl. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 5-10% EtOAc in hexanes) to afford 674 mg (77%) of compound 91 as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) & (ppm): 7.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (s, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H).

Step 3. 5 N-{5-(2-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)thiophen-3-yl)-2-nitrophenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (92)

[0334] A solution of **91** (636 mg, 1.74 mmol) and 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride (446 mg, 2.62 mmol) in pyridine (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature during 16 h. The solvent was evaporated, ethyl acetate was added and washed with a saturated solution of NH₄Cl and then with a saturated solution NaCl. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent 5-10% EtOAc in Hexanes), 804 mg (93%) of compound **92** was obtained as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.64 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95-7.93 (m, 3H), 7.59 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dt, J = 9.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.09 (s, 6H).

Step 4. N-{2-Amino-5-{2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)thiophen-3-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (93) and N-{2-amino-5-{2-(hydroxymethyl)thiophen-3-yl)phenyl}-4-methoxybenzamide (94)

[0335] A suspension of 92 (800 mg, 1.60 mmol), $SnCl_2 2H_2O$ (2.17 g, 9.63 mmol) and NH_4OAc (1.23 g, 16.0 mmol) in a 1:1:1 mixture of MeOH/THF/water was stirred at room temperature during 16 h. Tin salts were filtered out and rinsed with EtOAc. The solvent was evaporated, ethyl acetate was added and washed with a saturated solution of $NaHCO_3$ and then with a saturated solution NaCl. The organic layer was dried OVER MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent 0.5-5% MeOH in DCM), 200 mg (27%) of compound 93 was obtained as a beige powder and 92 mg (16%) of compound 94 was obtained as a beige powder. [0336] Compound 93: 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.54 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H). MS: (calc.) 468.2; (obt.) 491.2 (M+Na)*. [0337] Compound 94: 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 354.1; (obt.) 354.1 (M+Na)*.

Examples 21

N-(2-Amino-5-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)phenyl)phenyl)-4-((3,4dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (99) and

Example 21-1

N-(2-amino-5-(4-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)phenyl)-4-((3,4dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (100)

Steps 1 and 2. 2-Nitro--5-((4-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)phenyl)aniline (97)

[0338] The compound 97 was obtained following the same procedure as for the Examples 19 and 20, steps 1 and 2 (scheme 17) in 78% yield. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 8.01 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 6H).

Step 3. N-(2-nitro-5-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)phenyl)phenyl)-4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (98)

[0339] The compound 98 was obtained following the same procedure as in the Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) in 28% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.77 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.995.97 (m, 2H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 4.32 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 6H).

Step 4. N-(2-amino-5-(4-{(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)methyl)phenyl)-4-{(3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (99) and N-(2-amino-5-{4-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)-4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (100)

[0340] The compounds 99 and 100 were obtained following the same procedure as in Examples 19 and 20, step 4 (scheme 17).

[0341] Compound 99: 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 3 (ppm): 9.66 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 5H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 6.00-5.98 (m, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 4.30 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H). MS: (calc.) 597.2 (obt.) 598.5 (MH) 3 .

[0342] Compound 100: 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.67 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.50-7.46 (m, 5H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00-5.98 (m, 2H), 5.15 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 483.2: (obt.) 484.4 (MH)*.

Examples 22

N-(2-Amino-5-(4-methoxycarbonylphenyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (104) and Example 23

N-(2-Amino-5-(4-carboxyphenyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (105)

Step 1. 2-Nitro-5-(4-methoxycarbonylphenyl)aniline (102)

[0343] The compound 102 was obtained following the same procedure as in Example 19 and 20, step 1 (scheme 17) but substituting the boronic acid **89** for the boronic acid **101** in 70% yield. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.07-8.04 (m, 3H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (s, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

Step 2. N-(2-Nitro-5-(4-methoxycarbonylphenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (103)

[0344] A suspension of 102 (599 mg, 2.20 mmol), NaH 60% (141 mg, 3.52 mmol) and 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride (450 mg, 2.64 mmol) in pyridine (5 ml) and DMF (12 ml) was stirred at room temperature during 48 h. The solid was filtered out and rinsed with MeOH to give 584 mg (82%) of the title compound 103 as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.72 (s,

1H), 8.13-8.08 (m, 3H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H).

Step 3. N-(2-Amino-5-(4-methoxycarbonylphenyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (104)

[0345] The compound 104 was obtained following the same procedure as in Example 19 and 20, step 4 (scheme 17) in 10% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.8, Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.71, (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (sb, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 376.1: (obt.) 377.1 (MH).

Step 4. N-(2-Amino-5-(4-carboxyphenyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (105)

[0346] A solution of 104 (44 mg, 0.117) and NaOH 1M (0.24 ml, 0.24 mmol) in THF (1 ml) and water (1 ml) was stirred 48 h at 40°C. HCl 1M was added and the precipitate was filtered out. The solid was further purified by flash chromatography (eluent 3-5% MeOH in DCM), to give the compound 105 (34 mg, 80% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 362.1; (obt.) 363.1 (MH)*.

Example 24

Methyl 4-amino-3-(4-methoxybenzamido)benzoate

Step 1. Methyl 4-amino-3-(4-methoxybenzamido)benzoate (107)

[0347] A solution of 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride (1.03 g, 6.02 mmol) in CH₃CN (6 ml) was added drop wise to a solution of methyl 3,4-diaminobenzoate (106) (1.00 g, 6.02 mmol) and pyridine (0.49 ml, 6.02 mmol) in CH₃CN (25 ml) at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 0°C and the solvent was evaporated. Ethyl acetate was added and the organic layer was washed successively with saturated solutions of NH₄Cl, NaHCO₃ and NaCl, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. After puriffication by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent 1-3% MeOH in DCM), 1.03 g (56%) of compound 107 was obtained as a off white solid. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.51 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J

= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 300.1; (obt.) 301.1 (MH)*.

Example 25

4-Amino-3-(4-methoxybenzamido)benzoic acid (108)

Step 1. 4-Amino-3-(4-methoxybenzamido)benzoic acid (108)

[0348] A suspension of 107 (400 mg, 1.33 mmol) and 1M NaOH (2.7 ml, 2.66 mmol) in 1:1 THF:MeOH (6 ml) was heated at 50° C for 16 h. HCl 1M was added to reach pH = 4 and the solid was filtered to give 370 mg (97%) of compound 108 as a white solid. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) $^{\circ}$ 6 (ppm): 9.52 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 361.1; (obt.) 362.3 (MH).

Example 26

N-(2-amino-5-carbamoylphenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (109)

Step 1. N-(2-amino-5-carbamoylphenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (109)

[0349] A solution of 108 (200 mg, 0.70 mmol), NH₄Cl (74 mg, 1.40 mmol), HOBT-hydrate (104 mg, 0.77 mmol), EDC (119 mg, 0.77 mmol) and Et₃N (0.29 ml, 2.1 mmol) in DMF (3 ml) was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated, ethyl acetate was added and the organic layer was washed successively with saturated solutions of NH₄Cl, NaHCO₃ and NaCl, dried over

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MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was triturated in ethyl acetate and filtered to give the title compound **109** (60 mg, 30%). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (sb, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (sb, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 285.1; (obt.) 286.1 (MH)*

Example 27

N-(2-amino-5-phenylcarbamoylphenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (112)

Step 1. 4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-3-(4-methoxybenzamido)benzoic acid (110)

[0350] A solution of 108 (700 mg, 2.45 mmol), Boc₂O (801 mg, 3.67 mmol) and Et₈N (0.51 ml, 3.67 mmol) in 2:1 dioxane: water (15 ml) was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The solvent was concentrated and HCl 1 M was added to reach a pH = 5. The precipitate was filtered to give 736 mg (78%) of the title compound 110 as a beige solid. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.81 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dt, J = 9.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.75-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.07 (dt, J = 9.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H).

Step 2. tert-Butyl 2-(4-methoxybenzamido)-4-(phenylcarbamoyl)phenylcarbamate (111)

[0351] A solution of 110 (373 mg, 0.965 mmol), aniline (0.11 ml, 1.16 mmol), BOP (640 mg, 1.45 mmol) and Et₃N (0.40 ml, 1.45 mmol) in DMF (3 ml) was stirred during 16 h at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated, ethyl acetate was added and the organic layer was washed with saturated solutions of NH₄Cl, NaHCO₃ and NaCl, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent 30-40% AcOEt in hexane), 352 mg (79%) of compound 111 was obtained as a white solid. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.17 (s, 1H), 9.86 (s, 1H), 8.83 (s, 1H), 7.97 (dt, J = 9.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.84-7.73 (m, 4H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.05 (m, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H).

Step 3. N-(2-amino-5-phenylcarbamoylphenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (112)

[0352] A solution of 111 (343 mg, 0.743 mmol) and TFA (0.5 ml) in DCM (3 ml) was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated and the solid was purified by flash chromatography (eluent 2-3% MeOH / DCM) to afford the title compound 112 as an off-white solid (230 mg, 86% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) $_{\delta}$ (ppm): 9.83 (s, 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.05-7.01 (m, 3H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 361.1; (obt.) 362.1 (MH)

N-(2-amino-5-bromo-phenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (114)

Steps 1 and 2. N-(2-Amino-5-bromo-phenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (114)

[0353] In a flame dried, round bottom flask, 5-bromo-2-nitro-aniline (2) (10.66 g, 49.09 mmol), (scheme 1, Example 1), and 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride (8.37 g, 49.09 mmol) were added. The mixture was heated to 90°C. The melted solids were stirred overnight to give a yellow-brown solid. THF (250 mL) was then added and the solution was treated with SnCl₂2H₂0 (55.38 g, 245.45 mmol, 5.0 eq) and stirred at room temperature for 2 hrs. Approx. half of the THF was evaporated then 200 mL of EtOAc and 100 mL sat. NaHCO₃ were added. The precipitated tin salt was taken out by filtration and a work-up was done on the filtrate with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine and dried over MgSO₄. Most of the EtOAc was evaporated then hexane was added and the precipitate was collected by filtration to give the title compound 114 as a beige powder (13.40 g, 85% yield). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) (ppm): 9.52 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.34

(d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dd, J=8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s. 2H), 3.82 (s. 3H).

Example 29

N-(2-amino-5-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (115)

Step 1. N-(2-Amino-5-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (115)

[0354] The compound 115 was obtained following the same Suzuki coupling procedure as in Examples 19 and 20 step 1 (scheme17) in 84% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (dd, J = 7.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 9.0 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.3, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (sb. 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 370.1; (obt.) 371.1 (MH)*.

Example 30

N-[2-Amino-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-[1,3,2]dioxaborolan-2-yl)-phenyl]-4-methoxy-benzamide (116)

Step 1. N-[2-Amino-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-[1,3,2]dioxaborolan-2-yl)-phenyl]-4-methoxybenzamide (116)

[0355] In a 75 mL pressure vessel, N42-amino-5-bromo-phenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (114) (2.95 g, 9.19 mmol.), bis(pinacolato)diboron (2.80 g, 11.03 mmol) and THF (25 mL) were added. Air was then removed by vacuum and then the vessel was purged with nitrogen. Pd(P(tBu) $_2$) $_2$ (0.070 g, 0.14 mmol), Pd $_2$ (dba) $_3$ (0.063 g, 0.07 mmol) and KF (1.76 g, 30.34 mmol, 3.3 eq.) were then added and the air was removed after each addition. The pressure vessel was sealed and the mixture was stirred at 50 °C for a week. The two palladium catalysts were added again after 2 and 4 days. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic lavers

were rinsed with water and brine and concentrated. The obtained oil was then purified by column chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc / hexane (50:50) to give the title compound **116** as a pale yellow solid (1.53 g, 45%). ¹H NMR (DMSO- d_0) (ppm): 9.47 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 12H).

Example 31

N-(4'-Acetyl-4-amino-biphenyl-3-yl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (117)

Step 1. N-(4'-Acetyl-4-amino-biphenyl-3-yl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (117)

[0356] In a pressure vessel, N-[2-Amino-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-[1,3,2]dioxaborolan-2-yl)-phenyll-4-methoxy-benzamide (116) (170 mg, 0.462 mmol), 1-(4-bromophenyl)ethanone (184 mg, 0.923 mmol), (or any aryl bromide from the tables below), DME (4.6 mL per mmol of 116) and H_2O (2.15 mL per mmol of 116) were added. Air was then removed by vacuum and then the vessel was purged with nitrogen. Pd(PPh₃)₄ (27mg, 0.023 mmol, 0.05 eq.) and Na₂CO₃ (147 mg, 1.38 mmol, 3.0 eq.) were then added and oxygen was removed after each addition. The pressure vessel was sealed and the mixture was stirred at 75 °C overnight. The mixture was cooled at room temp., water was added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were rinsed with brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated to give 42 mg (25%) of the title compound 117. 1 H NMR (DMSO- 1 6) (ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=12.8, 8.8 Hz, 4H), 7.70 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.58 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 360.41 (calc) 361.1 (MH+) (found).

Table 3a

Commercially available aryl bromide	Example	Cmpd	availa	nercially ble aryl omide	Example	Compd
Br Me	31	117	Br	∑ _S ^N —Me	3111	11711
Br	31aa	117aa	Br	ОН	31mm	117mm
Br	31bb	117bb	Br	Ç	31nn	117nn
Br S Me	31cc	117cc	Br	O S-NH ₂	3100	11700
Вг	31dd	117dd	Br	OMe N OMe	31pp	117pp
Br	31ee	117ee	Br	SO ₂ NH ₂	31qq	117qq
Br O Me	31ff	117ff	Br S N	SO ₂ NH ₂ Me	31rr	117rr
Вг	31gg	117gg	Br	SO ₂ NH ₂	31ss	117ss
Br O Me	31hh	117hh	Br /		31tt	117tt
Br N	31ii	117ii	Br	N F	31uu	117uu
Вг	31jj	117ii	Br	∑ _S Me	31	11711
Br	31kk	117jj	Br)	31mm	117mm

Non- commercial aryl bromide	Examp le	Cmpd	Synthetic procedure	
Br S NH ₂	31vv	117vv	7vv J.Med.Chem. 1997 , 40, p. 2936-2947,	
Br S OH	31ww	117ww	Br → Me LIAIH4, Br → CME LIAIH4, Me LIAIH4, LIAIH4, Me LIAIH4, Me LIAIH4, LIAIH4, Me LIAIH4, Me LIAIH4, LIAIH4, LIAIH4, Me LIAIH4,	
Br S 8 0 NMe ₂	31xx	117xx	5-Bromothiophene-2-{N,N-dimethyl)sufformamide A round-bottom flask was charged with 5-bromothiophene-2-sulfonylchloride (1.00 g, 3.82 mmol) and a 2M solution of N,N dimethylamine (6 mL, 11.46 mmol) in THF was added. The mixture was stirred for 1h and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc and H ₂ O. The organic	

4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-ylthio)phenyl)benzamide (122)

Scheme 22

Step 1. tert-Butyl 5-fluoro-2-nitrophenylcarbamate (119)

[0357] A flame-dried pressure vessel was charged with 5-fluoro-2-nitrobenzoic acid 118 (5.00g, 27.0 mmol) and dry t-butyl alcohol (50 mL). To this solution were successively added N,N-di-isopropyl-N-ethylamine (5 mL) and diphenylphosphorylazide (6.42 mL, 29.7 mmol). The vessel was closed with teflon cap and the mixture was heated at 90° C for 2h. It was then allowed to cool to r.t. over 16 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O. The aqueous layer was extracted with fresh EtOAc and the combined organic layers were washed with HCl 1N, sat. NaHCO₃, brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting yellow oil was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc/hexanes (10:90) as an eluent, affording the title compound 119 (6.03g, 87% yield) as light yellow crystals. LRMS: (m/z): 279.3 (M+Na*).

Step 2. tert-Butyl 2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-ylthio) phenylcarbamate (120)

[0358] A pressure vessel was charged with thiophene-2-thiol (236 mg, 2.03 mmol) and THF (4 mL). To this solution were successively added sodium hydride (60% suspension in mineral oil) (86 mg, 2.15 mmol) and compound 119 (500 mg, 1.95 mmol). The vessel was closed with teflon cap and the mixture heated to 90°C for 2h. It was allowed to cool to r.t.; and the reaction was quenched with H₂O, followed by THF removal *in vacuo*. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O. The aqueous layer was extracted with fresh EtOAc and the combined organic layers were washed with HCl 1N, sat. NaHCO₃, brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The residue was allowed to crystallize from a mixture of EtOAc/hexane over 72 hours, affording the title compound 120 (610 mg, 88% yield). ^{1}H NMR: (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) 8 (ppm): 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J=5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=5.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J=8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H). LRMS: (m/z): 275.2 (M+Na*).

Step 3. 2-Nitro-5-(thiophen-2-ylthio) aniline (121, R = 2-thienyl)

[0359] Following the same procedure as in Example 27, step 3 (scheme 20) substituting compound 111 for compound 120 (550 mg, 1.56 mmol), the title compound 121 was obtained (271 mg, 69% yield).

1 MNR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₆) 8 (ppm): 7.97 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, J=5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J=5.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (bs, 2H), 6.66 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J=9.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), LRMS: (m/z): 253.1 (MH*).

Steps 4 and 5. 4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-ylthio)phenyl)benzamide (122)

[0360] Following the same procedures as in Example 21, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 18) but substituting compound **97** for compound **121** the title compound **122** was obtained in 6% yield (over 2 steps). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d_b) 8 (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, J=5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=5.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (dd, J=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 492.5 (MH¹).

Example 33

4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(propylthio)phenyl)benzamide (123):

[0361] Following the same procedures as in Example 21, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 18) but substituting compound **97** for the commercially available 2-nitro-5-(propylthio)aniline (**121**, R = n-propyl) (222 mg, 1.04 mmol), afforded the title compound (**123**) as a light yellow oil (102 mg, 22% yield for 2 steps). 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=8.0 Hz, ZH), 7.23 (d, J=0.4 Hz, IH), 7.01 (dd, J=8.4, Z1, Z1, Z1, Z1, Z2, Z3, Z3, Z4, Z4

Example 34

4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(2-phenylethynyl)phenyl)benzamide (125)

Scheme 23

Step 1. 2-Nitro-5-(2-phenylethynyl)benzenamine (124)

[0362] A flame-dried flask was charged with the 5-bromo-2-nitroaniline (2, 300 mg, 1.38 mmol) (scheme 1, Example 1), phenylacetylene (155 mg, 1.52 mmol) and ethyl acetate (13.8 mL). The solution was degassed under vacuum and put under N_2 atmosphere. Then, dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (48 mg, 0.069 mmol) and copper iodide (26 mg, 0.138 mmol) were added. The yellow solution was degassed again (3 cycles), N,N- diisopropylamine (231µL, 1.68 mmol) was added and the solution rapidly turned dark. It was degassed twice again and allowed to stir under N_2 atmosphere at r.t. over 16h. Then it was passed through celite and the filtrate was successively washed with dilute aqueous ammonia (NH $_4$ OH), saturated NaHCO $_3$, saturated NH $_4$ Cl, brine , dried over MgSO $_4$, filtered and concentrated. The resulting dark solid was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent with increasing polarity (10:90 to 15:85) affording the title compound 124 (242 mg, 74% yield) as a deep yellow solid. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, CD $_3$ OD) 2 Oppm): 8.04 (dd, J=8.8, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.11 (dd, J=1.8, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=8.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H). LRMS: (m/z): 239.3 (MH 2).

Steps 2 and 3. 4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(2-phenylethynyl)phenyl)benzamide (125)

[0363] Following the same procedures as in Example 21, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 18) but substituting compound **97** for compound **124** (240 mg, 1.01 mmol), compound **125** was synthesized (136 mg, 31% yield for 2 steps). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ (ppm): 7.93 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J=8.2, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.21 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (dd, J=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), LRMS: (m/z): 478.5 (MH¹).

Examples 34-1

4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-styrylphenyl)benzamide (127)

Examples 35

$\hbox{4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)} methyl)-\hbox{N-(2-amino-5-phenethylphenyl)} benzamide~(128)$

and

Example 36

N-(2-amino-5-phenethyl-phenyl)-4-methyl-benzamide (129)

Scheme 24

Step 1. 2-Nitro-5-styrylbenzenamine (126)

[0364] Following the same procedure as in Example 1, step 2 (scheme 1) but substituting 2-thiopheneboronic acid for *trans*-2-phenylvinylboronic acid (245 mg, 1.66 mmol), the title compound 126 was prepared (230 mg, 69% yield). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d_e) δ (ppm): 7.89 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, J=16.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J=15.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.93 (bs, 2H), 6.87 (dd, J=9.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H). LRMS: (m/z): 241.3 (MH²).

Steps 2 and 3. 4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-styrylphenyl)benzamide (127)

[0365] Following the same procedures as in Example 21, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 18) but substituting compound **97** for compound **126** (230 mg, 0.957 mmol), the title compound **127** was prepared (159 mg, 35% yield for 2 steps). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, Acetone-d_o) δ (ppm): 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J=16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (d, J=16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (dd, J=8.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (bs, 1H), 4.85 (bs, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 480.5 (MH*).

Step 4. 4-{(3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl}-N-(2-amino-5-phenethylphenyl)benzamide (128) and N-(2-amino-5-phenethylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide (129)

[0366] To a degassed solution of compound 127 (100 mg, 0.209 mmol) in a mixture of methanol and ethyl acetate (1:1) was added was added a catalytic amount of 10% palladium on charcoal and the mixture was put under H_2 atmosphere (1atm) and stirred for 1h and filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The mixture was separated by flash chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc/Hexanes with increasing polarity (40:60 to 60:40) as the eluent. The least polar compound 129 was isolated as a white solid (31 mg, 31% yield) and the most polar compound was further purified by crystallization from a mixture of ethyl acetate and hexanes affording compound 128 as light beige crystals (18 mg, 18% yield).

Compound **128**: ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₆) 8 (ppm): 9.07 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.22 (m, 5H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.87 (dd, J=8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J=2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (dd, J=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (bs, 1H), 4.51 (bs, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 482.2 (MH*).

Compound **129**: 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₆) δ (ppm): 9.03 (bs, 1H), 7.94 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 5H), 7.18-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.87 (dd, J=8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (bs, 2H), 2.90-2.86 (m, 2H), 2.83-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 331.1 (MH⁺).

Example 37

4-((6-(2-(Dimethylamino)ethoxy)-5-fluoro-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-ylthio)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (131)

Scheme 25

[0367] Following the same procedures as in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 130 (300 mg, 0.559 mmol, described in the Patent Application WO 03/024448) the title compound 131 was prepared (7 mg, 3.7% yield over 2 steps).

¹H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₂) δ (ppm): 9.16 (bs, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J=2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (bs, 0.5 H), 7.27 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (bs, 0.5 H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (bs, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (bs, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.16 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 6H). LRMS: (m/z): 562.3 (MH¹).

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (134)

Scheme 26

Step 1. 5-(4,4,5,5-Tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2-nitrobenzenamine (132)

[0368] Title compound 132 was prepared according to the procedure described in J.Org.Chem. 1995, 60, 7508-7510. The synthesis was performed starting from 2-nitro-5-bromoaniline (2, 300 mg, 1.38 mmol) (scheme 1, Example 1) and using dioxane as a solvent. Amount of the prepared compound 132 was 191 mg (52% yield). 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₆) &(ppm): 8.02 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 2H), 6.97 (dd, J=8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 1.37 (s, 12H).

Step 2. 4-Acetylamino-N-[2-nitro-5-[4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-[1,3,2]dioxaborolan-2-yl)-phenyl]benzamide (133)

[0369] To a solution of compound 132 (18 mg, 0.689 mmol) in pyridine (2.8 mL) was added 4 acetamidobenzoyl chloride (150 mg, 0.758 mmol) and 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (8 mg, 0.07mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 16 h. at r.t. Then, it was partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O. The

aqueous layer was extracted with fresh EtOAc and the combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in* vacuo. The resulting crude oil was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using methanol/EtOAc (5:95) as the eluent affording the title compound **133** (47mg, 16% yield) as a 1:1 mixture with 4-acetamidobenzoic acid (hydrolyzed starting material). ¹H NMR: (Acetone-d₆) 8(ppm): 10.76 (bs, 1H), 9.52 (bs, 1H), 9.00 (d, J=1.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (dd, J=8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 12H).

Step 3. 4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (134)

[0370] Following the same procedures as in Example 19, step 4 (scheme 17) but substituting compound 92 for compound 133 (75 mg, 0.176 mmol), the title compound 134 was obtained (11 mg, 31% yield). ¹H NMR: (acetone-d₆) 8(ppm): 9.42 (bs, 1H), 9.03 (bs, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39(dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (bs, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 12H). LRMS: (m/z): 396.1 (MH¹).

Example 39

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-carbonyl)-phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (136)

Scheme 27

Step 1. N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-carbonyl)-phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (136)

[0371] Following the same procedure as in Example 24, step 1 (scheme 20) but substituting compound 106 for 3,4-diaminobenzothiophenone dihydrochloride (135, 200 mg, 0.687 mmol) the

293

title compound 136 was prepared as an orange foam (102 mg, 42% yield). 1H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) 8(ppm): 9.61 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J=4.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 353.1 (MH+).

Example 40

N-(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-ylphenyl)-4-(2-(N,N-dimethylamino)acetamido)benzamide (140) Scheme 28

Step 1. 4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)acetamidobenzoic acid (139)

[0372] To a solution of N,N-dimethylaminoacetyl chloride hydrochloride (137, 10.1g, 64.2 mmol) in acetonitrile (300 mL) was added powdered sodium bicarbonate (11.9g, 141 mmol) followed by 4-aminobenzoic acid (138, 9.68g, 70.6 mmol). The mixture was vigorously stirred over 16h at r.t. and acetonitrile was decanted. The remaining gum was triturated with methanol and filtration afforded the title compound 139 (10.9 g, 76% yield). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 10.21 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (bs, 2H), 2.27 (s, 6H). LRMS: (m/z): 223.3 (MH⁺).

Steps 2 and 3. N-(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-vlphenyl)-4-(2-(N,N-dimethylamino) acetamido)benzamide (140)

Following the same procedures as in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but [0373] substituting compound 4 for compound 139 [798 mg (37% pure), 1.24 mmoll, the title compound 140 was prepared (7.4 mg, 1.5 % yield over 2 steps), 1H NMR; (400 MHz, CD30D) δ (ppm); 7.99 (d. J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd. J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td. J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd. J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d. J=8.6 Hz. 1H), 3.24 (s. 2H), 2.43 (s. 6H), LRMS; (m/z); 395.1 (MH+).

Example 41a

(Pyridin-3-yl)methyl 4-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamoyl) benzylcarbamat

Scheme 29

Steps 1 and 2. (Pyridin-3-vl)methyl 4-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenylcarbamoyl) benzylcarbamate (143a)

[0374] To a suspension of compound **141a** (US 6,174, 905 B1) (533 mg, 1.75 mmol), in pyridine (5mL), was added compound 3 (424 mg, 1.93 mmol), Example 1 (scheme 1). The resultant solution was stirred at r.t. for 4h and concentrated in vacuo. The crude compound 142a (855 mg, 1.75 mmol) was dissolved in a 1:1 mixture of THF and methanol (14 mL) and tin chloride (II) dihydrate (1.97 g, 8.75 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3 h and solvents were removed in vacuo. The residue was suspended in methanol, adsorbed on silica gel and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using methanol/dichlromethane (10:90) as an eluent. The resultant gum was dissolved in methanol and allowed to crystallize. Ethyl acetate was added and the remainder of the compound crashed out of solution by swirling in an ultra-sound bath. Filtration afforded the title compound 143a (63 mg, 8% yield over 2 steps) as a white solid. 1H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) 8(ppm): 9.69 (bs, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.53-8.51 (m, 1H), 7.98-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.78-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (bs, 2H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 2H). LRMS: (m/z): 459.2 (MH+).

Example 41b

N-(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-4-fluoro-benzamide (143b).

[0375] Compound 143b (Example 41b) was obtained similarly to the compound 143a (Example 41a) according to the scheme 29 starting from 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride (141b) via the nitro intermediate 142b. Yield 44% (over two steps).

Example 41c

N-(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethylsulfanyl-benzamide (143c)

[0376] Compound 143c (Example 41c) was obtained similarly to the compound 143a (Example 41a) according to the scheme 29 starting from 4(trifluoromethylthio)benzoyl chloride (141c) via the nitro intermediate 142c. Yield 1.4% (over two steps).

Example 41d

N-(2-Amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-3-chloro-4-fluoro-benzamide (143d)

[0377] Compound 143d (Example 41d) was obtained similarly to the compound 143a (Example 41a) according to the scheme 29 starting from 3-chloro-4-fluorobenzoyl chloride (141d) via the nitro intermediate 142d, Yield 30% (over two steps).

Example 42

(E)-N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3-(4-(tosylamino)phenyl)acrylamide (146)

Steps 1 and 2. N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)acrylamide (144)

[0378] A flame-dried r.b flask was charged with compound 3 (100mg, 0.453 mmol) and put under N₂ atmosphere. A trace amount of p-methoxyphenol (to prevent polymerization) was added followed by acryloyl chloride (74µL, 0.906 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 1 h and put under high vacuum for 1h. Then, THF (500µL) was added followed by tin chloride (II) dihydrate (510 mg, 2.27 mmol). The solution was stirred for 1h and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc/Hex with increasing polarity (50:50 to 90:10) as the eluent (traced of p-methoxyphenol was added before concentrating to avoid polymerization) affording the title compound 144 (70mg, 63% yield for 2 steps). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₆) &(ppm): 8.37 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J=8.2,

1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (dd, J=2.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J=4.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J=0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J=16.8, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J=16.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dd, J=10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H). LRMS: (m/z): 245.1 (MH*).

Step 3. (*E*)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3-(4-(tosylamino)phenyl) acrylamide (146) [0379] A pressure vessel was charged with compound 144 (70mg, 0.287 mmol), DMF (800µL), and compound 145 (WO 02/069947) (89 mg, 0.239 mmol). The solution was degassed under vacuum and put under N_2 atmosphere (3 cycles). Then, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium (7 mg, 0.007 mmol) was added and the red solution was degassed again (3 cycles). Tri-o-tolylphosphine (4 mg, 0.014 mmol) was added and the solution rapidly turned dark. Triethylamine (100µL, 0.717 mmol) was added and it was degassed twice again and allowed to stir under N_2 atmosphere at 90°C for 3h. Then it was passed through celite and the filtrate was concentrated *in* vacuo. It was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc as the eluent and then purified again but using methanol/chloroform (5:95) as the eluent. The combined fractions were allowed to crystallize from this mixture of solvent (methanol/chloroform 5:95) affording the title compound 146 (3.8 mg, 3% yield). 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, Acetone-d₈) 8 (ppm): 9.20 (bs, 1H), 8.84 (bs, 1H), 7.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 3H), 7.58 (d, J=15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.29-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.22 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J=4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (bs, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 490.1 (MH¹).

N-(2-Amino-5-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (153)

Step 1. 4-(4-Nitrophenyl)thiazol-2-amine (148)

[0380] Title compound 148 was prepared in 96% yield according to the procedure described in J.Heterocyclic Chem. 1970, 7, 1137-1141, starting from 2-bromo-4'-nitroacetophenone 147. H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSOd₆) 8(ppm): 8.21 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.22 (s. 2H). LRMS (m/z): 222.1 (MH*).

Step 2. 2-(N,N-di-tert-Butylcarbamoyl)-4-(4-nitrophenyl)thiazole (149)

[0381] To a solution of compound 148 (1.00g, 4.52 mmol) in THF (20 mL), was added di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.16g, 9.94 mmol) and 4(dimethylamino)pyridine (55 mg, 0.45 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at r.t. for 4 days. The remaining yellow solid was filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc and H_2O . The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. Crystallization from EtOAc/Hex (twice) afforded the title compound 149 (1.23g, 65% yield) as beige crystals. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO- 1 Og) 8(ppm): 8.26 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 1.53 (s, 18H). LRMS: (m/z): 422.2 (MH*).

Step 3. tert-Butyl 4-(3-amino-4-nitrophenyl)thiazol-2-ylcarbamate (150)

[0382] Title compound 150 was prepared in 62% yield according to the procedure described in J.Chem.Soc.Perkin Trans. 1999, 1437-1444; starting from the compound 149. ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₈) δ(ppm): 11.68 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.54 (s, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=9.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 9H), LRMS: (m/z): 337.2 (MH²).

Step 4. **tert-Butyl 4-(3-(4-methoxybenzamido)-4-nitrophenyl)thiazol-2-ylcarbamate (151)**[0383] To a solution of compound **150** (390 mg, 1.28 mmol) in pyridine was added 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride (181 mg, 1.06 mmol) and 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine (13 mg, 0.11 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 16h and partitioned between EtOAc and H₂0. The organic layer was washed with brine and some compound was collected by filtration. The filtrate was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* and then crystallized from a mixture of EtOAc,/Hexanes. The two crops were combined affording the title compound **151** (358mg, 72% yield). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, CD₃OD) 8 (ppm): 11.73 (s, 1H), 10.71 (s, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, J=0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 9H).

[0384] Following the same procedure as in Example 19, step 4 (scheme 17) but substituting compound 92 for compound 151 the title compound 152 was prepared in 62 % yield. ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) 8 (ppm): 8.06 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 9H). LRMS: (m/z): 441.4 (MH⁺).

Step 6. N-(2-Amino-5-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (153)

[0385] Following the same procedure as in Example 27, step 3 (scheme 20) but substituting compound 111 for compound 152 (201mg, 0.457mmol), the title compound 153 was obtained (63 mg, 100% yield). 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₀) 3 (ppm): 9.55 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (s, 2H), 6.73 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 341.2 (MH⁺).

Example 44

N-(2-Amino-5-(4-amino-3-pyridyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (157)

Scheme 32

Step 1. tert-Butyl 5-bromopyridin-2-ylcarbamate (155)

157a: Example 44a

[0386] Following the same procedure as in Example 43, step 2 (scheme 31) but substituting compound 148 for 5-bromo-pyridine-2-yl-amine (154, 972 mg, 5.62 mmol) the title compound 155 was prepared (313 mg, 20 % yield) ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, CD₃OD) & (ppm): 8.55 (dd, J=2.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, J=8.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H). LRMS: (m/z): 273.1/275.1 (M*/M+2).

157: Example 44

Step 2. N-(2-Amino-5-(4-tert-butylcarbamoyl-3-pyridyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (156)

[0387] Following the same procedure as in Example 31, step 2 (scheme 21) but substituting compound 148 for compound 155 (135 mg, 0.494 mmol), the title compound 156 was obtained (36 mg, 25% yield). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, CD:0D) δ (ppm): 8.41 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=

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2H), 7.92 (dd, J=8.8, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 9H). LRMS: (m/z): 435.2 (MH*).

Step 3. N-(2-Amino-5-(4-amino-3-pyridyl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (157)

[0388] Following the same procedure as in Example 27, step 3 (scheme 20) but substituting compound 111 for compound 156 (36 mg, 0.083 mmol), the title compound 157 was obtained (7 mg, 25% yield). 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, acetone-d₆) δ (ppm): 8.94 (bs, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (dd, J=8.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=8.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=8.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (bs, 2H), 3.74 (s. 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 335.1 (MH*).

Example 44a

N-(4,4'-Diamino-3'-fluoro-biphenyl-3-yl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (157a)

[0389] N-(4,4'-Diamino-3'-fluoro-biphenyl-3-yl)-4-methoxy-benzamide (157a) was prepared similarly to the compound 157 (Example 44) according to the scheme 32 using instead of 5-bromo-pyridine-2-yl-amine (154) 4-bromo-2-fluoroaniline as a starting material.

N-(4-amino-4'-hydroxybiphen-3-yl)-4-methoxybenzamide (160)

Step 1. (3-Bromophenoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (159)

[0390] Following the same procedure as in Example 19, step 2 (scheme 17) substituting compound 90 for 3-bromophenol 158 (200 mg, 0.501 mmol), the title compound 159 was obtained (14 mg, 5% yield). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 7.21 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 0.95 (d, J=1.0 Hz, 9H), 0.20 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 6H).

Step 2. N-(4-amino-4'-hydroxybiphen-3-yl)-4-methoxybenzamide (160)

[0391] Following the same procedure as in Example 31, step 1 (scheme 21) but substituting 1-(4-bromophenyl)ethanone for compound 159 (312 mg, 1.09 mmol), the title compound 160 was obtained (79 mg, 44% yield). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d_e) δ (ppm): 9.58 (s, 1H), 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=8.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.82 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dt, J=8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), LRMS: (m/z): 335.2 (MH*).

N-{4-((2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)carbamoyl)phenyl)-4-methylpiperazine-1carboxamide (164)

Step 1. Ethyl 4-(1-methylpiperazine-4-carboxamido)benzoate (162)

[0392] A solution of N-methylpiperazine (0.61 ml, 5.49 mmol) and 4-ethylisocyanatobenzoate 161 (1.00 g, 5.23 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. The precipitate was filtered and rinsed with ether to give 1.40 g (92%) of the title compound 162 as a white powder. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.87 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 4H), 2.31 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 4H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.30 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H).

Step 2. 4-(1-Methylpiperazine-4-carboxamido)benzoic acid (163)

[0393] A solution of 162 (1.39 g, 4.77 mmol) and LiOHH $_2$ O (300 mg, 7.16 mmol) in 1:1 THF:water (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. 1 M HCl was added to reach pH = 5 and the solvent was evaporated. The title compound was purified by preparative HPLC (Aquasil C18, reverse phase, eluent: MeOH / water) to give 979 mg (78%) of the title compound 163 as a white powder. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.81 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dt, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (dt, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 3.44 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 4H), 2.31 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4H), 2.19 (s, 3H).

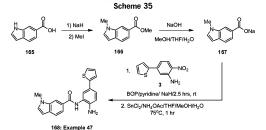
Steps 3 and 4. 4-Methyl-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid [4-(2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-amide (164)

[0394] Following the same procedures as in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 163 title compound 164 was obtained in 8.4 % yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.57 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d,

 $J = 8.8 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}), 7.59 \text{ (d, } J = 8.8 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}), 7.44 \text{ (d, } J = 2.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.34 \text{ (dd, } J = 5.1, 1.0 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.27 \text{ (dd, } J = 8.2, 2.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.23 \text{ (dd, } J = 3.5, 1.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.03 \text{ (dd, } J = 5.1, 3.5 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 6.79 \text{ (d, } J = 8.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 5.12 \text{ (sb, 2H}), 3.46 \text{ (t, } J = 4.8 \text{ Hz}, 4\text{H}), 2.33 \text{ (t, } J = 4.9 \text{ Hz}, 4\text{H}). MS: (calc.) 435.2: (obt.) 436.4 \text{ (MH)}^*.$

Example 47 H₂N HN S

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide (41)



Step 1: Methyl 1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylate (166)

[0395] 1H-Indole-6-carboxylic acid 37 (0.20g, 1.24 mmol) was dissolved in dimethylformamide (10 mL) and cooled to 0°C for the portion-wise addition of sodium hydride (0.20g, 4.96 mmol). After complete addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to rt and stirred for 1 hr then methyl iodide (0.15 mL, 2.48 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture. Quenching with water followed by rotary evaporation led to the crude residue, which was taken up with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to provide crude 166 (it was used crude in the next step). MS: 189.08 (calc), 190.1 (obs).

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Step 2: 1-Methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylic acid (167)

[0396] Methyl 1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylate 166 (1.24 mmol) was stirred with sodium hydroxide (0.59g, 14.88 mmol) in a 2:2:1 mixture of methanol/THF/water (7.5 ml.) for 36 hrs at rt to form a precipitate which was collected by filtration and lyophilized overnight to give the title compound 167 (0.54g, 99% yield). MS: 175.06 (calc), 176.1 (obs).

Steps 3 and 4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-indole-6-carboxamide (168)

[0397] Following the same procedures as in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound **4** for compound **167** title compound **168** was obtained in 0.5 % yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.72 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 7.67 (abq, J= 29.4, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, J= 6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.83 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H). **MS**: 347.11 (calc), 348.1 (obs).

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)benzamide (172).

Step 1. 4-Cyano-N-(2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide (170).

[0398] Following the same procedures as in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 169 the title compound 170 was obtained in 51 % yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.15 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.10 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J= 4.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, J= 3.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, J= 8.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.20 to 7.17 (m, 1H). MS: 349.05 (calc), 348.0 (obs).

Step 2: N-(2-Nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)benzamide (171).

[0399] The nitro-cyano compound **170** (60.5 mg, 0.17 mmol) was heated to 95°C in the presence of tributyltin azide (0.06 mL, 0.21 mmol) in toluene (2 mL) for 24 hrs then solvent was evaporated and the residues was purified by flash chromatography (1:1 ethyl acetate: hexane) to provide tetrazole **171** (51.4mg, 76% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.85 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, J= 14.9 Hz, 2H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, J= 3.7 Hz, 1H). MS: 392.07 (calc), 393.1 (obs).

Step 3: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)benzamide (172)

[0400] The nitro compound 171 (20 mg, 0.05 mmol) was hydrogenated (1 atm) in the presence of 10 % palladium on charcoal (catalytic amount) in methanol (1 mL) at room temperature for 2·3 hrs. The reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite®, the filtrate was evaporated to give the crude product which was suspended in dichloromethane and stirred overnight at room temperature, then filtered to provide the title compound 172 (6.3 mg, 27% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.71 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J= 8.2 .2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J= 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H). MS: 362.09 (calcl. 363.1 (obs).

Example 49

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-cyanobenzamide (173)

Step 1: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vI)phenvI)-4-cvanobenzamide (173)

[0401] Following the same procedures as in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 170 the title compound 173 was obtained in 56 % yield. $^{\rm i}$ H NMR: (DMSO) $_{\rm i}$ 6 (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.92 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J= 5.1, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J= 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H). MS: 319.08 (calc), 320.1 (obs).

Example 50

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)benzamide (174)

Step 1: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)benzamide (174)

[0402] N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl))phenyl)-4-cyanobenzamide 173 (30 mg, 0.1 mmol), ethylenediamine (0.126 mL, 1.9 mmol) and carbon disulfide (catalyst) were stirred at 50°C in DMF overnight. The reaction mixture was then evaporated to dryness, taken up in methanol and filtered to give the title compound 174 as a yellow solid (16.3 mg, 48%). H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.78 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J=3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 4H). MS: 362.12 (calc.), 363.1 (obs.).

Example 51:

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methoxybenzamide (181)

Step 1: tert-Butyl 4-bromo-2-nitrophenylcarbamate (175)

[0403] To a solution of 4-bromo-2-nitroaniline 13 (5.00g, 23.07 mmol) in dimethylformamide (55mL) at 0°C was added sodium hydride (1.02g, 25.38 mmol, 1.1 equ.) portion-wise. After complete H_2 evolution, a solution of Boc anhydride (5.04g, 23.07 mmol, 1 equ.) in dimethylformamide (20 mL) was cannulated slowly into the reaction mixture over 30 minutes. The reaction was allowed to warm to rt then stirred overnight. It was then quenched with water and the DMF was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was taken up in water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to provide 175 (3.72g, 51%). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, J= 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (dd, J= 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H). MS: (calc.) 316.01; (obt.) 217.1 (M-Boc)*.

Step 2: tert-Butyl 2-nitro-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (177)

[0404] A solution of tert-butyl 4-bromo-2-nitrophenylcarbamate 175 (3.97g, 12.5 mmol), 2-thiophene boronic acid 176 (1.68g, 13.4 mmol), sodium carbonate (3.98g, 37.56 mmol) and $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.94g, 0.814 mmol) were stirred at $110^{\circ}C$ in a mixture of DME and water (2:1, 70 mL) overnight. The solution was evaporated to dryness, diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to provide the crude product which was purified by flash chromatography (10% ethyl acetate in hexane) to provide the title compound 177 (2.14g, 53% yield). ^{1}H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.63 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, J= 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (dd, J= 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (q, J= 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H). MS: (calc.) 320.08: (obt.) 343.1 (M+Na).

Step 3: tert-Butyl 2-amino-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (178)

[0405] Following the same procedures as in Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound 171 for compound 177 the title compound 178 was obtained (68% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J= 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J= 3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J= 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, J= 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H). MS: (calc.) 290.11; (obt.) 291.1 (MH)⁺.

Step 4: tert-butyl 2-(3-methoxybenzamido)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (180)

[**0406**] 3-Methoxybenzoyl chloride **179** (0.20g, 1.17 mmol) and **178** (0.34g, 1.17 mmol) were stirred in pyridine (15 mL) at rt for 4 hrs then the pyridine was removed by rotary evaporation and the crude material was purified by column chromatography (25% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to provide the title compound **180** (0.44g, 89% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.88 (s, 1H), 8.72 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 to 7.55 (m, 6H), 7.17 (dd, J= 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J= 4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H). MS: (calc.) 424.15; (obt.) 425.1 (MH)*.

Step 5: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenvl)-3-methoxybenzamide trifluoroacetate (181)

[0407] tert-Butyl 2-{3-methoxybenzamido}-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate 180 (0.214g, 0.504 mmol) was stirred in trifluoroacetic acid: dichloromethane solution (1:3, 4 mL) at rt for 5 hrs then solvent was evaporated. The crude residue was washed with dichloromethane and evaporated

several times to get rid of excess trifluoroacetic acid to provide the title compound **181** (0.22g, 100%). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.96 (1H,s), 7.59 - 7.52 (3H,m), 7.46 - 7.41 (3H,m), 7.39 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.33 (1H,dd,2.5 and 1.0 Hz), 7.16 (1H,dd,5.7 and 1.8 Hz), 6.98 (1H,d,8.4 Hz), 3.84 (3H,s), MS: 324.09 (calc), 325.1 (obs).

Example 52

4-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamoyl)phenyl acetate (184)

Step 1: Acetic acid 4-(2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenylcarbamoyl)phenyl ester (183)

[0408] tert-Butyl 2-amino-4-(thiophen-2-yll)phenylcarbamate 178 (0.198g, 0.68 mmol), benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP) (0.302g, 0.68 mmol) and 4-acetoxybenzoic acid (182) (0.123g, 0.68 mmol) were stirred in pyridine at rt overnight then solvent evaporated and purified by flash chromatography (35% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to provide 183 (0.11g, 36%). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.91 (s, 1H), 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, J= 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J= 4.9, 0.98 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J= 3.7, 0.98 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H). MS: (calc.) 452.14; (obt.) 475 (M+Na).

Step 2: Acetic acid 4-(2-amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenyl ester trifluoroacetate (184)

[0409] Following the same procedure as for the Example 51, step 5 (the same scheme 37) but substituting compound 180 for the compound 183, the title compound 184 was obtained (16% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.73 (1H,s), 8.03 (2H,d, 8.4), 7.45 (1H,s,), 7.34 (1H,d,9.0 Hz), 7.30 - 7.22 (4H,m), 7.04 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.6 Hz), 6.79 (1H,d,8.4 Hz), 5.18 (2H,s), 2.31 (3H,s). MS: 352.1 (calc), 353.1 (obs).

Example 53

4-(2-(Piperidin-1-yl)ethylamino)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (190) Scheme 38

Step 1: tert-Butyl 4-(2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethylamino)benzoate (187)

[0410] tert-Butyl 4-fluorobenzoate 185 (0.502g, 2.55 mmol) and 2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethanamine 186 (1.46 mL, 10.21 mmol) were stirred neat at 120°C overnight then diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (1x), brine (1x), dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated to give 187 (0.501g, 64%). H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 7.59 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.24 (t, J= 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (m, 2H), 3.21 to 3.13 (m, 6H), 2.44 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.47 to 1.38 (m, 2H). MS: 304.22 (calc), 249.1 (M-tBu).

Step 2: 4-(2-(Piperidin-1-vI)ethylamino)benzoic acid trifluoroacetate (188)

[0411] Following the same procedure as for the Example 51, step 5 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 187 for the compound 183, the title compound 188 was obtained (0.37g, 90.5%). HNMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 400 MHz. (DMSO) d (ppm): 7.69 (d. J= 8.6 Hz. 2H), 6.62 (d. J=

8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (t, J= 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, J= 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 3.14 (d, J= 11.5 Hz, 4H), 1.72 (m, 6H). MS: 248.15 (calc), 249.2 (obs).

Step 3: **4-(2-(Piperidin-1-yI)ethylamino)-N-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yI)phenyI)benzamide (189)** [**0412**] Following the same procedure as for the Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1), but substituting acid **4** for the acid **188**, the title compound **189** was obtained (19% yield). MS: 450.17 (calc), 451.2 (obs).

Step 4: 4-(2-(Piperidin-1-yl)ethylamino)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (190)

[0413] Following the same procedure as for the Example 51, step 3 (scheme 37), but substituting nitro compound 177 for the nitro compound 189, the title compound 190 was obtained (8% yield). H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.34 (1H,s), (8.25 (2H,s)comes from formic salt), 7.77 (2H,d,8.8), 7.44 (1H,d,2.2 Hz), 7.34 (1H,dd,4.0 and 1.2 Hz), 7.26 - 7.21 (2H,m), 7.03 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.4), 6.78 (1H,d,8.2), 6.62 (1H,d,8.8 Hz), 6.09 (1H,m), 3.25 - 3.15(8H,m), 1.53 to 1.49 (4H,m), 1.39 (2H,m). MS: 420.2 (calc), 421.3 (obs).

4-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide 197

Step 1: Methyl 4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)benzoate (193)

[0414] To a stirring solution of methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate 191 (1.08g, 7.10 mmol) and 4(2-chloroethyl)morpholine hydrochloride 192 (1.45g, 7.82 mmol) in acetonitrile was added potassium carbonate (2.95g, 21.3 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to 50° C overnight then cooled to rt and the resulting precipitate was filtered and washed with methanol to provide methyl 4-(2-morpholinoethoxylbenzoate 193 (2.67g, 142%). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 7.87 (s, J= 9.0 Hz, 2h), 7.03 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 2h), 4.15 (t, J= 5.7 Hz, 2h), 3.80 (s, 3h), 3.56 (t, J= 4.5 Hz, 4H), 2.69 (t, J= 5.7 Hz, 4H), 2.47 (m, 4H), MS: 265.13 (calc), 266.1 (obs).

Step 2: 4-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)benzoic acid (194)

[0415] Lithium hydroxide (hydrated) (0.59g, 14.1 mmol) was added to a solution of methyl 4(2-morpholinoethoxy)benzoate 193 (1.25g, 4.7 mmol) in a 1:1 mixture of THF-water (20 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at rt overnight then acidified with 1N HCl to pH 2, solvent was evaporated and the residue was lyophilized to provide crude 194 (1.66g, >>100% yield). H NMR:

10/574,088 Substitute specification (marked up) (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 7.88 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (m, 2H), 3.89 (m, 4H), 3.53 (m, 2H), 3.26 to 3.14 (m, 4H), MS: 251.12 (calc), 252.1 (obs).

Step 3: 4-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)benzovl chloride (195)

[0416] 4-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)benzoic acid 194 (330mg, 1.31 mmol) was dissolved in thionyl chloride (4 mL) and a few drops of dimethylformamide were added. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 80°C in a sealed tube for 1.5 hrs then opened to leave evaporate overnight. The residue was placed on a vacuum pump overnight and used as is in the next reaction (0.30g, 100%). MS: 269.08 (calc, COCI), 265.13 (calc, Me ester), 266.2 (obs, Me ester)

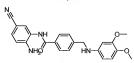
Step 4: 4-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)-N-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (196)

[0417] Following the same procedure as for the Example 51, step 4 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 178 for the compound 3, and compound 179 for compound 195, the title compound 196 was obtained (3% yield). MS: 453.14 (calc), 454.2 (obs).

Step 5: 4-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (197)

[0418] Following the same procedure as for the Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting the nitro compound **5** for the nitro compound **196**, title compound **197** was obtained (3 mg, 19%). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 400 MHz, (DMSO) d (ppm): 9.67 (1H,s), 8.01 (2H,d,8.8), 7.44 (1H,d,2.0 Hz), 7.36 (1H,dd,4.1 and 1.0 Hz), 7.30 (1H,dd,6.1 and 2.2 Hz), 7.24 (1H,dd,2.5 and 1.2), 7.12 (2H,d,8.8), 7.04 (1H,dd,3.5 and 1.6 Hz), 6.82 (1H,d,8.4 Hz), 4.44 (2H,t,4.1), 3.65 to 3.15 (10H,m). MS: 423.16 (calc), 424.2 (obs).

Example 55



4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-cyanophenyl)benzamide (199)

Step1:4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-5-cyanophenyl)benzamide (199)

[0419] Following the same procedure as described in Example 27, step 2 (scheme 20), the title compound 199 was obtained in 16% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.56 (bs, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (bs, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.99-5.95 (m, 2H), 5.74 (bs, 1H), 4.92 (bs, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.32 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.): 402.5 (obt.) 403.4 (MH)*.

4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (205):

Step 1: Di-tert-Butyl 5-chloro-4-fluoro-2-nitrophenylcarbamate (201)

[0420] Following the procedure described in Example 43, step 2 (scheme 31) using THF as a solvent but substituting compound 108 for compound 200, the title compound 201 was obtained in 55% yield. MS: (calc.) 390.8; (obt.) 413 (M + Na)*.

Step 2: Di-tert-butyl 4-fluoro-2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (202):

[**0421**] Following the same procedure described in Example 1, step 2 (scheme 1), but substituting bromoarene **2** for compound **201**, the title compound **202** was obtained (36% yield). ¹H NMR: (CDCl3) δ (ppm): 7.85 (d, J= 10.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, J=1.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J=0.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.36 (bs, 18H). MS: (calc.) 438.4; (obt.) 239.1 (MH-2 tert-Boc)*.

Step 3: 4-Fluoro-2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)benzenamine (203)

[0422] Following the procedure described in Example 27, step 3 (scheme 20) but substituting compound 111 for compound 202, the title compound 203 was obtained (32% yield). ¹H NMR:

(CD₂OD) δ (ppm): 7.86 (d, J= 12.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, J=4.4 Hz, 1H), MS; (caic.) 238.3; (obt.) 239.1 (MH)*.

Step 4: 4-{(3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(4-fluoro-2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (204):

[0423] Following the procedure described in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 3 for compound 203, the title compound 204 was obtained (89% yield).

1 h MMR: (DMSO) (b (ppm): 10.70 (bs, 1H), 8.17 (d, J=7.2z, 1H), 8.10 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (dd, J=5.2; 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (dt, J=5.2; 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.01-5.96 (m, 2H), 4.31 (d, J=6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 507.5; (obt.) 508.3 (MH)*.

Step 5: 4-{(3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl}-N-(2-amino-4-fluoro-5-{thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (205):

[**0424**] Following the procedure described in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound **5** for compound **204** and running the reaction at room temperature, the title compound **205** was obtained (41% yield). HNMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.65 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48-7.51 (m, 4H), 7.31 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J=13.6 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, J=2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03-6.01 (m, 2H), 5.50 (bs, 2H), 4.34 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 477.6; (obt.) 478.4 (MH)*.

Example 57a

N-(5-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazol-2-ylthio)-2-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (209a)

Step 1: 5-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazol-2-vlthio)-4-fluoro-2-nitrobenzenamine (208a):

[0425] To a stirred solution of 206 (500mg, 2.8 mmol) in DMF (20 mL), was added 1-methyl-1H-imidazole-2-thiol (207a, 2.8 mmol, 328 mg) and potassium carbonate (1.58 g, 11.49 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60° for 5 hours. Ethyl acetate was added and K₂CO₃ was removed by filtration. The filtrate was concentrated, evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluents hexane-EtOAc (1:2), then EtOAc (100%) to afford 208a (751mg, 98% yield). MS: (calc.) 268.3; (obt.) 269.1 (MH)*.

Steps 2:3: N-(5-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazol-2-ylthio)-2-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)benzamide (209a):

[0426] Following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 3 for compound 208a the title compound 209a was obtained in 28% yield.

1 H NMR: (DMSO) & (ppm): 9.5 (s. 1H), 7.86 (d. J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d. J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.2 (s. 1H),

7.10 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (s, 1H), 6.6 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, J=11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (bs, 2H), 4.28 (bs, 2H), 3.64 (s, 6H), 3.57 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 507.6; (obt.) 508.4 (MH)*.

Example 57b

4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(5-(4-{1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy)-2-amino-4fluorophenyl)benzamlde (209b)

Step 1: 5-(4-(1H-Imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy)-4-fluoro-2-nitrobenzenamine (208b)

[0427] Following the same procedure as described in Example 57a, step 1 (scheme 42) but substituting imidazole 207a for 4-(1/Himidazol-1-yl)phenol (207b), the compound 208b was obtained in 23% yield. MS: (calc.) 314.6; (obt.) 315.1 (MH)*.

Step 23: 4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(5-(4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy)-2-amino-4-fluorophenyl)benzamide (209b)

[0428] Following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 3 for compound 208b the title compound 209b was obtained in 65% yield.

¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 7.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (bs, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (bs, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.723 (d, J=13.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (bs, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 553.6; (obt.) 554.5 (MH)*.

Example 58

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(1H-pyrrol-1-yl)phenyl)benzamide (213)

Step 1: 4-Fluoro-2-nitro-5-(1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzenamine (211):

[0429] To a stirred solution of 206 (500 mg, 2.87 mmol) and pyrrole (210, 239 uL, 3.44 mmol) in DMF (10 mL), was added NaH (207 mg, 5.17 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hours at 50°, quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with DCM (2x50 mL). The organic phase was dried with magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluents hexanes-EtOAc 4:1, then hexanes-EtOAc 1:1, to afford the title compound 211 (145 mg, 25% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8: 7.94 (d, J=12.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (q, J=2.4, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (t, J=2.4, 4.8 Hz, 2H). MS: (calc.) 221.8; (obt.) 222.1 (MH).*

Step 2-3: 4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(1H-pyrrol-1-yl)phenyl)benzamide (213)

[0430] Following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 1) but substituting amine 3 for compound 211, and the acid 4 for 4-acetamidobenzoic acid (212) the title compound 213 was obtained in 40% yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm):10.11 (s, 1H), 9.48 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J=2.0, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J=12.8Hz, 1H), 6.10 (2H, dd, J=2.0, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 5.28 (bs, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 352.36: (obt.) 353.2 (MH).

4-((3,4-dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-4-fluoro-5-indole-5carbonitrile)benzamide (218)

Step 1: Di-tert-butyl 4,5-difluoro-2-nitrophenylcarbamate (214)

[0431] Following the procedure described in Example 43, step 2 (scheme 31) but substituting compound 148 for compound 206, the title compound 214 was obtained in 89% yield. ¹H NMR: (CDCI3) δ (ppm): 7.99 (dd, J= 7.6, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18(dd, J= 7.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (bs, 18H). MS: (calc.) 374.3; (obt.) 397.2 (MNa)*.

Step 2: Di-tert-butyl 5-(5-cyano-1H-indol-1-yl)-4-fluoro-2-nitrophenylcarbamate (216):

[0432] Following the same procedure as described in Example 57a, step 1, but substituting DMF for DMSO and 1-methyl-1H-imidazole-2-thiol (207a) for 1H-indole-5-carbonitrile (215) the title compound 216 was obtained in 28% yield. ¹H NMR: (CDCl₃) 8 (ppm): 9.71 (bs, 1H), 8.88 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.55 (bs, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J=2.4, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.55 (s, 18H). MS: (calc.) 496.5; (obt.) 436.3 (M+K)*.

Step 3: 1-(5-Amino-2-fluoro-4-nitrophenyl)-1H-indole-5-carbonitrile (217)

[0433] Following the procedure described in Example 27, step 3 (scheme 20) but substituting 111 for compound 216, the title compound 217 was obtained in 99% yield. MS: (calc.) 296.3; (obt.) 297.2 (MH)*.

Steps 45: 4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-amino-4-fluoro-5-indole-5-carbonitrile)benzamide (218)

Following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 but substituting compound **3** for compound **217** the title **218** was obtained in 41% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) $_8$ (ppm): 8.08 (bs, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (bs, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 535.5; (obt.) 536.3 (MH)*.

Example 60

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-4-(thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (223) and Example 61a

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (224a)

Step 1: 4-Amino-3-nitrobenzothioamide (220)

[0434] To a stirred solution of 219 (1.96 g, 12.02 mmol) in pyridine (15 mL) and Et₂N (6ml) was bubbled hydrogen sulfide for 40 minutes. When the reaction was completed nitrogen was bubbled for another 40 min. The residue was diluted in DCM and washed with water, HCl 10% and brine. Organic phases were collected, dried with sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound 220 (2.11 g, 89% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.04 (bs, 1H), 8.31 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H). MS: (calc.) 197.2; (obt.) 198.1(MH) $^{+}$.

Step 2: 2-Nitro-4-(thiazol-2-vI)benzenamine (221a)

[0435] To a stirred suspension of 220 (500 mg, 2.53 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL) was added chloroacetaldehyde (50% solution in water, 0.796ml, 5.0 mmol). The mixture was heated at 80°C for 18 hours, evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in DCM, washed with brine, dried with sodium sulfate and concentrated. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluents hexane-EtOAc (4:1), then EtOAC (100%), to afford the title compound 221a (104 mg, 19% yield). ¹H NMR: (CD₃OD) δ (ppm): 8.62 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dd, J=2.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H). MS: (calc.) 221.2: (obt.) 2221.2: (whith) (221.2: (obt.) 2221.2: (whith) (221.2: (obt.) 2221.2: (whith) (221.2: (obt.) 2221.2: (obt.) 2221.2:

Step 3: 4-(Thiazol-2-vI)benzene-1,2-diamine (222a)

[0436] Following the procedure described in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting **5** for compound **221a**, the title compound **222a** was obtained (53% yield). ¹H NMR: (CD₃OD) δ (ppm): 7.68 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J=3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J=2.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=8.0Hz, 1H). MS: (calc.) 191.2: (obt.) 192.3 (MH).*

Step 4. 4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-4-(thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (223) and 4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (224a)

[0437] To a stirred suspension of 222a (47 mg, 0.25 mmol) in acetonitrile (10 mL) and pyridine (20 uL) was added 4-acetamidobenzoyl chloride (49 mg, 0.25 mmol) in acetonitrile (1 mL) at 0°C for 15 min. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 4 hours, concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was diluted in DCM and washed with NaHCO3 and brine. The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluents hexane-EtOAc (1:3), then EtOAc (100%) to afford the title compounds 223 (3 mg, 4% yield) and 224a (5 mg, 5% yield).

223: ¹H NMR: (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.95 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (bs, 1H), 7.32 (bs, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 352.4; (obt.) 353.2 (MH).*

224a: ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm):10.18 (s, 1H), 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.94 (m, 5H), 7.84 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (dd, J=1.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J=2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dt, J=1.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J=1.6, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (bs, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H). MS: (calc.) 428.5; (obt.) 429.1(MH)*.

Example 61b

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(4-phenylthiazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (224b)

[0438] Following the same procedures as described in Example 61a, steps 1-4 (scheme 44) but substituting chloroacetaldehyde in the second step by 2-chloro-1-phenylethanone, the title 224b was obtained in 24% overall yield.

Example 61c

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (224c)

[0439] Following the same procedures as described in Example 61a, steps 1-4 (scheme 44) but substituting chloroacetaldehyde in the second step by 3-chlorobutan-2-one, the title **224c** was obtained in 3% overall yield.

Scheme 45

Example 62

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(benzo[d]oxazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (228)

Step 1: 3-Nitro-4-benzenamine imidate (225)

[0440] Hydrogen chloride was bubbled into a reaction flask containing absolute ethanol (10 mL) during 5 min at 0°C. The compound 219 (2.00 g, 12.26mmol) was added to the solution. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h, concentrated under reduced pressure and the solid residue was triturated with ethyl acetate to afford the title compound 225 as a yellow solid (2.72 g, 79% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.40 (d, J=2.0Hz, 1H), 8.05 (bs, 2H), 7.65 (dd, J=2.0.8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H). MS: (calc.) 209.2; (obt.) 210.1 (MH)*.

Step 2: 4-(Benzo[d]oxazol-2-yl)-2-nitrobenzenamine (226):

[0441] The imidate 225 (500mg, 1.77 mmol) in anhydrous ethanol (25 mL) was treated with o-aminophenol (232mg, 2.1 mmol) and heated in a sealed flask at 95°C for 5 h. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was triturated with ethyl acetate to afford the title compound 226 (517 mg, quant. yield.). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.45 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (dd, J=2.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (bs, 2h), 7.79-7.75 (M, 2H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 2h), 7.20 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H). MS: (calc.) 255.2: (obt.) 256.0 (MH)*.

Step 3: 4-(Benzo[d]oxazol-2-yl)benzene-1,2-diamine (227):

[0442] To a stirred solution of 226 (517 mg, 1.77 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) was added palladium on charcoal (10%, 188 mg). The reaction was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere for 18 hours, filtered through a celite pad; the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure to afford title compound 227 (350 mg, 87% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) § 7.673-7.641 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.30 (m, 3H), 6.64 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H). MS: (calc.)225.2; (obt.) 226.1 (MH)*.

Step 4. 4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(benzo[d]oxazol-2-yl)phenyl)benzamide (228):

[0443] To a stirred suspension of 227 (350 mg, 1.55 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 mL) and pyridine (2ml) was added 4-acetamidobenzoyl chloride (307 mg, 1.55 mmol) in acetonitrile (5 ml) at 0°C. The solution was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluents hexane-EtOAc (1:3), then EtOAc (100%), to afford 228 as a beige solid (5 mg, 1% yield).

1H NMR: (DMSO) 8 (ppm): 10.22 (s, 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (1H, dd, J=2.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.73 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.35 (m, 2H), 6.91 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (bs. 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), MS: (calc.) 386.41: (obt.) 387.1 (MH)*.

Example 63

(E)-3-(4-((3-Chlorophenylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2yl)phenyl)acrylamide (232)

Scheme 46

Step 1. (E)-3-(4-((3-Chlorophenylamino)methyl)phenyl)acrylic acid (231)

[0444] To a solution of (E)-3(4-formylphenyl)acrylic acid 229 (1 g, 5.67 mmol) and 3-chlorobenzenamine 230 (596 L, 5.67 mmol) in THF (8 ml), dibutyltin dichloride (173 mg, 0.57 mmol) was added followed by dropwise addition of phenylsilane (697 uL, 5.67 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature in the nitrogen atmosphere overnight, diluted with MeOH and concentrated under reduced pressure. The solid residue was triturated with DCM to yield the title compound 231 (1.24g, 76% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 7.61 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (t, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.496.48 (m, 2H), 6.46 (d, J=16.0Hz, 1H), 4.28 (bs. 2H). MS: (calc.)287.7; (obt.) 288.1 (MH)*.

Steps 2-3. (E)-3-(4-((3-Chlorophenylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)acrylamide (232)

[0445] Following the procedure described in Example 1, steps 3-4 (scheme 1) but substituting acid 4 for the acid 231 title compound 232 was obtained in 60% yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.42 (bs, 1H), 7.66-7.32 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.87-6.74 (m, 1H), 6.62-6.50 (m, 4H), 5.19 (bs, 1H), 4.29 (d, J= 5.6Hz, 2H). MS: (calc.) 459.2; (obt.) 460.3 (MH)*.

Example 64

6-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)pyridine-3-carboxamide (235)

Scheme 47

Step 1: 6-Acetamidopyridine-3-carboxylic acid (234)

[0446] To a stirred solution of 233 (2g, 14.48 mmol) in pyridine (60 mL) was added acetic anhydride (1.62 mL, 15.93 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to 130°C in a sealed vessel, stirred for 16 hours, concentrated under reduced pressure to 30 mL and cooled to 0°C. The resulting precipitate was filtered, washed with cold pyridine and water, and dried. This afforded 234 as a white solid (1.85 g, 71% yield). ¹H-NMR (DMSO) 8: 10.82 (s, 1H), 8.77 (dd, J=2.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (dd, J=8.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H).

Steps 2-3: 6-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)pyridine-3-carboxamide (235)

[0447] Following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4 (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting acid 4 for the acid 234, the title compound 235 was obtained as a yellow solid (20 mg, 9 % yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 10.79 (br s, 1H), 9.75 (br s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H)

Example 65a

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)quinoxaline-6-carboxamide (238a)

Scheme 48

1. LIOH, THF, H₂O

Step 1: Methyl quinoxaline-6-carboxylate (237a)

[0448] To a stirred solution of 3,4-diamino-benzoic acid methyl ester (236, 2 g, 12.03 mmol) in isopropanol (50 mL) was added oxaldehyde as a 40% solution in water (13.23 mmol, 1.52 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 80°C for 2 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dried under vacuum to yield 237a as a yellow solid (2.09 g, 93% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 9.01 (s, 2H), 8.54 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (dd, J=8.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (s, 3H).

Steps 2-4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)quinoxaline-6-carboxamide (238a)

[0449] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4 step 3 and then the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound 238a was obtained as an orange solid in 26% yield (over the 3 steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.09 (br s, 1H), 9.04 (dd, J=6.7, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 8.79 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (dd, J=8.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=4.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=2.1, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (br s, 2H).

Example 65b

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2,3-di(furan-2-yl)quinoxaline-6-carboxamide (238b)

Steps 1-4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2,3-di(furan-2-yl)quinoxaline-6-carboxamide (238b)

[0450] Following the same procedures as described in Example 65a but substituting in the step 1 oxaldehyde with 1,2-di(furan-2-yl)ethane-1,2-dione, the title compound 238b was obtained as an yellow solid in 28% yield (over the four steps). 1 H NMR: (CD₃OD) δ 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.21 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 - 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.90 (t, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (t, J=3.9 Hz, 2H), 6.55 - 6.56 (m, 2H).

Example 65c

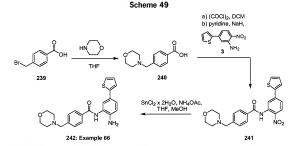
N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2,3-di(thiophen-2-yl)quinoxaline-6-carboxamide (238c)

Steps 1-4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2,3-di(thiophen-2-yl)quinoxaline-6-carboxamide (238c)

[**0451**] Following the same procedure as described in Example 65a but substituting in the step 1 oxaldehyde with 1,2-di(thiophen-2-yl)ethane-1,2-dione, the title compound **65c** was obtained as an yellow solid in 25% yield (over the four steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.84 - 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 - 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.14 - 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (s. 2H).

Example 66

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(morpholinomethyl)benzamide (242)



Step 1: 4-(Morpholinomethyl)benzoic acid (240)

[0452] To a stirred solution of 4-bromomethyl-benzoic acid (239, 1.5 g, 6.78 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added morpholine (0.61 mL, 6.78 mmol). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 10 minutes before the resulting white precipitate was filtered off and discarded. The filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure and the remaining solid was dried under vacuum to afford the title compound 240 as a white solid (1.15 g, 75 % yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 7.89 – 7.86 (m, 2H),

7.52 (d. J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 3.75 – 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.56 – 3.58 (m, 4H), 3.10 – 3.07 (m, 1H), 2.45 – 2.35 (m, 2H).

Step 2: 4-(Morpholinomethyl)-N-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenyl)benzamide (241)

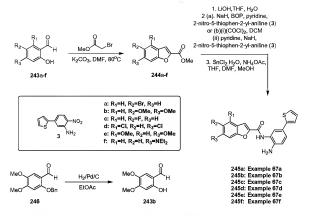
[0453] To a stirred solution of 240 (221 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added oxalyl chloride (2M, 0.5 mL, 1.0 mmol) and DMF (1 drop). The resulting solution was stirred for 20 minutes. The DCM was removed under reduced pressure and pyridine was added (10 mL), followed by 2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-aniline (3, 220 mg, 1.0 mmol), and NaH (160 mg, 4.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour before being quenched with acetic acid (2.0 mL). The pyridine was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluent EtOAc-hexanes (4:1), to afford the title compound 241 as an orange solid (75 mg, 18% yield).

Step 3: N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenyl)-4-(morpholinomethyl)benzamide (242)

[0454] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 4, and the title compound 242 was obtained as beige solid in 59% yield. ¹H NMR: (CDCl₃) δ 8.61 - 8.59 (m, 1H), 8.02 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (br s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, J=4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 2.47 (t, J=4.3 Hz, 4H).

Example 67a

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-bromobenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245a)



Step 1: Methyl 5-bromobenzofuran-2-carboxylate (244a)

[0455] To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde (14a, 1.5g, 7.46 mmol) in DMF (20 mL), was added methyl bromoacetate (8.21 mmol, 0.78 mL) and potassium carbonate (4.12 g, 29.84 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated at 80° and stirred for 15 hours, quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2x50 mL). The organic phase was dried with sodium sulfate, concentrated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluent hexanes-EtOAc (9:1). This afforded 244a as a white solid (650 mg, 35% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 8.01 – 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.73 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.66 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

Steps 2-4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-bromobenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245a)

[0456] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4 step 3 and then the procedures described in Example 66 step 2, and Example 1 step 3 and 4 (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound 245a was obtained as an orange solid in 13% yield (over the three steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 10.01 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 - 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J=8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H),

7.44 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=4.9, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H).

Example 67b

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5,6-dimethoxybenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245b)

Step 1: 2-Hydroxy-4,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (243b)

[0457] To a stirred solution of 2-(benzyloxy)-4,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (246, 5.05 g, 18.6 mmol) in ethyl acetate (100 mL) was added 10% palladium on charcoal (250 mg). The flask was purged with hydrogen and then the reaction mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere (1 atm) for 15 hours, filtered through a celite pad, the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the resulting solid dried under vacuum to afford 243b as a white solid (3.3 g, 98% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.68 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

Steps 2 - 5: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5,6-dimethoxybenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245b)

[0458] The title compound 245b was obtained as a light yellow solid in 9.1% yield (over four steps) following the same procedures as described in Example 67, but starting from 2-hydroxy-4,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (243b) instead of 243a, via the intermediate 244b. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

Example 67c

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vI)phenyI)-5-fluorobenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245c)

Steps 1-4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-fluorobenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245c)

[**0459**] The title compound **245c** was obtained as a light yellow solid in 5.6% yield (over four steps) following the same procedures as described in Example 67, but starting from 5-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde (**243c**) instead of **243a**, via the intermediate **244c**. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 9.98 (s, 1H), 7.75 - 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.63 (dd, J=9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 · 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H).

Example 67d

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4,6-dichlorobenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245d)

Steps 1-4: N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4,6-dichlorobenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245d)

[0460] The title compound 245d was obtained as a light yellow solid in 5.9% yield (over four steps) following the same procedures as described in Example 67, but starting from 2,4-dichloro-6-hydroxybenzaldehyde (243d) instead of 243a, via the intermediate 244d. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.04 (s, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=1.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d. J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (s, 2H).

Example 67e

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-vI)phenvI)-4.6-dimethoxybenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245e)

Steps 14: N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4,6-dimethoxybenzofuran-2-carboxamide (245e)

[**0461**] The title compound **245e** was obtained as a light yellow solid in 4.8% yield (over four steps) following the same procedures as described in Example 67, but starting from 2-hydroxy-4,6-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (**243e**) instead of **243a**, via the intermediate **244e**. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H).

Example 67f

$$\begin{array}{c} H_2N \\ HN \\ \end{array}$$

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-6-(diethylamino)benzofuran-2-carboxamide (245f)

Steps 1-4: N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-6-(diethylamino)benzofuran-2-carboxamide (245f)

[0462] The title compound 245f was obtained as a light yellow solid in 18.1% yield (over four steps) following the same procedures as described in Example 67, but starting from 4- (diethylamino)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde (243f), instead of 243a via the intermediate 244f. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.51 - 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 - 6.76 (m, 3H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 3.40 (g, J=6.8 Hz, 4H), 1.13 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 6H).

Example 68

2-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenvl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide (250)

Step 1: N-(5-lodopyrimidin-2-yl)acetamide (248)

[0463] 5-lodo-pyrimidin-2-ylamine (17, 1.1 g, 4.98 mmol) and acetic anhydride (14.94 mmol, 1.41 mL) were dissolved in pyridine (20 mL) and stirred at 110°C for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and quenched with water (50 mL). Ethyl acetate (100 mL) was added and the resulting white precipitate was collected by filtration to afford title compound 248 as a white solid (300 mg, 23% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 10.67 (s, 1H), 8.85 (s, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H).

Step 2: 2-Acetamido-N-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide (249)

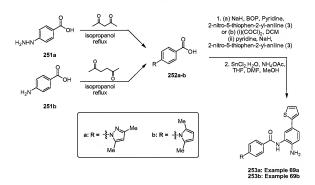
[0464] To a stirred solution of 248 (265 mg, 1.01 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (35 mg, 0.05 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) was added 2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-aniline (3, 288 mg, 1.3 mmol) and triethylamine (1.5 mmol, 0.2 mL). The solution was purged with carbon monoxide and pressurized to 65 psi before being heated at 65°C with stirring for 15 hours. The solution was cooled and diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL). The resulting yellow precipitate was collected by filtration to afford 249 as a yellow solid (145 mg, 40% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 3 11.02 (s, 1H), 10.97 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 2H), 8.10 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.80 – 7.76 (m, 3H), 7.26 (dd, J=4.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H).

Step 3: 2-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide (250)

[0465] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 4, (with DMF as a cosolvent), the title compound **250** was obtained as a yellow solid in 32% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.90 (s, 1H), 9.87 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J=3.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (br s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

Example 69a

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzamide (253a) Scheme 52



Step 1: 4-(3,5-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzoic acid (252a)

[0466] 4-Hydrazinylbenzoic acid (251a, 2 g, 13.2 mmol) and pentane-2,4-dione (1.35 mL, 13.2 mmol) were dissolved in isopropanol (40 mL) and refluxed for 15 hours. The solvent was removed

under reduced pressure to afford **252a** as a white solid (2.85 g, 99% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) & 8.04 (d. J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d. J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.14 (s. 1H), 2.39 (s. 3H), 2.22 (s. 3H).

Steps 2-3: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzamide (253a)

[0467] Starting from the acid **252a** and following the same procedures as described in Example 66 step 2, and Example 1 step 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound **253a** was obtained as a white solid in 14% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) § 9.81 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H).

Example 69b

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzamide (253b)

Step 1: 4-(3.5-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-1-vI)benzoic acid (252b)

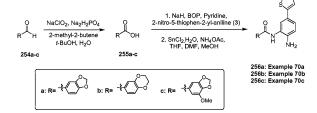
[0468] 4-Aminobenzoic acid (251b, 1.5 g, 10.9 mmol) and hexane-2,5-dione (1.28 mL, 10.9 mmol) were dissolved in isopropanol (40 mL) and refluxed for 15 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford 252b as a white solid (2.35 g, 99% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 8.02 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.81 (s, 2H), 1.98 (s, 6H).

Steps 2 - 3: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzamide (253b)

[0469] Starting from the acid 252b and following the same procedures as described in Example 66 step 2, and Example 1 step 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound 253b was obtained as beige solid in 28% yield over two steps. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) & 9.85 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J=8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J=3.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (s, 2H), 5.24 (s, 2H), 2.05 (s, 6H).

Example 70a

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carboxamide (256a) Scheme 53



Step 1: Benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carboxylic acid (255a)

[0470] To a stirred solution of benzo(d)[1,3]dioxole-5-carbaldehyde (254a, 2 g, 13.3 mmol), $Na_2H_2PO_4$ (6.38 g, 53.2 mmol), and 2-methyl-2-butene (9.85 mL, 93.1 mmol) in ϵ BuOH (41 mL) and water (17 mL) was added sodium chlorite (7.19 g, 79.9 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. Water (100 mL) and 1M HCl (25 mL) were added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried with sodium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The resulting solid was triturated with EtOAc (20 mL) to yield the title compound 255a as a white solid (1.9 g, 86% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 12.72 (br s, 1H), 7.53 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 6.99 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.10 (s, 2H).

$Steps\ 2-3: \textbf{N-[2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzo[d][1,3]} \ dioxole-5-carboxamide \ \textbf{(256a)}$

[0471] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound **256a** was obtained as a light orange solid in 22% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43

(d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J=4.9, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 - 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (s, 2H), 5.15 (br s, 2H).

Example 70b

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]dioxine-6-carboxamide (256b)

Steps 1-3: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]dioxine-6-carboxamide (256b)

[0472] Following the same procedures as described in Example 70a step 1 and Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound **256b** was obtained as an orange solid in 38% yield (over three steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 89.57 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J=8.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), $4.31 \cdot 4.28$ (m, 4H).

Example 70c

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-7-methoxybenzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carboxamide (256c)

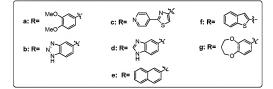
$Steps \ 1 \ -3: \ N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-7-methoxybenzo[d][1,3] dioxole-5-carboxamide (256c)$

[0473] Following the same procedures as described in Example 70a step 1 and Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound **256c** was obtained as an orange solid in 20% yield (over three steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J=1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (s, 2H), 5.14 (br s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H).

Example 71a

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3,4-dimethoxybenzamide (258a)

Scheme 54



Steps 1 – 2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3,4-dimethoxybenzamide (258a)

[0474] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound 4 with compound 257a, the title compound 258a was obtained as a beige solid in 56% yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 9.64 (s, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (br s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H).

Example 71b

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenvl)-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole-5-carboxamide (258b)

Steps 1-2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole-5-carboxamide (28b)

[0475] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound **4** with compound **257b**, the title compound **258b** was obtained as an orange solid in 16% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.90 (s, 1H), 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=9.8 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H) 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (br s, 2H).

Example 71c

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2-(pyridin-4-yl)thiazole-4-carboxamide (258c) Steps 1 - 2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2-(pyridin-4-yl)thiazole-4-carboxamide (258c)

[0476] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound 4 with compound 257c, the title compound 258c was obtained as an off white solid in 28% yield (over two steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.94 (s, 1H), 8.78 (m, 3H), 8.11 (dd, J=4.3, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H).

Example 71d

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenvl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxamide (28d)

$\label{eq:continuous} Steps\ 1-2;\ \textbf{N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxamide} \ (258d)$

[0477] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound **4** with compound **257d**, the title compound **258d** was obtained as a white solid in 29% yield (over two steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.72 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 2H), 7.87 · 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.1, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 2H).

Example 71e

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2-naphthamide (258e)

Steps 1 – 2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenyl)-2-naphthamide (258e)

[0478] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound 4 with compound 257e, the title compound 258e was obtained as a yellow solid in 15% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.90 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.07 - 7.98 (m, 4H), 7.63 - 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H).

Example 71f

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (258f)

Steps 1 – 2: **N-{2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (258f) [0479]** Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound **4** with compound **257f**, the title compound **258f** was obtained as a brown solid in 12% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.99 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.03 (dd, J=8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=6.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.49 · 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.2, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H).

Example 71g

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[b][1,4]dioxepine-7carboxamide (258g)

Steps 1 – 2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[b][1,4]dioxepine-7-carboxamide (258g)

[0480] Following the same procedures as described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), but substituting compound 4 with compound 257g, the title compound 258g was obtained as an orange solid in 15% yield (over two steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=3.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 - 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.78 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (br s, 2H), 4.22 - 4.17 (m, 4H), 2.16 (quintet, J=5.5 Hz, 2H).

Example 72a

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-bromobenzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (261a) Scheme 55

Step 1: Methyl 5-bromobenzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate (260a)

[0481] To a stirred solution of 259a (2 g, 9.90 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) was added methyl thioglycolate (10.9 mmol, 0.97 mL) and potassium carbonate (5.47 g, 39.6 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at 60° C for 15 hours. The DMF was removed under reduced pressure, water (50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 40 mL). The organic phase was separated and dried with sodium sulfate, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting solid was dried under vacuum. This afforded **260a** as a white solid (1.3 g, 49% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) $^{\circ}$ 8.22 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

Steps 2 – 4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-bromobenzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (261a)

[0482] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4 step 3 and then the procedures described in Example 66 step 2, and Example 1 step 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound **261a** was obtained as a beige solid in 32% yield (over three steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 8 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J=8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H).

Example 72b

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5,6-dimethoxybenzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (261b)

Steps 1-4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5,6-dimethoxybenzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (261b)

[0483] Following the same procedure as described in Example 72a step 1, but substituting compound 259a with compound 259b, then following the procedures described in Example 4 step 3 and Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound 261b was obtained as a yellow solid in 20% yield (over four steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) & 9.87 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H).

Example 73

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-(pyridin-3-yl)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (262)

Step 1: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-5-(pyridin-3-yl)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxamide (262)

[0484] To a stirred solution of 261a (120 mg, 0.26 mmol) and pyridin-3-yl-3-boronic acid (123 mg, 0.34 mmol) in a 2:1 mixture of DME-water (9 mL), was added Pd(PPh₂)₄ (22 mg, 0.018 mmol), tri-o-toly phosphine (6 mg, 0.018 mmol) and potassium carbonate (109 mg, 0.79 mmol). The solution was degassed with N₂ for 5 minutes and then heated at 80 °C for 15 hours. Water (50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 40 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried with sodium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluent ethyl acetate. A subsequent trituration was performed with DCM for 15 minutes to yield 262 as a white solid (80 mg, 67% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.99 (dd, J=2.3, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (dd, J=4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.33 (d, J=1.4Hz, 1H), 8.17 (ddd, J=9.6, 3.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, J=8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 - 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.46 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (s, 2H).

Example 74

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4H-benzo[d][1,3]dioxine-6-carboxamide (264)

Step 1. 4H-Benzo[1,3]dioxine-6-carboxylic acid methyl ester (263)

[0485] Title compound 263 was prepared starting from methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate according to the procedure described in *Monatsh*. Chem., 102: 1971: 946-950.

$Steps\ 2-4: \textbf{N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4H-benzo[d][1,3]} \\ \textbf{dioxine-6-carboxamide} \\ \textbf{(264)}$

[0486] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4 step 3, but substituting compound 21 with compound 263, then following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, (with DMF as a co-solvent), the title compound 264 was obtained as an off white solid in 37% yield (over three steps). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.82 (dd, J=8.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.1, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (s, 2H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.94 (s, 2H).

Example 75

6-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzofuran-2-carboxamide (269)

Step 1: Methyl 6-(benzyloxy)benzofuran-2-carboxylate (266)

[0487] Following the same procedure as described in Example 67a step 1, but substituting compound 243a with compound 265, the title compound 266 was obtained as a white solid in 49% yield. ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 7.68 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.07 – 7.04 (m. 1H), 5.18 (s. 2H), 3.85 (s. 2H).

Step 2: Methyl 6-hydroxybenzofuran-2-carboxylate (267)

[0488] To a stirred solution of 266 (1.2 g, 4.26 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) was added 10% palladium on charcoal (250 mg). The flask was purged with hydrogen gas for 1 minute and then the reaction was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 15 hours. The palladium was filtered through a celite pad, the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the resulting solid dried under vacuum to afford 267 as a white solid (700 mg, 86%). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.07 (s, 1H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H).

Step 3: Methyl 6-(2-morpholinoethoxy)benzofuran-2-carboxylate (268)

[0489] To a stirred solution of 267 (650 mg, 3.39 mmol) in a 1:1 mixture of DMF-acetone (20 mL) was added 4(2-chloroethyl)morpholine (630 mg, 3.39 mmol) and potassium carbonate (937 mg, 6.78 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60°C for 72 hours. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure and water (50 mL) was added to the residue. 2M Sodium carbonate solution

(20 mL) was added and the resultant solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 40 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried with sodium sulfate and the solvents removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluting with a gradient of 1:1 ethyl acetate-hexanes, then ethyl acetate, then 9:1 ethyl acetate-methanol. This afforded **268** as a clear oil (760 mg, 73% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) & 7.67 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.14 – 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.57 – 3.55 (m, 4H), 2.88 – 2.86 (m, 2H), 2.72 – 2.70 (m, 4H).

Steps 4 – 6: 6-(2-Morpholinoethoxy)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)benzofuran-2-carboxamide (269)

[0490] Following the same procedure as described in Example 4 step 3, but substituting compound 21 with compound 268, then following the procedures described in Example 1, steps 3 and 4, the title compound 269 was obtained as an off white solid in 1.3% yield (over three steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8 7.21 (d, 1H), 7.14 (d, 2H), 6.95 (d, 1H), 6.84 – 6.79 (m, 3H), 6.62 – 6.57 (m, 2H), 6.49 (d, 1H), 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.30 (m, 4H), 2.46 (m, 2H), 2.21 (m, 4H).

Example 76

N-(2-Amino-5-(3H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (273)

Step 1: 5-(2-(TrimethylsilyI)ethynyI)-2-nitrobenzenamine (270)

[0491] Following a procedure described in Example 15, step 1 (scheme 13) but running the reaction at 80°C instead of the room temperature the title compound **270** was obtained in 68% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 8.06 (d, J=8.8 Hz; 1H); 6.92 (d, J=1.6 Hz; 1H); 6.76 (dd, J=1.6 8.8Hz; 1H): 5.70 (bs: 2H): 0.29 (s: 9H). MS: calc: 234.3: found: 235.1 (M+H).

Step 2: 2-Nitro-5-(3H-1.2.3-triazol-4-vI)benzenamine (271)

[0492] The cleavage of the trimethylsilyl group was achieved employing the same procedure as described in Example 4, step 3 (scheme 3) but substituting compound 21 for the compound 270. The crude product was used in the next cycloaddition step following the procedure described in Example 48, step 2 (scheme 26) but `using m-xylene instead of toluene as a solvent, to afford the title compound 271 (9% yield in two steps). MS: calc: 205.2; found: 206.1 (M+H)

Step 3: 4-Methoxy-N-(2-nitro-5-(3H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)phenyl)benzamide (272)

[0493] Following the same procedure described in Example 43, step 4 (scheme 31) but substituting compound 150 for compound 271, the title compound 272 was obtained as an oil and used in the next step without further purification.

Step 4: N-(2-Amino-5-(3H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (273)

[**0494**] Following the same procedure as described in Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound **171** for the compound **272** and using ethyl acetate as a solvent instead of methanol, the title compound **273** was obtained in 25% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.62 (s, 1H); 8.08 (bs, 2H); 7.97 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2H); 7.62 (s, 1H); 7.45 (d, J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (d, J=8.5 Hz; 2H); 6.82 (d, J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.11 (bs, 2H); 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 309.3; found: 310.1 (M+H)

EXAMPLE 77

N-(2-amino-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide 277

Scheme 60

277: Example 77 276

Step 1: 3-Amino-4-nitrobenzonitrile (274)

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{[0495]} & A suspension of bromoarene \textbf{2} (801mg; 3.7 mmol) and zinc cyanide (570mg; 4.85mmol; 1.3eq.) in degassed dimethylformamide (15 mL) was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen in the dark for 45 min and then treated with tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium(0) (310mg, \end{tabular}$

1.6mmol). The mixture was stirred at 90°C for 18h; filtered through a celite pad, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel. eluent EtOAc-hexane (1:1) to

afford the title compound **274** (380 mg, 63% yield). ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 8.22 (d, J=8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.19 (d, J=1.8 Hz; 1H); 6.95 (dd, J=1.8, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 6.27 (bs; 2H). MS: calc: 163.1: found: 164.1 (M+H)

Step 2: 2-Nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-vI)benzenamine (275)

[0496] Following the procedure as described in Example 48, step 2 (scheme 36), but using m-xylene instead of toluene as a solvent, the title compound 275 was obtained in 79% yield. ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 8.21 (d, J=9.0 Hz; 1H); 7.74 (d, J=1.6 Hz; 1H); 7.50 (dd, J=1.6, 9.0 Hz; 1H); 6.29 (bs; 2H). MS: calc: 206.2; found: 207.1 (M+H)

Step 3: 4-Methoxy-N-(2-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl)benzamide (276)

[0497] Following the same procedure as described in Example 43, step 4 (scheme 31) but substituting compound 150 for compound 275, the title compound 276 was obtained as an oil and was taken to the next step without further purification.

Step 4: N-(2-amino-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-vl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (277)

[0498] Following the same procedure as described in Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound 171 for the compound 276 the title compound 277 was obtained in 14% yield (over two steps). ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.63 (s, 1H); 7.98 (d, J=8.8 Hz; 2H); 7.81 (d, J= 2.0 Hz; 1H); 7.61 (dd; J=2.0, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (d, J= 8.8 Hz; 2H); 6.85 (d, J= 8.4 Hz; 1H); 3.85 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 310.3: found: 311.1 (M+H)

Example 78

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxamide (283) Scheme 61

Step 1: 4-(Methylamino)-3-nitrobenzoic acid (279)

[0499] A 40% solution of methylamine in water (11 mL; 128mmol) (or any other primary amine) was slowly added to a stirring suspension of 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoic acid (278, 6.1g; 32.9mmol) in DMF (20mL) at room temperature. After the addition was completed the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 60min; concentrated *in vacuo*, and suspended in 5% KHSO₄ (final pH=2). The suspension was stirred overnight; the precipitate was collected by filtration, washed with water, then with ether and dried to afford the title compound 279 (6.5g; 100% yield). 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 12.8 (bs; 1H). 8.59 (d, J= 2.0 Hz; 1H); 8.55 (q, J= 5.0 Hz; 1H); 7.96 (dd, J= 2.0, 9.1 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (d, J= 9.1 Hz; 1H); 3.00 (d, J= 5.0 Hz; 3H). MS: calc: 196.2; found: 197.1 (M+H)

Step 2: 3-Amino-4-(methylamino)benzoic acid (280)

[0500] Following the same procedure as described in Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound 171 for compound 279, to give the title compound in 81% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 7.48 (d, J= 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.42 (s; 1H); 7.54 (d, J= 8.6 Hz; 1H); 3.57 (bs; >4H); 2.80 (s; 3H). MS: calc: 166.1; found: 167.1 (M+H)

Step 3: 1-Methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid (281)

[0501] A solution of the diamino compound 280 (678mg; 4.1mmol) (or an o-aminophenol) in 50% HCO-H (or any other carboxylic acid or an ortho-ester) in water (or anhydrous solvent if an ortho-

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ester is used) was stirred at 85°C for 13h, concentrated, the residue was re-dissolved in water and lyophillized to afford the title compound **281** (712mg, 99% yield). 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 12.9 (bs; 1H); 8.80 (s; 1H); 8.26 (d, J= 1.6 Hz; 1H); 7.96 (dd, J= 1.6, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.79 (d, J= 8.6 Hz; 1H); 3.95 (s, 3H), MS: calc: 176.2; found: 177.1 (M+H).

Step 4: 1-Methyl-N-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxamide (282)

[0502] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 281 the title compound 282 was obtained in 56% yield. 1H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.9 (bs, 1H); 8.35 (bs, 2H), 8.24 (d, J= 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dd; J=1.6, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.75 (m, 3H), 7.70 (dd; J=2.1, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.23 (dd; J= 3.7, 4.9 Hz; 1H); 3.91 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 378.4; found: 379.1 (M+H)

Step 5: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxamide (283)

[0503] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 5 for compound 282, the title compound 283 was obtained in 99% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) δ (ppm): 9.75 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J= 1.0 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.95 (dd; J=1.4, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.68 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d; J=2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd; J=1.0, 5.0 Hz; 1H); 7.28 (dd; J=2.2, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.24 (dd; J=1.4, 3.6 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (dd; J= 3.6, 5.0 Hz; 1H); 6.81 (d; J=8.4 Hz; 1H); 3.90 (s, 3H). MS; calc: 348.4; found: 349.1 (M+H)

Example 79

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole-5-carboxamide (286)

Scheme 62

Step 1: 1-Methyl-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole-5-carboxylic acid (284)

286: Example 79

[0504] To a stirred suspension of the diamine 280 (1.08g; 6.48mmol) (or any other o-arylenediamine) in water (25 mL) at 0° C, concentrated HCl (5.4 mL) was added drop wise followed by slow addition of a solution of NaNO₂ (643mg; 9.3mmol) in water (10 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C for 2h and then was allowed to warm up to 10° C over 4h; neutralized with a solution of KOH (5.6 g) in water (30mL) (final pH = 6); concentrated and purified by preparative HPLC in reverse phase mode (column aquasil C·18, elution 5% to 95% MeOH in water), to afford the title compound 284 (211 mg; 18% yield). 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) $^{\circ}$ (ppm): 8.35 (s; 1H); 8.08 (dd, J= 1.4, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.75 (d, J= 1.4 Hz; 1H); 4.03 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 177.1; found: 178.1 (M+H).

Step 2: 1-Methyl-N-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole-5-carboxamide (285)

[0505] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 284, the title compound 285 was obtained in 56% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H); 8.72 (bs, 1H), 8.12 (m, 2H), 8.07 (d, J= 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J= 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (m, 3H), 7.23 (t; J= 4.7 Hz; 1H); 4.38 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 379.4; found: 380.0 (M+H)

Step 3: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole-5-carboxamide (286)

[0506] Following the same procedure described in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 5 for compound 285, the title compound 286 was obtained in 99% yield. HNMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.88 (s, 1H); 8.75 (s, 1H), 8.15 (dd; J=1.0, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.95 (dd, J= 1.0, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd; J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.30 (dd; J=2.0, 8.3 Hz; 1H); 7.24 (dd; J=1.2, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (dd; J= 3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.81 (d; J=8.3 Hz; 1H); 5.24 (bs. 2H); 4.37 (s. 3H). MS: calc: 349.4: found: 350.1 (M+H)

Example 80

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)H-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6-carboxamide (291)

Scheme 63

Step 1: Methyl H-imidazo[1.2-a]pyridine-6-carboxylate (288)

[0507] A solution of 2-(bromomethyl)-1,3-dioxolane (0.18 mL; 1.67 mmol) in THF (3 mL) and water (0.2 mL) was treated with concentrated HCl (3 drops) and stirred at 88°C for 50 min. The solution was cooled down to 0°C and transferred into a vial containing 2-amino-5-methoxycarbonyloyridine (287, 204mg; 1.34mmol). Bu-SnCl- (1.34 mg; 0.40 mmol) and NaHCO-

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(410 mg) and stirred at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (60mL) and washed with saturated aqueous sodium chloride. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. After chromatographic purification of the residue using preparative TLC on silica gel (eluent 50% ethyl acetate in dichloromethane), the title compound **288** was obtained (74 mg, 31% yield). ¹H NMR: (500.7 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 9.00 (s, 1H); 7.80 (m, 4H); 4.00 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 176.1; found: 177.1 (M+H)

Step 2: H-Imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6-carboxylic acid (289)

[0508] Following the same procedure described for Example 46, step 2 (scheme 34) but substituting compound 162 for compound 288, the title compound 289 was obtained in 99% yield. MS: calc: 162.1: found: 163.1 (M+H)

Step 3: N-(2-Nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)H-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6-carboxamide (290) [0509] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 289, the title compound 290 was obtained in 22% yield.

Step 4: N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl) H-imidazo [1,2-a] pyridine-6-carboxamide (291)

[0510] Following the same procedure described in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 5 for compound 290, the title compound 291 was obtained in 45% yield. 1 H NMR (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.19 (s, 1H); 7.99 (s, 1H); 7.86 (d; J=8.5 Hz; 1H); 7.67 (s, 1H); 7.64 (d; J=8.5 Hz; 1H); 7.50 (s, 1H); 7.37 (d; J= 8.5 Hz; 1H); 7.22 (d; J= 4.9 Hz; 1H); 7.21 (m, 1H); 7.01 (t; J= 4.9 Hz; 1H); 6.91 (d; J=8.5 Hz; 1H). MS: calc: 334.4; found: 335.1 (M+H)

Example 81

MS: calc: 364.2: found: 365.2 (M+H)

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)H-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-2-carboxamide (296) Scheme 64

Step 1: Ethyl H-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-2-carboxylate (293)

[0511] To a solution of 2-aminopyridine (292, 1.1022g; 11.71 mmol) and Bu_2SnCl_2 (431mg; 1.3 mmol) in DME (20mL), ethyl 3-bromopyruvate (1.56mL; 11.16mmol) was added to give an instant yellow precipitate. The suspension was stirred at room temperature for 2h, then solid K_2CO_3 (2.6g; 18.8mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for additional 20h at the same temperature. The reaction mixture was then diluted with ethyl acetate (200mL) and washed with saturated aqueous sodium chloride. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent 50% ethyl acetate in dichloromethane), to afford the title compound 293 (1.31g, 59% yield) as a white crystalline material. 1 H NMR(400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.54 (m, 1H); 8.53 (d; J=0.9 Hz; 1H); 7.59 (ddd; J= 1.3, 2.0, 9.2 Hz; 1H); 7.33 (ddd; J= 1.3, 6.7, 9.2 Hz; 1H); 6.98 (dt; J= 0.9, 7.8 Hz; 1H); 4.30 (q; J=7.0 Hz; 2H); 1.32 (t; J=7.0 Hz; 3H). MS: calc: 190.0; found: 191.1 (M+H).

Step 2: H-Imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (294)

[0512] Following the same procedure described in Example 46, step 2 (scheme 34) but substituting compound 162 for compound 293, the title compound 294 was obtained in 99% yield.

1 H NMR (400.2 MHz. DMSO) & (ppm): 8.63 (dt, J= 1.2, 6.7 Hz; 1H); 8.55 (d; J=0.8 Hz; 1H); 7.63 (m;

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1H); 7.42 (ddd; J= 1.2, 6.7, 7.8 Hz; 1H); 7.06 (dt; J= 1.2, 7.8 Hz; 1H); MS: calc: 162.1; found: 163.1 (M+H)

Step 3: N-(2-Nitro-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenvl)H-imidazo[1,2-a]pvridine-2-carboxamide (295)

[**0513**] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound **4** for compound **294** the title compound **295** was obtained in 95% yield. ¹H NMR(400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 11.9 (s, 1H); 9.07 (d, J= 1.8 Hz; 1H); 8.63 (m; 2H); 8.25 (d, J= 8.8 Hz; 1H); 7.77 (ddd; J= 1.0, 5.0, 12.3 Hz; 1H); 7.71 (dd; J=1.0, 9.2 Hz; 1H); 7.66 (dd; J=1.8, 8.8 Hz; 1H); 7.41 (ddd; J= 1.2, 6.7, 9.2 Hz; 1H); 7.25 (dd; J=3.7, 5.0 Hz; 1H);); 7.05 (dt; J=1.2, 12.3 Hz; 1H). MS; calc: 364.2; found: 365.1 (M+H).

Step 4: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)H-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-2-carboxamide (296)

[0514] Following the same procedure described in Example 1, step 4 (scheme 1) but substituting compound **5** for compound **223**, the title compound **296** was obtained in 85% yield. 1 H NMR (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.73 (s, 1H), 8.62 (dt, J= 1.2; 6.8 Hz, 1H), 8.50 (d, J= 0.7 Hz; 1H); 7.76 (d; J=2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.66 (d, J= 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd; J=1.6, 6.8 Hz; 1H); 7.36 (dt; J=1.6, 4.9 Hz; 1H); 7.26 (dd; J=2.2, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.24 (dd; J= 1.2, 3.6 Hz; 1H); 7.05 (m; 1H); 7.01 (dd; J= 1.2, 6.8 Hz; 1H); 6.84 (d; J=8.2 Hz; 1H); 5.13 (bs. 2H). MS; calc: 334.4; found: 335.1 (M+H).

Example 82

4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-hydroxy-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl) benzamide (301)

Scheme 65

Step 1: 2-Nitro-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenol (298)

[0515] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 2 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 2 for compound 297, the title compound 298 was obtained in 18% yield. ¹H NMR: (499.7 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.09 (s, 1H); 7.82 (d, J= 9.0 Hz; 1H); 7.54 (d, J= 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.50 (s, 1H); 7.18 (d, J= 9.0 Hz; 1H); 7.13 (m, 1H). MS: calc: 221.0: found: 219.9 (M·H).

Step 2: (2-Nitro-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (299)

[0516] Following the same procedure as described in Example 19, step 2 (scheme 17) but substituting compound 90 for the compound 298 and using dichloromethane as a solvent instead of DMF, the title compound 299 was obtained which was used in the next step without further purification.

Step 3: (2-Amino-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (300)

[0517] Following the same procedure described for Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound 171 for compound 299 and using ethyl acetate and triethylamine as a solvent instead methanol, the title compound 300 was obtained in 41% yield over two steps. MS: calc: 305.5; found: 306.1 (M+H).

Step 4: 4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-hydroxy-5-(thiophen-2-yl) phenyl) benzamide (301)

[0518] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3 (Example 1) but substituting compound 3 for compound 300 and not using NaH as a base, the title compound 301 was obtained in 17% yield (with 10% recovery of the starting material 228). ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) & (ppm): 10.1 (s, 1H); 9.52 (s, 1H); 8.00 (s, 1H); 7.92 (d, J=7.0, 2H); 7.49 (d, J=7.0, 2H); 7.42 (m, 1H); 7.33 (d, J=8.0, 1H); 7.29 (s, 1H); 7.07 (s, 1H); 6.93 (d, J=8.0, 1H); 6.65 (d, J=8.5, 1H); 6.32 (s, 1H); 5.98 (m, 2H); 4.30 (s, 2H); 3.65 (s, 3H); 3.58 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 460.5; found: 461.1 (M+H)

Example 83

N-(2-amino-5-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (302)

Scheme 66

94dd: Example 20dd

302: Example 83

[0519] Following the same procedure as described in Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound 171 for compound 94dd and using ethyl acetate as a solvent instead of methanol, the title compound 302 was obtained in 26% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.60 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.0, Hz, 2H); 7.36 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H); 7.20 (dd, J = 2.1, 8.3 Hz, 1H); 7.03 (d, J = 8.0, Hz, 2H); 7.00 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); 6.78 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 1.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H); 3.83 (s, 3H); 2.42 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H). MS: calc: 338.4; found: 338.4 (M+H).

Example 84

2-(5-((2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)carbamoyl)-2-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-1yl)ethyl acetate (308)

Scheme 67

Step 1: 4-(2-Hydroxyethylamino)-3-nitrobenzoic acid (303)

[0520] Following the same procedure as described for Example 78, step 1 (scheme 61) but using ethanolamine instead of methylamine and isopropanol as a solvent instead of DMF, the title compound 303 was obtained in 99% yield. MS: calc: 226.2; found: 225.1 (MH).

309: Example 85

308: Example 84

Step 2: 4-(2-Hydroxyethylamino)-3-aminobenzoic acid (304)

[0521] Following the same procedure described for Example 78, step 2 (scheme 61), the title compound 304 was obtained in 100% yield. MS: calc: 196.2; found: 197.1 (M+H).

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Step 3: 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid (305) and 1-(2-(1-ethoxyvinyloxy)ethyl)-2-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid (306)

[0522] A stirred suspension of diamine 304 (1.18g; 6.01mmol) in triethylortoacetate (20 mL; 109 mmol; 18 eq.) was treated with trifluoroacetic acid (1.10 mL) at room temperature. In 5 min the mixture turned into an amber solution which was stirred at the same temperature for 4h; concentrated and purified by preparative HPLC (C-18 aquasil column, elution with 5% to 95% MeOH in water) to afford hydroxyacid 305 (701mg; 53% yield) and, as a side product, ketene acetal 306 (373 mg; 21% yield).

Compound **305**: 1 H NMR: (499.7 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 13.1(bs; 1H). 8.21 (s; 1H); 7.9 (d, J= 8.0 Hz; 1H); 5.1(bs; 1H); 4.42 (s; 2H); 3.75 (s; 2H); 2.75 (s; 3H);. MS: calc: 220.2; found: 221.1 (M+H)

Compound **306**: 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 8.17 (m; 2H); 8.08 (d, J= 9.2 Hz; 1H); 5.03 (d, J= 3.9 Hz; 1H); 4.84 (d, J= 3.9 Hz; 1H); 4.63 (t, J= 4.5 Hz; 2H); 4.22 (q, J= 7.0 Hz; 2H); 3.84 (t, J= 4.5 Hz; 2H); 2.92 (s; 3H); 1.39 (t; J= 7.0 Hz; 3H). MS: calc: 290.3; found: 291.1 (M+H)

Step 4: 2-(5-(2-Nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methyl-1H-benzo[d] imidazol-1-yl)ethyl acetate (307)

[0523] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 3 (scheme 1) but substituting compound 4 for compound 306 the title compound 307 was obtained in 6% yield. MS: calc: 464.49; found: 465.2 (M+H)

Step 5: 2-[5-((2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)carbamoyl)-2-methyl-1H-benzo[d] imidazol-1-yl)ethyl acetate (308)

[0524] Following the same procedure as described in Example 48, step 3 (scheme 36) but substituting compound 171 for the compound 307 and using ethyl acetate as a solvent instead of methanol, the title compound 308 was obtained in 96% yield. ^{1}H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.70 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.87 (dd; J=1.0, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.62 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d; J=2.0 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd; J=0.8, 4.8 Hz; 1H); 7.28 (dd; J=2.0, 8.0 Hz; 1H); 7.23 (dd; J=0.8, 3.6 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (dd; J=1.2, 4.8 Hz; 1H); 6.81 (d; J=8.0 Hz; 1H); 5.15 (bs, 2H); 4.52 (t; J=4.8 Hz; 2H); 4.35 (t; J=4.8 Hz; 2H); 2.60 (s, 3H); 1.91 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 434.5; found: 435.2 (M+H)

Example 85

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methyl-1H-benzo[d] imidazole-5carboxamide (309)

[0525] A solution of acetate 308 (18mg; 41 μ mol) and triethylamine (0.5 mL) in dry methanol (2.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 16 h and then concentrated *in* vacuo to give the title compound 309 in quantitative yield. ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.70 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.84 (dd; J=1.4, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.57 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d; J=2.2 Hz; 1H); 7.34 (dd; J=1.4, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.28 (dd; J=2.2, 8.2 Hz; 1H); 7.23 (dd; J=1.0, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.04 (dd; J= 3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.80 (d; J=8.4 Hz; 1H); 5.14 (bs, 2H); 5.00 (bs, 1H); 4.28 (t; J=5.4 Hz; 2H); 3.72 (t; J=5.4 Hz; 2H); 2.59 (s, 3H). MS: calc: 392.5; found: 393.2 (M+H).

Example 86

4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-hydroxy-5-(phenyl)phenyl)benzamide (312)

Scheme 68

Step 1. 4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-biphenyl-3-ylamine (311)

[0526] To a solution of the 2-amino-4-phenylphenol (310, 2.05 g, 11.06 mmol) and triethylamine (3.08 mL, 22.12 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added TBDMSCI (2.00 g, 13.28 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 days prior to being diluted with saturated NaCl solution (25 mL), and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography (eluent 0-50% EtOAc in hexanes), of the title compound 311 was obtained as a reddish-brown solid (2.51 g, 77% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) 3 (ppm): 0.05 (s,6H), 1.05 (s,9H), 6.49-6.57 (m,2H), 6.72 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (m,1H), 7.29-7.38 (m,2H), 7.50 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), MS: (calc.) 299.5: (obt.) 300.2 (MH)*.

Step 2. 4-((3,4-Dimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-N-(2-hydroxy-5-(phenyl)phenyl)-benzamide (312)

[0527] To a solution of acid 4 (scheme 1) (125 mg, 0.439 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was added BOP (293 mg, 0.662 mmol). After stirring this solution for 10 minutes, aniline 311 (197 mg, 0.659 mmol) was added, along with triethylamine (0.31 mL, 2.22 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred at

room temperature for 16 h prior to removal of the solvent, and dissolution of the residue in THF (5 mL). A solution of TBAF in THF (1.0 M, 0.66 mL, 0.659 mmol) was then added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 minutes, diluted with a saturated solution of NaCl (10 mL), and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography (eluent 0-80% EtOAc in hexanes), the title compound **312** was obtained as a light yellow solid (82 mg, 41% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 3.62 (s,3H), 3.69 (s,3H), 4.34 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (m,2H), 6.35 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (br s,1H), 9.58 (br s,1H), 10.00 (br s,1H). MS: (calc.) 454.5; (obt.) 455.4 (MH)*.

Example 87

(E)-3-(4-((3,4,5-Trimethoxyphenylamino)methyl)-phenyl)-N-(2-hydroxy-5 - (phenyl)phenyl)acrylamide (313)

[0528] Following the same procedure as described in Example 86 but substituting acid 4 for the acid 66 (scheme 10) the compound 313 was obtained as a light yellow solid in 22% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 3.54 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 4.30 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 5.92 (s,2H), 6.13 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.50 (m,4H), 7.54-7.64 (m,4H), 8.34 (s,1H), 9.55 (br s,1H), 10.21 (br s,1H). MS: (calc.) 510.6: (obt.) 511.2 (MH)*.

Example 88

2,3-Dihydro-N-(2-hydroxy-5-(phenyl)phenyl)benzo[b][1,4]dioxine-6-carboxamide (314)

[0529] Following the same procedure as described in Example 86 but substituting acid 4 for the acid 255a (scheme 53) the compound 314 was obtained as a light yellow solid in 22% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 4.30 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.50-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.97 (br s,1H), 9.47 (br s,1H), 9.93 (br s,1H). MS: (calc.) 347.4; (obt.) 348.1 (MH)*.

Example 89

$m N^{1}$ -(2-hydroxy-5-(phenyl)phenyl)- $m N^{8}$ -(3-(phenyl)phenyl)octanediamide (317) Scheme 69

Step 1.7-(3-(Phenyl)phenylcarbamoyl)heptanoic acid (316)

[0530] To a solution of 3-amino-biphenyl (315, 536 mg, 3.17 mmol) in THF/pyridine (2:1, 6 mL) was added methyl 7-(chlorocarbonyl)heptanoate (0.49 mL, 3.48 mmol), and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. After dilution with saturated NaCl solution (15 mL) and extraction with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The

residue was then dissolved in THF/methanol/H₂O (1:1:2, 8 mL), followed by the treatment of LiOH-H₂O (665 mg, 15.85 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h prior to acidification (pH = 1), and extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. After purification by flash chromatography (eluent 0-100% EtOAc in hexanes), the title compound **316** was obtained as a white solid (889 mg, 86% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 1.30-1.40 (m, 4H), 1.50-1.59 (m,2H), 1.60-1.68 (m,2H), 2.24 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (dt, J = 7.8,1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.42 (m,2H), 7.46-7.52 (m,2H), 7.58-7.64 (m,3H), 7.96 (s,1H), 10.07 (br s,1H). MS: (calc.) 325.4; (obt.) 326.1 (MH)*.

Step 2. N1-(2-Hydroxy-5-(phenyl)phenyl)-N8-(3-(phenyl)phenyl)octanediamide (317)

[0531] Following the same procedure as described in Example 86, step 2 (scheme 68) but substituting acid 4 for the acid 316 the compound 317 was obtained as a light brown solid in 31% yield. 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 1.34-1.46 (m,4H), 1.60-1.74 (m,4H), 2.38 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.70 (m,15H), 7.96 (s,1H), 8.10 (s,1H), 9.34 (br s,1H), 10.00 (br s,1H). MS: (calc.) 492.6; (obt.) 493.5 (MH)*.

Example 90

2-[4-(Naphthalene-2-sulfonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (2-amino-5thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-amide (320)

Scheme 70

Step 1: [2-({2-[4-(Naphthalene-2-sulfonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl}-amino)-4-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (319)

[0532] Following the same procedure as described in Example 52, step 1 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 182 for 2-(4-(naphthalene-2-sulfonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (318, W0 03/076422) title compound 319 was obtained in 75% yield. ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMS0) 8 (ppm): 9.7 (bs, 1H); 8.81 (s, 2H); 8.60 (bs, 1H); 8.44 (s, 1H); 8.20 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H); 8.15 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H); 8.05 (d, J= 6.9 Hz, 1H); 7.75 (dd; J=1.8, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.71 (dd; J=1.3, 6.9 Hz; 1H); 7.68 (m, 2H); 7.63 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H); 7.47 (m, 2H); 7.40 (dd; J=1.3, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.09 (dd; J= 3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 3.97 (t, J= 4.1 Hz, 4H);); 3.07 (t, J= 4.1 Hz, 4H); 1.41 (s, 9H). MS: calc: 670.8; found: 671.3 (M+H)

Step 2: 2-[4-(Naphthalene-2-sulfonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (2-amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-amide (320)

[0533] Following the same procedure described in Example 52, step 2 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 183 for compound 319 the title compound 320 was obtained in 99% yield.

¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.52 (bs, 1H); 8.83 (s, 2H); 8.44 (s, 1H); 8.20 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H); 8.15 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H); 8.05 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H); 7.75 (dd; J=1.8, 8.6 Hz; 1H); 7.69 (m, 2H); 7.37 (d, J= 1.8 Hz, 1H); 7.31 (dd; J=1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.25 (dd; J=2.2, 8.4 Hz; 1H); 7.19 (dd; J=

1.2, 3.5 Hz; 1H); 7.01 (dd; J= 3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.74 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H); 5.16 (bs, 2H); 3.96 (t, J= 4.3 Hz, 4H);); 3.07 (t, J= 4.3 Hz, 4H); MS: calc: 570.7; found: 571.3 (M+H)

Example 91

2-[4-(Biphenyl-4-ylcarbamoyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (2-amino-5thiophen-2-yl-phenyll-amide (323)

Scheme 71

Step 1: [2-{{2-[4-{Biphenyl-4-ylcarbamoyl}-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl}-amino}-4-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (322)

[0534] Following the same procedure as described in Example 52, step 1 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 182 for 2-{4-(biphenyl-4-ylcarbamoyl)-piperazin-1-yll-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid sodium salt (321, W0 03/076421) the title compound 322 was obtained in 29% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) 8 (ppm): 9.78 (bs, 1H); 8.93 (s, 2H); 8.75 (bs, 1H); 8.67 (bs, 1H); 7.76 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H); 7.67 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H); 7.63 (d, J= 1.2 Hz, 1H); 7.61 (m, 1H); 7.57 (m, 4H); 7.50 (m,

2H); 7.42 (m, 3H); 7.29 (m, 1H); 7.11 (dd; J= 3.5, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 3.94 (t, J= 4.5 Hz, 4H);); 3.60 (t, J= 4.5 Hz, 4H); 1.47 (s, 9H). MS: calc: 675.8; found: 698.5 (M+Na)

Step 2: 2-[4-(Biphenyl-4-ylcarbamoyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (2-amino-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-amide (323)

[0535] Following the same procedure as described in Example 52, step 2 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 183 for compound 322 the title compound 323 was obtained in 99% yield. 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.59 (bs, 1H); 8.93 (s, 2H); 8.75 (bs, 1H); 7.63 (d, J= 1.2 Hz, 1H); 7.61 (m, 1H); 7.57 (m, 4H); 7.41 (m, 3H); 7.33 (dd; J= 1.2, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 7.29 (m, 2H); 7.23 (dd; J= 1.2, 2.5 Hz; 1H); 7.03 (dd; J= 3.7, 5.1 Hz; 1H); 6.78 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H); 5.22 (bs, 2H); 3.93 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 4H);); 3.60 (t, J= 3.9 Hz, 4H). MS: calc: 575.7; found: 576.3 (M+H

Example 92

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(pyridin-3-yl)benzamide (327)

Scheme 72

Step 1. tert-Butyl 2-(4-bromobenzamido)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (325)

[0536] Following the same procedure as in Example 52, step 1 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 182 for compound 324 title compound 325 was obtained in 47% yield. 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO- $_{0}$ b) $_{0}$ (ppm): 9.94 (s, 1H), 8.72 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J= 8.2, 2H), 7.75 (d, J= 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J=8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J=4.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (dd, J=8.6, 2.2 Hz, 7.44 (d, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.45 (s, 9H). LRMS: (m/z): 495.1/497.1 ((M/M+2)+23).

Steps 2 and 3. N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(pyridin-3-yl)benzamide (327)

[0537] Following the same procedure as in Example 29, step 1 (scheme 21) but substituting bromide 114 for the bromide 325 and using 3-pyridine boronic acid as a coupling partner, (Suzuki coupling) the compound 326 was obtained and used without purification for the next step.

[0538] Following the same procedure as in Example 52, step 2 (scheme 37) but replacing compound 183 by compound 326 the title compound 327 was obtained (14% yield over the two steps). ¹H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) & (ppm): 9.80 (s, 1H), 8.98 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.60 (dd, J=4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (dd, J=7.2, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J=3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=5.1, 1.4, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H). LRMS: (m/z): 372.3 (MH⁺).

Example 93

(Pyridin-3-yl) methyl 4-(2-hydroxy-5-(thiophen-2-yl) phenylcarbamoyl) benzyl carbamate (333)

Scheme 73

Step 1. 4-Bromo-2-nitrophenyl acetate (328)

[0539] A solution of 4-bromo-2-nitrophenol (297, 1.00g, 4.59 mmol) (scheme 65) in acetic anhydride (10 mL) was heated in a pressure vessel at 130-140°C for 16h. Most of the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the resulting oil was kept in the freezer for 3 days. Crystallization occurred while thawing. The white crystals were suspended in a mixture of EtOAc/hexanes (9:1) and collected by filtration affording the title compound 328 (1.03 g, 87% yield). 1 H NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO-d₅) δ (ppm): 8.33 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (dd, J=8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H). LRMS: (m/z): 282.0/284.0 (\mathbb{M}^+\mathbb{M}^+\mathbb{P}_1+23).

Step 2. 2-Nitro-4-(thiophen-2-vl)phenol (298)

[0540] Following the same procedure as in Example 44, step 2 (scheme 32) but substituting bromide 155 for bromide 328 (1.00 g, 3.85 mmol) and boronate 116 for 2-thiophene boronic acid (517 mg, 4.04 mmol) and heating at 120°C, the title compound 298 was obtained (270 mg, 32% vield). H NMR: (DMSO-d_s) δ (ppm): 11.21 (bs. 1H), 8.07 (d. J=2.3Hz, 1H), 7.80 (dd. J=8.6, 2.3 Hz.

1H), 7.49 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H).

Step 3. 2-Amino-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenol (329)

[0541] Following the same procedure as in Example 51, step 3 (scheme 37) but substituting compound 177 for compound 298 (270 mg, 1.22 mmol), the title compound 329 was obtained (233 mg, 100% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 9.21 (bs, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J=5.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (bs, 2H). LRMS: (m/z): 192.1 (MH⁺).

Step 4. O-tert-Butyldimethylsilyl-2-amino-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenol (330)

[0542] Following the same procedure as in Example 19, step 2 (scheme 17) but substituting compound 90 for compound 329 (233 mg, 1.22 mmol), the title compound 330 was obtained (211 mg, 57% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 7.75 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, J=3.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (dd, J=5.3, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (bs. 2H), 1.50 (s. 9H), 0.73 (s. 6H), LRMS: (m/z): 306.3 (MH²).

Steps 5 and 6: (Pyridin-3-yl)methyl 4-(2-hydroxy-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamoyl) benzylcarbamate (333)

[0543] To a solution of acid 331 (383 mg, 0.691 mmol) (US 6,174,905 B1) in DMF (6 mL) was added Et₃N (194μL, 1.39 mmol) and BOP (954 mg, 2.08 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 min. and a solution of compound 330 (211 mg, 0.691 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) was added followed by Et₃N (510μL, 3.66 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 16 hours at rt and then concentrated *in vacuo* at 80°C. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O, the organic phase was extracted twice with HCl 1N and the combined acidic extracts were neutralized with saturated NaHCO₃. A precipitate formed which was extracted with EtOAc; the extract was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting material was purified by flash chromatography using as an eluent a mixture MeOH/DCM with increasing polarity (7:93 to 10:90) affording the intermediate compound 332 (99 mg, 20% yield). ¹H NMR: (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.56 (bs, 2H), 8.51 (bs, 2H), 8.02 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.76-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.61 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=5.1, 3.7 Hz, 7.38 (d, J=7.

1H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 2H). LRMS: (m/z): 728.3 (MH*).

[0544] To a solution of compound 332 (10 mg, 0.0137mmol) in THF (500µL) was added excess NaOH (500µL of a solution prepared by dissolving one pellet in 1mL of H₂O). The mixture was stirred at 60°C for 1 h, partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc and the organic phase was extracted with HCl 1N. The acidic extract was neutralized with saturated NaHCO₃ to form a precipitate which was extracted with EtOAc; the extract was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting material was purified by preparative TLC using MeOH/DCM (7:93) affording the title compound 333 (2.9 mg, 46% yield). 1 H NMR: (Acetone-d₆) 3 0 (ppm): 9.37 (bs, 1H), 9.35 (bs, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 8.38 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J=5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H). LRMS: (m/z): 460.2 (MH*).

Example 94

2-(4-(4-Cyanobenzyl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)thiazole-5-carboxamide (341)

Scheme 74

Step 1: tert-Butyl 4-(4-cyanobenzyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (336)

[0545] A solution of tert-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate (334, 1 g, 5.37 mmol), 3-(bromomethyl)benzonitrile (335, 1.26 g, 6,45 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (1.48 g, 10.74 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was refluxed for four hours. The reaction mixture was then concentrated, diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and washed with water (20 mL). The organic phase was separated, dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated. Crude product was purified by flash chromatography using the gradient 10%25% EtOAc in hexanes as an eluent to afford the title compound 336 (1.374 g 85%). MS: calc: 301.3; found: 302.1 (M+H)

Step 2: 4-(4-Cyanobenzyl)piperazine-1-carbothioamide (337)

[0546] A solution of tert-butyl 4-(4-cyanobenzyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (336, 1.374 g, 4.56 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) and TFA (5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for one hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was added to a solution of thiocarbonyldiimidazole (1.21 g, 6.84 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in dry DCM (20 mL) under N_2 at 0°C. Obtained solid was diluted with MeOH (20 mL) and transferred to a pressure vial. Ammonia gas was bubbled in for 10 min and the flask

was capped and stirred at 80°C for two days. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography using 60% EtOAc in hexane as an eluent, to afford the title compound **337** (593 mg, 50% yield). MS: calc: 260.1; found: 261.2(M+H)

Step 3: Methyl 2-(4-(4-cyanobenzyl)piperazin-1-yl)thiazole-5-carboxylate (338)

[0547] A solution of (E)-methyl 3-methoxyacrylate (290 mg, 280 mL, 2.51 mmol) in 1:1 mixture of dioxane/water (4 mL) was treated with NBS (507 mg, 2.85 mmol) at 0°C and stirred for 1 hour. The mixture was transferred to a flask containing the thioamide 337 (593 mg, 2.28 mmol) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 1.5 hours. It was cooled down, quenched by adding saturated NH₄Cl solution (5 mL) and concentrated. Obtained material was partitioned between EtOAc and water. Organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using 60% EtOAc in hexanes as an eluent, to afford the title compound 338 (602 mg, 77% yield). MS: calc: 342.1; found: 343.1(M+H)

Step 4: 2-(4-(4-Cyanobenzyl)piperazin-1-yl)thiazole-5-carboxylic acid (339)

[0548] 1:1:1 solution of THF/water/MeOH (9 mL) of ester 338 (602 mg, 1.76 mmol) and KOH (600 mg, 10.71 mmol, 6 equiv.) was stirred at room temperature for 1hour. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and partitioned between ether and water. Aqueous layer was collected and acidified with 1M HCl solution to pH=3 and extracted with EtOAc (3x5 mL). Organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. Crude product 339 (WO 03/092686) was used directly in the next step. MS: calc: 328.1: found: 329.1 (M+H)

Step 5: tert-Butyl 2-(2-(4-(4-cyanobenzyl)piperazin-1-yl)thiazole-5-carboxamido)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (340)

[0549] A solution of acid 339 (113 mg, 0.34 mmol) amine 178 (100 mg, 0.34 mmol) and BOP (152 mg, 0.34 mmol) in pyridine (2 mL) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography using gradient eluent 50%-75% EtOAc in hexanes to afford the title compound 340 (96 mg, 47% yield). MS: calc: 600.1; found: 601.3 (M+H)

Step 6: 2-(4-(4-Cyanobenzyl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl) thiazole-5-carboxamide (341)

[0550] A solution of compound 340 (96 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 1:1 DCM/TFA (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography using EtOAc as an eluent, to afford the title compound 341 (47 mg, 59 % yield). 1 H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CD₃OD) δ (ppm): 7.95 (br.s, 1H), 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.53 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.60 (m, 4H). 2.68 (m, 4H). MS: calc: 500.1; found: 501.2 (M+H)

Example 95

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)benzamide (344)

Scheme 75

Step 1: tert-Butyl 2-(4-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)benzamido)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (343)

[0551] Following the procedure as described in Example 94, step 5 (scheme 74) but substituting 24444-cvanobenzyllpiperazin-1-yllthiazole-5-carboxylic acid (339 WO 03/092686)) for 444-

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benzylpiperazin-1-yl)benzoic acid (**342**, WO 03/087057) the title compound **343** was obtained in 18% yield. MS: calc: 568.2; found: 569.3 (M+H)

Step 2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-vl)phenvl)-4-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-vl)benzamide (344)

[0552] A solution of compound 343 (36 mg, 0.06 mmol) in 1:1 DCM/TFA (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was concentrated and partitioned between water and EtOAc. Organic phase was washed with NaHCO₃ solution, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound 344 (5 mg, 17% yield). ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 2.625 (t, J=5Hz, 4H), 3.35 (t, J=5Hz, 4H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 6.84 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=9Hz, 2H), 7.01 (m, 1H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 6H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=9Hz, 2H). MS: calc: 468.0: found: 469.0 (M+H)

Example 96

N1-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-N8-phenyloctanediamide (347)

Scheme 76

Step 1: tert-Butyl 2-(N1-phenyloctanediamido)-4-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamate (346)

[0553] A solution of methyl 7-(phenylcarbamoyl)heptanoate (345, US Patent 5,369,108) (124 mg, 0.46 mmol) and KOH (100 mg, 1.77 mmol) in THF/water/MeOH (1:1:1, 9 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1hour. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and partitioned between ether and water. Aqueous layer was collected, acidified with 1M HCl solution to pH=3 and extracted with EtOAc (3x5 mL). Combined organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. Crude acid was diluted in thionyl chloride (3 mL) and DMF (1 drop) and stirred at room temperature for 20 min. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*, diluted with THF (3 mL) and cooled to 0°C. It was treated with Et₃N (62 mg, 86 L, 0.61 mmol) and amine 178 (120 mg, 0.41 mmol) and stirred at 0°C for 30 min. The reaction mixture was quenched by the addition of saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (3x3 mL). Combined organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. Crude product was purified by flash chromatography using 50% EtOAc in hexanes as an eluent, to afford the title compound 346 (111 mg, 52% yield). MS: calc: 521.2; found: 522.3

Step 2: N1-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-N8-phenyloctanediamide (347)

[0554] A solution of compound 346 (111 mg, 0.06 mmol) in 2:1 DCM/TFA (3 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was quenched by addition of saturated NaHCO₃ solution and extracted with DCM. Organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. Crude product was purified by flash chromatography using EtOAc as an eluent to afford the title compound 347 (20 mg, 22% yield). ¹H NMR: (400.2 MHz, CD₃OD) & (ppm): 7.51 (br.s. 2H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.16-7.27 (m, 5H), 6.9-7.1 (m, 2H), 6.84 (m, 1H), 2.42 (m, 4H), 1.76 (m, 4H), 1.49 (m, 4H). MS: calc: 421.2; found: 422.2 (M+H)

Example 97

N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-(1,2-dihydro-2,4-dioxoquinazolin-3(4H)yl)methyl)benzamide (349)

Scheme 77

Steps 1 and 2: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-4-((1,2-dihydro-2,4-dioxo quinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzamide (349)

[0555] Following the same procedures as described in Example 52, steps 1 and 2 (scheme 37) but substituting acid 182 for 4-(1,2-dihydro-2,4-dioxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzoic acid 348 (WO 03/024448 or JP 2003137866A); the title compound 349 was obtained in 55% yield. 1 H NMR (DMSO-d₈) (ppml: 11.57 (s, 1H), 9.81 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.92 (m, 3H), 7.68 (td, J=7.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.05 (dd, J=4.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H). (The NH₂ group is missing, overlapped by H₂O). MS (m/z): 468.53 (calc) 469.2 (MH+) (found).

Example 98

tert-Butyl 4-(5-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl) phenylcarbamoyl) thiophen-2-yl) piperidine-1carboxylate (355)

Step 1: 1-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (351)

[0556] Butyl lithium (14.96 mmol, 1.4M, 2.09 mL) and diisopropyl amine (14.96 mmol, 10.68 mL) were added to dry THF at – 78°C to generate LDA in solution. Tert-butyl 4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate (350, 2.71g, 13.6 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added to the LDA solution. The resulting reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and allowed to stir for additional 30 minutes, cooled to –78°C once again, and N-phenyltrifluromethanesulfonimide (5.1g, 14.3 mmol) solution in THF was added via syringe. The combined reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and allowed to stir for 3 additional hours, quenched with water (50 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL). The extract was dried over sodium sulfate, evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluent 7:1 mixture hexanes-ethyl acetate, to afford the title compound 351 as light yellow oil (2.55g, 57% yield). ¹H-NMR (DMSO) & 6.00 (s, 1H), 3.97 – 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.53 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.41 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 1.41 (s, 9H).

Step 2: 5-(1-{tert-butoxycarbonyl}-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl}thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (353)

[0557] To a stirred solution of 351 (1.1 g, 3.32 mmol) and 352 (571 mg, 3.32 mmol) in a 2:1 mixture of DME-water (30 mL), was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (268 mg, 0.232 mmol), tri-o-tolyl phosphine (71 mg, 0.232 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.38 g, 9.96 mmol). The reaction mixture was degassed with nitrogen for 5 minutes and stirred at 80 °C for 15 hours, cooled, treated with water (50 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 40 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried with

sodium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure to form a residue which was purified by flash chromatography, eluting with a gradient solvent system from 2:1 hexanesethyl acetate to 1:1 hexanesethyl acetate. A subsequent trituration was performed with 10% ethyl acetate in hexanes for 15 minutes to afford **353** as a beige solid (330 mg, 33% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 7.60 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.28 – 6.29 (m, 1H), 4.00 – 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.52 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.45 – 2.46 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H).

Step 3: tert-Butyl 4-{5-(2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamoyl)thiophen-2-yl}-5,6-dihydropyridine-1(2H)-carboxylate (354)

[0558] Compound 353 (270 mg, 0.87 mmol), 2-nitro-5-(thiophen-2-yl)benzenamine (3, 193 mg, 0.87 mmol), and BOP (386 mg, 0.87 mmol) were dissolved in dry pyridine (10 mL). Sodium hydride (140 mg, 3.50 mmol) was added and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours, quenched with glacial acetic acid (1 mL), and the pyridine was removed under reduced pressure. Water (50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2×50 mL). The extract was dried with sodium sulphate and evaporated to yield a residue which was triturated with ethyl acetate for 15 minutes, to afford the title compound 354 as a yellow solid (270 mg, 61% yield). 1 H NMR: (DMSO) δ 10.79 (s, 1H), 8.06 - 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.86 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.75 - 7.68 (m, 3H), 7.25 - 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 4.04 - 4.01 (m, 2H), 3.54 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H).

Step 4: tert-Butyl 4-(5-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenylcarbamoyl)thiophen-2-yl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (355)

[0559] To a stirred solution of 354 (270 mg, 0.53 mmol) in methanol (25 mL) was added 10 % palladium on charcoal (150 mg). The resulting mixture was purged with H₂ gas and stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 3 days, filtered through a celite pad, evaporated and purified by flash chromatography, eluent 1:1 hexanes-ethyl acetate, to afford the title compound 355 as a white solid (24 mg, 10% yield). ¹H NMR: (CD₃OD) δ 7.73 (d, J=3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J=8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J=4.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J=13.1 Hz, 2H), 3.00 – 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.04 (d, J=12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.60 – 1.54 (m, 2H).

Example 99

N-(2-amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2-(2-morpholinoethyl)-1,3-dioxoisoindoline-5carboxamide (358)

Scheme 79

Step 1: 2-(2-Morpholinoethyl)-1,3-dioxoisoindoline-5-carboxylic acid (357)

[0560] 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic anhydride (356, 0.487g, 2.53 mmol) and 4 \cdot 2-aminoethyl)morpholine (0.33g, 2.53 mmol) were allowed to stir 2 hours at 130°C in acetic acid (10 mL). The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and the precipitated solid was collected by filtration, washed with H₂O and dried under vacuum, to afford title compound 357 as a white powder (0.63g, 82% yield). ¹H NMR (DMSO) δ (ppm): 8.26 (dd, J= 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (dd, J= 1.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (dd, J= 7.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, J= 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (t, J= 4.5 Hz, 4H), 2.59 (t, J= 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (overlapped with DMSO, 4H). MS: 304.3 (calc), 305.1 (obs).

Step 2 and 3: N-(2-Amino-5-(thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-2-(2-morpholinoethyl)-1,3-dioxoisoindoline-5-carboxamide (358)

[0561] Following the same procedures outlined in Example 71a, steps 2 and 3 (scheme 54) but substituting 3,4-dimethoxybenzoic acid (257a) for compound 357, the title compound 358 was obtained in 18% yield (over the two steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 10.03 (s, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J= 11.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J= 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.73 (t, J= 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (m, 4H), 2.54 (t, J= 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (m, 4H). MS: 476.15 (calc), 477.2 (obs).

Example 100

N-(2-amino-5-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (361)

Scheme 80

Step 1: 5-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)-2-nitrobenzenamine (360)

[0562] Following the same procedure as described in Example 1, step 1 (scheme 1) but substituting 1-bromo-4-nitrobenzene (1) for 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-imidazole (359), title compound 360 was obtained in 32% yield. MS: 204.06 (calc), 205.1 (found).

Steps 2 and 3: N-(2-amino-5-(1H-imidazol-1-vl)phenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide (361)

[0563] Following the same procedure as described in Example 19, steps 3 and 4 (scheme 17) but substituting compound **91** for compound **360**, the title compound **361** was obtained in 10.5% vield (over 2 steps). ¹H NMR: (DMSO) δ (ppm): 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 3H), 7.52 (m, 1H),

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7.42 (d, J= 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J= 8.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.85 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS: 308.13 (calc), 309.2 (obs).

Pharmaceutical Compositions

[0564] In a second aspect, the invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent. Compounds of the invention may be formulated by any method well known in the art and may be prepared for administration by any route, including, without limitation, parenteral, oral, sublingual, transdermal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intrarectal. In certain preferred embodiments, compounds of the invention are administered intravenously in a hospital setting. In certain other preferred embodiments, administration may preferably be by the oral route.

[0565] The characteristics of the carrier will depend on the route of administration. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable" means a non-toxic material that is compatible with a biological system such as a cell, cell culture, tissue, or organism, and that does not interfere with the effectiveness of the biological activity of the active ingredient(s). Thus, compositions according to the invention may contain, in addition to the inhibitor, diluents, fillers, salts, buffers, stabilizers, solubilizers, and other materials well known in the art. The preparation of pharmaceutically acceptable formulations is described in, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Edition, ed. A. Gennaro, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA, 1990.

[0566] As used herein, the term pharmaceutically acceptable salts refers to salts that retain the desired biological activity of the above-identified compounds and exhibit minimal or no undesired toxicological effects. Examples of such salts include, but are not limited to acid addition salts formed with inorganic acids (for Example, hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, nitric acid, and the like), and salts formed with organic acids such as acetic acid, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, succinic acid, malic acid, ascorbic acid, benzoic acid, tannic acid, pamoic acid, alginic acid, polyglutamic acid, naphthalenesulfonic acid, naphthalenedisulfonic acid, and polygalacturonic acid. The compounds can also be administered as pharmaceutically acceptable quaternary salts known by those skilled in the art, which specifically include the quaternary ammonium salt of the formula NR + Z-, wherein R is hydrogen, alkyl, or benzyl, and Z is a counterion, including chloride, bromide, iodide, -0-alkyl, toluenesulfonate, methylsulfonate, sulfonate, phosphate, or carboxylate (such as benzoate, succinate, acetate, glycolate, maleate, malate, citrate, tartrate, ascorbate,

benzoate, cinnamoate, mandeloate, benzyloate, and diphenylacetate). As used herein, the term "salt" is also meant to encompass complexes, such as with an alkaline metal or an alkaline earth metal.

[0567] The active compound is included in the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent in an amount sufficient to deliver to a patient a therapeutically effective amount without causing serious toxic effects in the patient treated. A preferred dose of the active compound for all of the above-mentioned conditions is in the range from about 0.01 to 300 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 100 mg/kg per day, more generally 0.5 to about 25 mg per kilogram body weight of the recipient per day. A typical topical dosage will range from 0.01–3% wt/wt in a suitable carrier. The effective dosage range of the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives can be calculated based on the weight of the parent compound to be delivered. If the derivative exhibits activity in itself, the effective dosage can be estimated as above using the weight of the derivative, or by other means known to those skilled in the art.

Inhibition of Histone Deacetylase

[0568] In a third aspect, the invention provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting a cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to the invention. Because compounds of the invention inhibit histone deacetylase, they are useful research tools for *in vitro* study histone deacetylases and their role in biological processes. In addition, the compounds of the invention selectively inhibit certain isoforms of HDAC.

[0569] Measurement of the enzymatic activity of a histone deacetylase can be achieved using known methodologies. For Example, Yoshida et al., J. Biol. Chem., 265: 17174-17179 (1990), describes the assessment of histone deacetylase enzymatic activity by the detection of acetylated histones in trichostatin A treated cells. Taunton et al., Science, 272: 408-411 (1996), similarly describes methods to measure histone deacetylase enzymatic activity using endogenous and recombinant HDAC-1.

[0570] In some preferred embodiments, the histone deacetylase inhibitor interacts with and reduces the activity of all histone deacetylases in the cell. In some other preferred embodiments according to this aspect of the invention, the histone deacetylase inhibitor interacts with and reduces the activity of fewer than all histone deacetylases in the cell. In certain preferred embodiments, the inhibitor interacts with and reduces the activity of one histone deacetylase (e.g., HDAC-1), but does not interact with or reduce the activities of other histone deacetylases (e.g., HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-1).

4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, and HDAC-8). As discussed below, certain particularly preferred histone deacetylase inhibitors are those that interact with, and reduce the enzymatic activity of, a histone deacetylase that is involved in tumorigenesis. Certain other preferred histone deacetylase inhibitors interact with and reduce the enzymatic activity of a fungal histone deacetylase.

[0571] Preferably, the method according to the third aspect of the invention causes an inhibition of cell proliferation of the contacted cells. The phrase "inhibiting cell proliferation" is used to denote an ability of an inhibitor of histone deacetylase to retard the growth of cells contacted with the inhibitor as compared to cells not contacted. An assessment of cell proliferation can be made by counting contacted and non-contacted cells using a Coulter Cell Counter (Coulter, Miami, FL) or a hemacytometer. Where the cells are in a solid growth (e.g., a solid tumor or organ), such an assessment of cell proliferation can be made by measuring the growth with calipers and comparing the size of the growth of contacted cells with non-contacted cells.

[0572] Preferably, growth of cells contacted with the inhibitor is retarded by at least 50% as compared to growth of non-contacted cells. More preferably, cell proliferation is inhibited by 100% (i.e., the contacted cells do not increase in number). Most preferably, the phrase "inhibiting cell proliferation" includes a reduction in the number or size of contacted cells, as compared to non-contacted cells. Thus, an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to the invention that inhibits cell proliferation in a contacted cell may induce the contacted cell to undergo growth retardation, to undergo growth arrest, to undergo programmed cell death (i.e., to apoptose), or to undergo necrotic cell death.

[0573] The cell proliferation inhibiting ability of the histone deacetylase inhibitors according to the invention allows the synchronization of a population of asynchronously growing cells. For Example, the histone deacetylase inhibitors of the invention may be used to arrest a population of non-neoplastic cells grown in vitro in the G1 or G2 phase of the cell cycle. Such synchronization allows, for Example, the identification of gene and/or gene products expressed during the G1 or G2 phase of the cell cycle. Such synchronization of cultured cells may also be useful for testing the efficacy of a new transfection protocol, where transfection efficiency varies and is dependent upon the particular cell cycle phase of the cell to be transfected. Use of the histone deacetylase inhibitors of the invention allows the synchronization of a population of cells, thereby aiding detection of enhanced transfection efficiency.

[0574] In some preferred embodiments, the contacted cell is a neoplastic cell. The term
'neoplastic cell' is used to denote a cell that shows aberrant cell growth. Preferably, the aberrant cell growth of a neoplastic cell is increased cell growth. A neoplastic cell may be a hyperplastic cell, a
cell that shows a lack of contact inhibition of growth in vitro, a benign tumor cell that is incapable of
metastasis in vivo, or a cancer cell that is capable of metastasis in vivo and that may recur after
attempted removal. The term "tumorigenesis" is used to denote the induction of cell proliferation that
leads to the development of a neoplastic growth. In some embodiments, the histone deacetylase
inhibitor induces cell differentiation in the contacted cell. Thus, a neoplastic cell, when contacted with
an inhibitor of histone deacetylase may be induced to differentiate, resulting in the production of a
non-neoplastic daughter cell that is phylogenetically more advanced than the contacted cell.

[0575] In some preferred embodiments, in neoplastic cells, antitumor activity of an HDAC
inhibitor can be assessed by analyzing expression of certain tumor suppressor genes, such as
p21 WAF1/Cip1. HDAC inhibitors induce p21 WAF1/Cip1 expression in human cancer cells, which leads to
retardation of cell proliferation.

[0576] In some preferred embodiments, the contacted cell is in an animal. Thus, the invention provides a method for treating a cell proliferative disease or condition in an animal, comprising administering to an animal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a histone deacetylase inhibitor of the invention. Preferably, the animal is a mammal, more preferably a domesticated mammal. Most preferably, the animal is a human.

[0577] The term 'cell proliferative disease or condition' is meant to refer to any condition characterized by aberrant cell growth, preferably abnormally increased cellular proliferation.

Examples of such cell proliferative diseases or conditions include, but are not limited to, cancer, restenosis, and psoriasis. In particularly preferred embodiments, the invention provides a method for inhibiting neoplastic cell proliferation in an animal comprising administering to an animal having at least one neoplastic cell present in its body a therapeutically effective amount of a histone deacetylase inhibitor of the invention.

[0578] It is contemplated that some compounds of the invention have inhibitory activity against a histone deacetylase from a protozoal source. Thus, the invention also provides a method for treating or preventing a protozoal disease or infection, comprising administering to an animal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a histone deacetylase inhibitor of the invention. Preferably the animal is a mammal, more preferably a human. Preferably, the histone deacetylase

inhibitor used according to this embodiment of the invention inhibits a protozoal histone deacetylase to a greater extent than it inhibits mammalian histone deacetylases, particularly human histone deacetylases.

[0579] The present invention further provides a method for treating a fungal disease or infection comprising administering to an animal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a histone deacetylase inhibitor of the invention. Preferably the animal is a mammal, more preferably a human. Preferably, the histone deacetylase inhibitor used according to this embodiment of the invention inhibits a fungal histone deacetylase to a greater extent than it inhibits mammalian histone deacetylases, particularly human histone deacetylases.

[0580] The term "therapeutically effective amount" is meant to denote a dosage sufficient to cause inhibition of histone deacetylase activity in the cells of the subject, or a dosage sufficient to inhibit cell proliferation or to induce cell differentiation in the subject. Administration may be by any route, including, without limitation, parenteral, oral, sublingual, transdermal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intrarectal. In certain particularly preferred embodiments, compounds of the invention are administered intravenously in a hospital setting. In certain other preferred embodiments, administration may preferably be by the oral route.

[0581] When administered systemically, the histone deacetylase inhibitor is preferably administered at a sufficient dosage to attain a blood level of the inhibitor from about $0.01~\mu M$ to about $100~\mu M$, more preferably from about $0.05~\mu M$ to about $50~\mu M$, still more preferably from about $0.1~\mu M$ to about $25~\mu M$, and still yet more preferably from about $0.5~\mu M$ to about $25~\mu M$. For localized administration, much lower concentrations than this may be effective, and much higher concentrations may be tolerated. One of skill in the art will appreciate that the dosage of histone deacetylase inhibitor necessary to produce a therapeutic effect may vary considerably depending on the tissue, organ, or the particular animal or patient to be treated.

[0582] In certain preferred embodiments of the third aspect of the invention, the method further comprises contacting the cell with an antisense oligonucleotide that inhibits the expression of a histone deacetylase. The combined use of a nucleic acid level inhibitor (e.g., antisense oligonucleotide) and a protein level inhibitor (i.e., inhibitor of histone deacetylase enzyme activity) results in an improved inhibitory effect, thereby reducing the amounts of the inhibitors required to obtain a given inhibitory effect as compared to the amounts necessary when either is used individually. The antisense oligonucleotides according to this aspect of the invention are

complementary to regions of RNA or double-stranded DNA that encode HDAC-1, HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, and/or HDAC-8 (see e.g., GenBank Accession Number U50079 for HDAC-1, GenBank Accession Number U31814 for HDAC-2, and GenBank Accession Number U75697 for HDAC-3).

[0583] For purposes of the invention, the term "oligonucleotide" includes polymers of two or more deoxyribonucleosides, ribonucleosides, or 2'-substituted ribonucleoside residues, or any combination thereof. Preferably, such oligonucleotides have from about 6 to about 100 nucleoside residues, more preferably from about 8 to about 50 nucleoside residues, and most preferably from about 12 to about 30 nucleoside residues. The nucleoside residues may be coupled to each other by any of the numerous known internucleoside linkages. Such internucleoside linkages include without limitation phosphorothioate, phosphorodithioate, alkylphosphonate, alkylphosphonothioate, phosphortiester, phosphoramidate, siloxane, carbonate, carboxymethylester, acetamidate, carbamate, thioether, bridged phosphoramidate, bridged methylene phosphonate, bridged phosphorothioate and sulfone internucleoside linkages. In certain preferred embodiments, these internucleoside linkages may be phosphodiester, phosphotriester, phosphorothioate, or phosphoramidate linkages, or combinations thereof. The term oligonucleotide also encompasses such polymers having chemically modified bases or sugars and/ or having additional substituents, including without limitation lipophilic groups, intercalating agents, diamines and adamantane.

[0584] For purposes of the invention the term "2" substituted ribonucleoside" includes ribonucleosides in which the hydroxyl group at the 2' position of the pentose moiety is substituted to produce a 2'-O-substituted ribonucleoside. Preferably, such substitution is with a lower alkyl group containing 1-6 saturated or unsaturated carbon atoms, or with an aryl or allyl group having 2-6 carbon atoms, wherein such alkyl, aryl or allyl group may be unsubstituted or may be substituted, e.g., with halo, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano, nitro, acyl, acyloxy, alkoxy, carboxyl, carbalkoxyl, or amino groups. The term "2'-substituted ribonucleoside" also includes ribonucleosides in which the 2'-hydroxyl group is replaced with an amino group or with a halo group, preferably fluoro.

[0585] Particularly preferred antisense oligonucleotides utilized in this aspect of the invention include chimeric oligonucleotides and hybrid oligonucleotides.

[0586] For purposes of the invention, a "chimeric oligonucleotide" refers to an oligonucleotide having more than one type of internucleoside linkage. One preferred Example of such a chimeric oligonucleotide is a chimeric oligonucleotide comprising a phosphorothioate, phosphodiester or

phosphorodithioate region, preferably comprising from about 2 to about 12 nucleotides, and an alkylphosphonate or alkylphosphonothioate region (see e.g., Pederson et al. U.S. Patent Nos. 5,635,377 and 5,366,878). Preferably, such chimeric oligonucleotides contain at least three consecutive internucleoside linkages selected from phosphodiester and phosphorothioate linkages, or combinations thereof.

[0587] For purposes of the invention, a "hybrid oligonucleotide" refers to an oligonucleotide having more than one type of nucleoside. One preferred Example of such a hybrid oligonucleotide comprises a ribonucleotide or 2'-substituted ribonucleotide region, preferably comprising from about 2 to about 12 2'-substituted nucleotides, and a deoxyribonucleotide region. Preferably, such a hybrid oligonucleotide contains at least three consecutive deoxyribonucleosides and also contains ribonucleosides, 2'-substituted ribonucleosides, preferably 2'-O-substituted ribonucleosides, or combinations thereof (see e.g., Metelev and Agrawal, U.S. Patent No. 5,652,355).

[0588] The exact nucleotide sequence and chemical structure of an antisense oligonucleotide utilized in the invention can be varied, so long as the oligonucleotide retains its ability to inhibit expression of the gene of interest. This is readily determined by testing whether the particular antisense oligonucleotide is active. Useful assays for this purpose include quantitating the mRNA encoding a product of the gene, a Western blotting analysis assay for the product of the gene, an activity assay for an enzymatically active gene product, or a soft agar growth assay, or a reporter gene construct assay, or an in vivo tumor growth assay, all of which are described in detail in this specification or in Ramchandani et al. (1997) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94: 684-689.

[0589] Antisense oligonucleotides utilized in the invention may conveniently be synthesized on a suitable solid support using well known chemical approaches, including H-phosphonate chemistry, phosphoramidite chemistry, or a combination of H-phosphonate chemistry and phosphoramidite chemistry (i.e., H-phosphonate chemistry for some cycles and phosphoramidite chemistry for other cycles). Suitable solid supports include any of the standard solid supports used for solid phase oligonucleotide synthesis, such as controlled-pore glass (CPG) (see, e.g., Pon, R.T. (1993) Methods in Molec. Biol. 20: 465-496).

[0590] Particularly preferred oligonucleotides have nucleotide sequences of from about 13 to about 35 nucleotides which include the nucleotide sequences shown in Table 4. Yet additional particularly preferred oligonucleotides have nucleotide sequences of from about 15 to about 26 nucleotides of the nucleotide sequences shown in Table 1.

Table 4

Oligo	Target	Accession Number	Nucleotide Position	Sequence	position within Gene	Seq ID No.
HDAC1 AS1	Human HDAC1	U50079	1585-1604	5'-GAAACGTGAGGGACTCAGCA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:1
HDAC1 AS2	Human HDAC1	U50079	1565-1584	5'-GGAAGCCAGAGCTGGAGAGG-3'	3'-UTR	Sed ID No:2
HDAC1 MM	Human HDAC1	U50079	1585-1604	5'-GTTAGGTGAGGCACTGAGGA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:3
HDAC2 AS	Human HDAC2	U31814	1643-1622	5'-GCTGAGCTGTTCTGATTTGG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:4
HDAC2 MM	Human HDAC2	U31814	1643-1622	5'-CGTGAGCACTTCTCATTTCC-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:5
HDAC3 AS	Human HDAC3	AF039703	1276-1295	5'-CGCTTTCCTTGTCATTGACA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:6
HDAC3 MM	Human HDAC3	AF039703	1276-1295	5'-GCCTTTCCTACTCATTGTGT-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:7
HDAC4 AS1	Human HDAC4	AB006626	514-33	5-GCTGCCTGCCGTGCCCACCC-3'	5'-UTR	Seq ID No:8
HDAC4 MM1	Human HDAC4	AB006626	514-33	5'-CGTGCCTGCGCTGCCCACGG-3'	5-UTR	Sed ID No:9
HDAC4 AS2	Human HDAC4	AB006626	7710-29	5'-TACAGTCCATGCAACCTCCA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:10
HDAC4 MM4	Human HDAC4	AB006626	7710-29	5'-ATCAGTCCAACCAACCTCGT-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:11
HDAC5 AS	Human HDAC5	AF039691	2663-2682	5'-CTTCGGTCTCACCTGCTTGG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:12
HDAC6 AS	Human HDAC6	AJ011972	3791-3810	5'-CAGGCTGGAATGAGCTACAG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:13
HDAC6 MM	Human HDAC6	AJ011972	3791-3810	5'-GACGCTGCAATCAGGTAGAC-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:14
HDAC7 AS	Human HDAC7	AF239243	2896-2915	5'-CTTCAGCCAGGATGCCCACA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:15
HDAC8 AS1	Human HDAC8	AF230097	51-70	5'-CTCCGGCTCCTCCATCTTCC-3'	5'-UTR	Seq ID No:16
HDAC8 AS2	Human HDAC8	AF230097	1328-1347	5'-AGCCAGCTGCCACTTGATGC-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:17

[0591] The following Examples are intended to further illustrate certain preferred embodiments of the invention, and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

ASSAY EXAMPLES

Assav Example 1

Inhibition of Histone Deacetylase Enzymatic (HDAC-1) Activity

[0592] The following protocol was used to assay the compounds of the invention. In the assay, the buffer used was 25mM HEPES, pH 8.0, 137mM NaCl, 2.7mM KCl, 1mM MgCl₂ and the subtrate was Boc-Lys(Ac)-AMC in a 50mM stock solution in DMSO. The enzyme stock solution was 4.08 ug/mL in buffer.

[0593] The compounds were pre-incubated (2μ I in DMSO diluted to 13μ I in buffer for transfer to assay plate) with enzyme (20μ I of 4.08μ g/mI) for 10 minutes at room temperature (35μ I pre-incubation volume). The mixture was pre-incubated for 5 minutes at room temperature. The reaction was started by bringing the temperature to 37° C and adding 16μ I substrate. Total reaction volume was 50I. The reaction was stopped after 20 minutes by addition of 50μ I developer, prepared as directed by Biomol (Fluor-de-Lys developer, Cat. # KI-105). A plate was incubated in the dark for 10 minutes at room temperature before reading (λ_{Ex} =360nm, λ_{Em} =470nm, Cutoff filter at 435nm).

TABLE 5: INHIBITION OF HISTONE DEACETYLASE*

Cpd	Name	HDAC-1 (µM)
6	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	a
12	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	a
23	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-1-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl) indoline-6-carboxamide	a
29	$\label{eq:linear_property} $$M\{2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)-henyl]-5-\{((3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-amino]methyl\}-1-benzofuran-2-carboxamide$	a
43	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(4-pyridin-3-ylpyrimidin-2-yl)amino]methyl}benzamide	a
50	N-[2-amino-5-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-[({6-[2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy]-1 H-benzimidazol-2-yl)thio)methyl]benzamide	а
67	(2E)trans-N-{2-amino-5-{2-thienyl)phenyl}-3-{4-{f((3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}phenyl)acrylamide	а
90	N-[2-amino-5-(3-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	a
91	N-[2-amino-5-(3-furanyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	а
92	N-[2-amino-5-(phenyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	a

Cpd	Name			
В	N-(2-amino-4,5-difluorophenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl]benzamide	(µM) b		
5	4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-(2-nitro-5-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide	С		
15	4-[(3,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-methyl]-N-(2-nitro-4-thiophen-2-yl-phenyl)-benzamide	С		
16	N-[2-amino-4-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	b		
18	N(2-amino-4-bromophenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	b		
32	4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}-N-[3-(2-thienyl)phenyl]benzamide	С		
33	4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}-N-{3-flurophenyl]benzamide	а		
34	N(3-amin0-2-naphthyl)-4-{((3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	С		
35	$eq:local_$	b		
36	N(2-amino-4,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	b		
61	N-(4-amino-5-phenyl-3-thienyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	С		
62	N(3-amin0-2,2'-bithien-4-yl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl]benzamide	С		
68	N-(2-amino-5-butylphenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	b		
69	N-(2-amino-5-butylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide	b		
71	N(2-amino-4-butylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide	С		
76	N-[2-amino-5-(3-hydroxyprop-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl]-4-[[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide	a		
87	N-(2-amino-5-bromophenyl)-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	b		
88	N-{2-amino-5-[(1£)-3-amino-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl]phenyl}-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl]benzamide	b		
93	N-[2-amino-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyll-4-{((3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl)benzamide;	d		
94	N-[2,6-diaminophenyl]-4-{[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]methyl}benzamide	b		

^{*}data above the bold line is for compounds having a planar ring structure para to the anilinyl amino (i.e., compounds of the invention); cells with two symbols are for results from two measurements.

a < 1; $1 \le b < 20$; $c \ge 20$; d=9999

Unless specified otherwise, in all the tables in this specification:

[0594] Tables 6A and 6b below display comparative data for the compounds of the invention demonstrating the increased HDAC-1 inhibitory activity resulting from incorporating a planar substituent.

Table 6A

Compound	STRUCTURE	HDAC-1 activity (µm)
AAA	MeO N N NH2	а
A	MeO H NH2	b
87	MeO NH2	b
6	Med	а
7	MeG Neg Neg	a
8	McC MHG	a

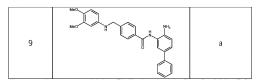
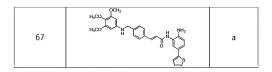


Table 6B

Compound	STRUCTURE	HDAC-1 Activity (µM)
XX		a
43		a
AAA	MeO H NH2	а
6	Meo H	a
QQ	MeC H NH2	b



Assav Example 2

Antineoplastic Effects of Histone Deacetylase Inhibitors on Human Tumor Xenografts In Vivo

[0595] Eight to ten week old female BCD1 mice (Taconic Labs, Great Barrington, NY) were injected subcutaneously in the flank area with 2 x 10⁶ preconditioned HCT116 human colorectal carcinoma cells, A549 human lung cancer, SW48 human colorectal cancer, A431 vulval caracinoma and colo205 human colorectal cancer. Preconditioning of these cells was done by a minimum of three consecutive tumor transplantations in the same strain of nude mice. Subsequently, tumor fragments of approximately 30 mgs were excised and implanted subcutaneously in mice, in the left flank area, under Forene anesthesia (Abbott Labs, Geneva, Switzerland). When the tumors reached a mean volume of 100 mm³, the mice were treated intravenously, subcutaneously, or intraperitoneally by daily injection, with a solution of the histone deacetylase inhibitor in an appropriate vehicle, such as PBS, DMSO/water, or Tween 80/water, at a starting dose of 10 mg/kg. The optimal dose of the HDAC inhibitor was established by dose response experiments according to standard protocols. Tumor volume was calculated every second day post infusion according to standard methods (e.g., Meyer et al., Int. J. Cancer 43: 851-856 (1989)). Treatment with the HDAC inhibitors according to the invention caused a significant reduction in tumor weight and volume relative to controls treated with vehicle only (i.e., no HDAC inhibitor). The results for histone deacetylase inhibitors compounds 6. 67, 258aa, and 43 are displayed in Figures 1-10.

Assav Example 3

Combined Antineoplastic Effect of Histone Deacetylase Inhibitors and Histone Deacetylase Antisense Oligonucleotides on Tumor Cells In Vivo

[0596] The purpose of this Example is to illustrate the ability of the combined use of a histone deacetylase inhibitor of the invention and a histone deacetylase antisense oligonucleotide to enhance

inhibition of tumor growth in a mammal. Preferably, the antisense oligonucleotide and the HDAC inhibitor inhibit the expression and activity of the same histone deacetylase.

[0597] Mice bearing implanted HCT116 tumors (mean volume 100 mm³) are treated daily with saline preparations containing from about 0.1 mg to about 30 mg per kg body weight of histone deacetylase antisense oligonucleotide. A second group of mice is treated daily with pharmaceutically acceptable preparations containing from about 0.01 mg to about 5 mg per kg body weight of HDAC inhibitor.

[0598] Some mice receive both the antisense oligonucleotide and the HDAC inhibitor. Of these mice, one group may receive the antisense oligonucleotide and the HDAC inhibitor simultaneously intravenously via the tail vein. Another group may receive the antisense oligonucleotide via the tail vein, and the HDAC inhibitor subcutaneously. Yet another group may receive both the antisense oligonucleotide and the HDAC inhibitor subcutaneously. Control groups of mice are similarly established which receive no treatment (e.g., saline only), a mismatch antisense oligonucleotide only, a control compound that does not inhibit histone deacetylase activity, and a mismatch antisense oligonucleotide with a control compound.

[0599] Tumor volume is measured with calipers. Treatment with the antisense oligonucleotide plus the histone deacetylase protein inhibitors according to the invention causes a significant reduction in tumor weight and volume relative to controls.

[0600] Table 6C provides data on inhibition of HDAC1 enzyme, on antiproliferative activities (HCT116 human colon cancer cells) of the compounds using 3-[4,5-dimethylthiazol-2yl-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium] bromide (MTT) assay, as well as induction of p21 WFL/Cip1 tumor suppressor gene.

Table 6C

Example	Compound	HD-1 μM	ΜΤΤ HCT116 μΜ	P21 (HCT116) μΜ
41a	143a	а	а	b
41b	143b	a	b	b
41c	143c	a	b	b
42	146	а	а	b
46	164	a	a	b
46cc	164cc	a	a	b
49	173	а	b	b
51	181	a	а	b

52	184	a	а	b
66	242	a	а	b
67e	245e	a	а	b
70a	256a	a	a	b
70b	256b	a	a	b
70c	256c	a	a	b
71d	258d	a	a	b
71aa	258aa	a	a	b
71cc	258cc	a	a	b
71hh	258hh	a	a	b
71mm	258mm	a	а	b
71nn	258nn	a	b	b
71pp	258pp	a	a	b
71qq	258qq	a	a	b
78	283	a	а	b
79	286	a	b	b
79aa	286aa	a	a	b
97	349	a	а	b

MTT Assav.

[0601] Compounds at various concentrations were added to human colon cancer HCT116 cells plated in 96-well plates. Cells were incubated for 72 hours at 37°C in 5% CO₂ incubator. MTT (3-[4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yll-2,5 diphenyl tetrazolium bromide, Sigma) was added at a final concentration of 0.5 mg/ml and incubated with the cells for 4 hours before an equal volume of solubilization buffer (50% N,N-dimethylformamide, 20% SDS, pH 4.7) was added onto cultured cells. After overnight incubation, solubilized dye was quantified by colorimetric reading at 570 nM using a reference at 630 nM. OD values were converted to cell numbers according to a standard growth curve of the relevant cell line. The concentration which reduces cell numbers to 50% of those of DMSO-treated cells is determined as MTT ICso.

$p21^{WAF1/Cip1} \ Assay.$

[0602] HCT116 cells were stably transfected with reporter plasmids encoding the p21 promoterdriven luciferase. Cells were treated with indicated concentration of HDAC inhibitors for 16 hours before cells were harvested and luciferase activity analyzed. The effective concentration (EC) of MS-275 was designated as 1 uM. The ability of HDAC inhibitor was compared with that of MS-275 (T. Suzuki, et. al J. Med. Chem., 1999, 3001-3003). Lower EC of a given compound indicates that this compound is more potent than MS-275 to induce p21 expression.